Rs. 185 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction.
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

VOL. VI. NO. 178 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1918. TWO ANNAS.

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London at frequent intervals.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf, and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to:

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.

Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet—167 Vessels. Gross Tonnage 462,000

The following regular services are maintained:—

(1) From Bombay to Japan Ports via Singapore and Hongkong.
(2) From Bombay to Marseilles via Djibouti and Port Said.
(3) From Bombay to Italian Ports via Port Said.

Freight and particulars of sailings can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

HOTEL.

BEST ACCOMMODATION FOR HIGH CLASS HINDOOS.
SHREE ARYA PATHIKA ASHRAM.
(BOARDING AND LODGING)
Girgaum Back Road, Parekh Wadi's Bungalow.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,350,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombasa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumu
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:—
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 23,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at
Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen, Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokio, Tsingtao.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Re. 1.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £900,000
Reserve Fund £90,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.)
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.)
J. C. Georges Boillat, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Bromley-Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.)
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.
BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors. $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $19,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.
BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kawla Lumpor	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkew
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Teingtau
Hankow	New York	Yloilo
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £582,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £582,500
Reserve Fund £650,000

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest there on as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. A. ROBERTSON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay

COME TO THE WAR LOAN BUREAU
ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY
Where you can buy
WAR BONDS
AND CASH CERTIFICATES
at any hour from 10-30 a.m. to 3-30 p.m. & 4-30 to 5.30 p.m.
AND INSPECT
THE EXHIBITION OF
WAR LOAN POSTERS.
Open from 10-30 a.m till 7 o.m

BANKING

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 22,500,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 5,680,000

HEAD OFFICE
TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

LONDON	SHANGHAI	TOKIO
NEW YORK	HONGKONG	OSAKA
AMOY	SINGAPORE	KOBE
CANTON	SOERABAIA	YOKOHAMA
FOOCHOW	SEMARANG	AKO
HANKOW	BATAVIA	GIRAN
KIUKIANG	MAKUNG	KAGI
SWATOW	PINAN	KARENKO
TAINAN	SHINCHIKU	KEELUNG
TAKOW	TAICHU	TAMSUI

The Bank has also a large number of Correspondents at Home and Abroad.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

Fixed Deposits are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. TAKEMURA,
Manager.

39, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,39,102	14	6
Reserve Funds	11,60,777	8	5

HEAD OFFICE.—LAHORE.
Branches:
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jummu, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3 3/4 per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are brought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

E. C. MULICK,
Manager.

THE ANNUAL GRAND
CLEARANCE SALE
OF
OVER 2,000 VARIETIES OF OUR
SILK AND EMBROIDERY
NOW IN FULL SWING
Our reductions will surprise you.
Every day lost is your disadvantage.
A VISIT WILL SAVE YOU A LOT OF MONEY.
Do not therefore miss this opportunity.
AHMED E. ESAALI
EMPIRE BUILDING
HORNBY ROAD.

BANKING

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
Temporary Office—Wallace Street, FORT, Bombay.
BRANCH—CALCUTTA.
London Agents:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ...	12,00,00,000/-
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	7,00,00,050/-
PAID-UP CAPITAL	69,76,745/-

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman.
Sir Sassoon David, Bart.
Sir R. N. Mookerjee, K.C.I.E.
Sir Francis Stewart, Kt.
Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., LL.D.
R. D. Tata, Esq.
F. E. Dinshaw, Esq.
F. C. Rimington, Esq.
Narottam Morarjee, Esq.
Hajee Gulam Mahomed Ajum, Esq.
The Hon'ble Mr. Purshottamdas Thakordas
A. J. Bilimoria, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000/- at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum. If the balance to the credit of any account does not fall below Rs. 25,000/- at any time between 1st January and 30th June, interest will be allowed during that period at 2½ per cent. per annum. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3/- half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASE AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and exchange business undertaken.

JAMES MACPHAIL,
Acting General Manager.

THE
SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 22,500,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 8,600,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.
BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Kyoto	San Francisco
Hakata	London	Seattle
Hankau	Moji	Shanghai
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Shimonoseki
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

J. SATO, Manager.

P. O. Box No. 389.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

PRABHAKAR SHILOTRI & CO., LIMITED.
BANKERS.
109, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

Receive funds in Current Savings and Deposit Accounts, Grant Advances on Government Paper, Shares and Stocks, Gold and Silver Ornaments and easily marketable commodities and on commercial credit of customers known to us for a long time, effect purchase and sale of Securities and collect interest and dividends. Apply to:—

Dr. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI,
M.A., Ph. D.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs.	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	12,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

INSURANCE

FREE OF COST

POST OFFICE 5-YEAR CASH CERTIFICATES.

A scheme for the FREE PRESENTATION OF POST OFFICE 5-YEAR CASH CERTIFICATES

CONDITIONS.

(i) The first premiums on life assurance proposals accepted by the BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., will be entitled to a rebate of 33 1/3 per cent., which rebate will be handed over to the Assured invested in Post Office 5-Year Cash Certificates, free-of-cost.
(ii) The applications for assurances should reach the Head Office direct from the applicants.
(iii) The first premium, to secure the best advantage should be annual. Premiums can also be half-yearly, quarterly or monthly for which the Company will not levy any extra charges.
(iv) Applications should be for Rs. 5,000 maximum and Rs. 1,000 minimum, and, the systems selected. Whole Life, Limited Payments and Endowment and Double Endowment Policies.

N.B.—Intending applicants are requested to take advantage of the scheme before Government closes issue of these certificates.

For further particulars apply to

RASTAM P. KAPADIA,
Secretary.

Britannia Life Office,
35, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

924

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).
Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.
Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.
For Prospectus and further particulars—
Apply to—
SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
112, Esplanade Road, Fort.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Wanted," "To be Let," "For Sale" and other sundry Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be strictly prepaid:

Advertisements not exceeding 20 words **Re. 1** *per insertion; every additional word* **one anna.**

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Rs. 6 per inch, Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Rs. 1-8 per inch. No display allowed.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,

"Bombay Chronicle" Office,

No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION.

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY.
Yearly ..	.. Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly	.. „ 16-0	„ 18-0
Quarterly	.. „ 8-0	„ 9-0
Monthly	.. „ 3-0	„ 3-8
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

SUNDAY EDITION.

	LOCAL. UP-COUNTRY.	
Yearly ..	..Rs. 5-0	Rs. 6-0
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

INDISPENSABLE FOR MATRICULATION STUDENTS—Tennyson's "ENOCH ARDEN" annotated by Prof. R. K. LAGU, M.A., with introduction, notes, summary, paraphrase and appendices. It contains life of the Poet, history of the poem, excellencies and defects of the story, characters style, meter and also judgments of famous critics. All difficult words, phrases, references, allusions fully explained. Highest authorities consulted. Price Re. 1-8-0. Can be had of all principal Booksellers or from the PROGRESSIVE PRINTING WORKS, Girgaum, Bombay. 952

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR MOTOR CAR DEALERS and REPAIRERS for Motor accessories and spare parts such as Brake lining of all sizes, English and American Threads Sparking Plugs, Electric and Acetylene Lamps, Hose pipes and clips, High tension and Low tension Wire, Large stock of Pump and Gas rubber tubing, Zenith and White and Poppie Carburettors, Big stock of Press Buttons, plated an Brass spare parts for Ford and Overland Cars Model 83, Piston Ring of Buick, Oldsmobile, Overland, and Hudson Cars, Horns and H. F. Vulcanizing materials, etc., etc., for sale at a very moderate price at BRITISH INDIA MOTOR CAR CO., New Queen's Road, Bombay. 1073

CORNS—No excruciating pains after using NORTON COMPANY'S CORN CURE for six days, guaranteed. BLOOD MIXTURE—Restores impure blood to the original purity. One bottle has the effect of ½ dozen bottles of Sarsaparillas so sold. NORTON COMPANY'S Reliable Specifics:—Female Friend, Leucorrhea Cure, Lung Balm for chronic cough, Hair-Dye, Spermatorrhea Cure, etc. Catalogue Free. NORTON COMPANY, Cheera Bazar, Bombay. 914

A UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY for business men and students to learn foreign languages, e.g., French, German, Italian, Latin, etc., at a small expense and in a short time. For terms, etc., apply Box No. 591 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 844

STUDENTS OF FINE ARTS! The latest scientific training of Italian Academies brought nearer home. Don't lose the golden opportunity. Apply immediately to the PRINCIPAL, the Academical and Scientific Training College of Fine Arts, 21, Kalbadevi Road. 528

REPAIRS TO MOTOR CARS of every description as also coach and paint work undertaken and carried out remarkably well by RELIANCE MOTOR WORKS, LTD., Lamington Road, Bombay. 944

EVERYTHING CHEAP and the best is sold daily or auctioned on every FRIDAY, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), at MEHTA & CO., 25 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. 1

EDUCATIONAL.

WANTED—TUITIONS by an EXPERT in spinning, weaving and dyeing. Guarantees sound, practical and theoretical knowledge in the above subjects. For further particulars and terms apply to Box No. 434, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 310

ALEXANDRA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE—Most popular in India for expert coaching for Higher Commercial and Accountancy Diplomas of London, opp. Whiteaway. 953

A RARE OPPORTUNITY—SPECIAL MATRICULATION MATHEMATICS CLASSES will be conducted by the Principal, THE EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL, personally, one hour daily, at convenient times. Our object being to help the poorest students, we have kept the fees very low (Rs. 20 for the full course for the whole year or Rs. 3 per month.) Our Matriculation Classes have begun their regular work. Enrolment daily. 259/261, Hornby Road, Opp. Cox & Co., Fort.

MISCELLANEOUS

ALL COMMUNICATIONS to Prof. T. K. GAJJAR should be addressed at LUXMI BHUVAN, China Baug, Girgaum, Bombay. 951

SITUATIONS VACANT.

LINO OPERATORS—Wanted good quick LINOTYPE OPERATORS. Only fully qualified and competent men need apply. Piece-work system. Apply Box 1000A, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—Expert HINDOO TAXI DRIVERS sharp, knowing English, and mechanics with testimonials. Apply Box No. 621, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 949

WANTED—An experienced MANAGING CLERK by a Firm of Solicitors. Apply stating terms to Box No. 622, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 954

WANTED—A qualified SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON for Vadia State. Pay Rs. 35—60. Retired man preferred. Apply C. M. O. JETPUR (Kathiawar). 929

WANTED—A CLERK, having thorough knowledge of English and experience of Custom, Bank, Docks, etc., VARDHMAN & SONS, Pydhonie, Bombay No. 3. 950

WANTED—A GRADUATE or UNDER-GRADUATE GUJARATI TEACHER with S. L. French. Apply Box No. 617, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 940

WANTED—A READER for a gentleman for one hour in the morning. Apply stating qualifications and expected salary to Box No. 625, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 961

WANTED AT ONCE—An energetic EUROPEAN GIRL as a SALESMAN Apply to the WEST END SHOES MART, opposite Royal Opera, New Queens Road, Shop No. 7. 918

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A CORRESPONDENCE CLERK (Typist preferred). Apply personally to THE ORIGINAL INDO FOREIGN AGENCY, 3-7, Homji Street, between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. 921

WANTED—A competent LADY SUB ASSISTANT SURGEON. Salary Rs. 65 rising to Rs. 100 p.m., free quarters or house rent Rs. 10 p.m. Apply immediately with copies of testimonials to CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Baroda State. 908

WANTED—An ASSISTANT SURGEON for Rao Sanatorium (near Indore) for Tuberculosis. Salary Rs. 150 rising to 250. Free quarters. Apply with testimonials to the STATE SURGEON, Indore (Central India). 905

WANTED—For a local Mill, an experienced STORE-KEEPER and one GUJARATI BOOK-KEEPER, having experience of Mill line. Apply with testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 623, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 957

WANTED—A MECHANICAL ENGINEER to take charge of our Ginning Factory having Marshall's compound trip gear engine. One specially experienced in repair work need only apply. Pay according to qualifications. PYARE LAL, Manager, Cotton Ginning Co., Ld., Khanna Distt., Ludhiana. 943

WANTED—HEAD CLERK for Stores Department in Important Engineering concern in Bombay. Only men with thorough knowledge of routine need apply with copies of testimonials, details of experience and salary expected to Box No. 619, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 947

WANTED—A GRADUATE in Science salary Rs. 60 rising to Rs. 80. Also wanted provisionally a GRADUATE (honours) knowing Sanskrit. Salary Rs. 70. Service pensionable, D. K. GUPTE, Head Master, High School, Nandod, Rajpipla State. 903

WANTED—A B. COM. for the Marwadi Commercial School, Bombay, on Rs. 70—80 per mensem. Knowledge of Hindi essential. Apply to PRINCIPAL, Fanaswadi, Bombay No. 2. 892

WANTED—A GRADUATE (fresh men preferred) under 30 to take charge as head of an important Department. Salary Rs. 100, Good prospects for a capable hard working young men, Parsi preferred. Apply Box No. 602, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 878

WANTED—A LADY TEACHER, preferably Hindu, to teach English, Gujarati, Embroidery and if possible, Music also, to a married Hindu Lady for three to four hours a day. Salary according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 586, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 829

WANTED—A SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON, of at least five years' standing, for State Hospital, Manavadar. Pay Rs. 40—5—75 p.m. Apply stating age, experience and caste to JATTASHANKER, S. SHAH, Chief Medical Officer, Manavadar. 794

WANTED—for Calcutta, a CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, well-versed in English and Gujarati correspondence of mercantile line. Salary according to qualifications. Only men having very good experience need apply personally to Messrs. CURRIMBHOY LALLJEE SAJUN & Co. Carnac Bunder. 926

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By a young Hindoo EXTRA WORK either copying, typing or correspondence. Apply Box No. 618, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 945

25 years long experienced First Class Mechanical Engineer M.I.M.E., also experience of mill throughout, seeks better chance as Engineer in Local mill, present working as Chief Engineer. Apply Box No. 532, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 651

WANTED.

WANTED—Two grey pairs (Walers, Arabs or country-bred) 14-15 hands, broken to harness, sound, young, showy and in good condition. Send full particulars to Box No. 612, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 906

WANTED—SHUNT-WOUND, DIRECT CURRENT DYNAMO, 55 to 110 Volts and 300 to 500 Amperes. Quote sharp with detailing specifications to—The ELECTRO-METAL REFINING Co., Ltd., 3053, Richey Road, Ahmedabad. 464

WANTED—AGENCIES from Indian manufacturers, Steamships and Insurance Companies, etc., to represent them in Bombay and Africa. Please apply to The ZANZIBAR AGENCY and ORIENT TRADING Co., 15, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. 518

WANTED.

WANTED—LOOMS 56in. to 64in. Reed Space in good working order. Apply to POPATLAL GIRDHARLAL & Co., Mandvi Street, Ahmedabad. 925

WANTED—Manufacturers to know that D. MANNINGS & CO., Medows Street, Bombay, are willing to take Agencies for Provisions, Hosiery, Perfumery, Tobaccos etc. 902

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One BOWL CALENDER MACHINE complete. Apply DAWOODBHOY NOORBHOY CHOONIA, Kamatipura, No. 66, Bombay, 8. 939B

FOR SALE—Two Babcock and Willcox Boiler, n. h. p. 24, 160 lbs. Bombay delivery. Apply DAWOODBHOY NOORBHOY CHOONIA, Kamatipura, No. 66, Bombay, 8. 939A

FOR SALE—Ten horse power portable ENGINE with boiler by Marshall, One Ton Ice Machine, West's Patent, Ether Process, incomplete. Apply Box No. 626, Bombay Chronicle." 962

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES, 9lbs. net for Rs. 4 by V. P. parcel post, all charges included, CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Panjab. 629

FOR SALE—A COTTON BALING PRESS, complete, worked six months. Almost new machinery. Apply Box No. 593, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 847

FOR SALE—12 H.P. four cylinder SWIFT CAR with bosch magneto in good running order, Rs. 4,500. Please offer to Box No. 610, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 896

FOR SALE—300 lbs. ASPIRIN (Acetyl-Salicylic Acid), made in Germany by Ghee. Apply for particulars to BRISTOL DISPENSARY, Hill Road, BANDRA (Bombay). 752

FOR SALE—Four cylinder, five seater 30 H. P., E. M. F. CAR with Bosch magneto, in working order, Rs. 4,000. Please write to Box No. 609, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 895

FOR SALE—Hudson six 40 H. P. self starter DYNAMO, besides magneto fitted and running as a taxi with seven seater body for Rs. 10,000 or near offer to Box No. 608, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 894

FOR SALE—ELECTRIC MOTOR A. C. 15 H.P. with Oil Switch Regulator Slide Rails Pulley, very little used. Price Rs. 3,000. Apply Box No. 627, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 965

FOR SALE—Two DYNAMOS, one Dynamo Combine Steam Engine 110 volt., 250 Amps, 500 Rvcs, one Dynamo 110 volt., 200 Amps, 450 Rvcs. Apply DAWOODBHOY NOORBHOY CHOONIA, Kamatipura, No. 66, Bombay 8. 939C

FOR SALE—One LANCASHIRE BOILER, 30' by 7½', 165 lbs. pressure in good working order; maker Thomas Baley of Manchester. For prices and particulars apply Box No. 624, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 958

FOR SALE—MOTOR CYCLE with sidecar in good order. Maker Rudge Multe 1914, 3½ H. P. Price Rs. 1,400 or any good offer. Apply M. M. KARBHARI, Dattoo's Building, Queens Road 933

FOR SALE—One Jost's Popular RADIO FAN, worked by Kerosine Oil Lamp, size of Fan Blades 21 inches New one in perfect order, for Rs. 140 Apply Box No. 615 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 927

FOR SALE—HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE of 25 N. H. P., complete with feed pump, (2) Worthington type Boiler feed pump, (3) Water heater, (4) Two Single Gin openers. For particulars apply to S. R. SATHE & Co., 18, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay. 854

FOR SALE—8 ft., 10 ft., 12 ft. Lathe verticle BOILER, 11 n.h.p. 80lbs. pressure, 6 n.h.p. Engine, combined by Marshall, n.h.p. Portable Steam Engine 80 lbs. pressure by John Fowler, Soda Water Machine, capacity 100 dozens per day. English make, Explaining Machines, etc., etc. Particulars from, THE BHARAT ENGINEERING CO. Cawnpore. 901

FOR SALE—Complete FOUNDRY Equipment—Steam and Oil Engines and Boilers, Lathes, Blowers, Drilling and Punching Machines, Galvanized corrugated Roofings, Rails and Trusses, Smithy and workshop Tools. Metal and Hardware goods of all kinds.

Please apply to:

HAJEE ABDUL
WAHAB ABDUL KHUDOOS & CO.,
General Hardware Stores,
35, 37, Thumbu Chetty Street,
747 MADRAS.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs
Remington No. 10, Visible	200
Remington No. 8, Brief Size	125
Remington No. 7, Fine	125
Empire No. 1, Latest Portable	125
Underwood No. 5, Two-colors, Latest	165
Smith Premier No. 10 Vis. Latest	165
Blick No. 5, with Case complete	110
Oliver No. 5, Factory Rebuilt	
Remingtons No. 10, 11 Foolscap & Brief.	
Gujarati Remington No. 9, Like new	200
Remington Urdu Excellent	150
National Portable No. 3, New	180
Empire No. 2 Latest	150

All Typewriter and Office Supplies stocked. Repairs to All Makes of Typewriters.
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO.,
36 (B), Churchgate Street,
Fort, Bombay.
Tele: "Writertype."

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Sun No. 2, Visible, Portable,	60
Empire No. 1, Visible, Portable, Fine	110
Adler, Visible, Portable, L. Case,	150
Sun No. 2, Visible, Portable, L. Case,	160
Underwood No. 5, Latest, 2 Colours,	190
Oliver No. 5, not much used,	225
Oliver No. 5, Factory Rebuilt,	
Oliver No. 6, Policy Size, 96 Characters,	235
Remington No. 11, Decimal Tabulators,	235
Remington No. 10, Factory Rebuilt	
Gujarati Remington No. 9, almost new,	200
National Portable, New, Improved Model, just arrived, with Leatherette Case,	180

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road,
Bombay.

FOR SALE.

ANIMALS FOR SALE—One full grown LIONESS and three CUBS, six months old, ten OSTRICH CHICKS, about six months old. Apply SUPERINTENDENT, State Gardens, Baroda. 888

FOR SALE—One LANCASHIRE BOILER 24 by 6½ by 80 lbs. pressure. Portable Boiler only for steam use and one Chimney 48' by 2½' all in one lot nett Rs. 5,200 delivery at Anand Spot. Apply D. ROYHARIYA & Co., opp. Round Temple, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 956

FOR SALE—Complete HYDRAULIC OIL and 150 lbs. YARN BALE PRESS, with one pumping Vertical Engine, in sound condition; best opportunity to oil mill and spinning mill owners. Two Lancashire Boilers by Nasmyth Wilson 25ft. by 6½ft. by 75 lbs. 24ft. by 6½ft. by 110 lbs. pressures, in sound condition. One Horizontal High Pressure, non-condensing, automatic Ex. Gear, Steam Engine 15in. by 30in. by Ruston Proctor, Rope Gearing. Apply D. ROYHARIYA & Co., opp. Round Temple, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 764

FOR SALE—GRINDING MILLS 18in. 2 P. P., 1 Marshall, 1 Sardar, one 14in. Marshalls and Lister, 9 Rudsack Single and Double New Ploughs, 1 Punching and Cutting Machine small, one Oil Engine "Victoria" 7½ H.P. complete, one Oil Engine R. Proctor 25 H.P., 2 Centrifugal Pumps 6in., two Oil Cleaning Machines, one Self-Starter Pressure 200 lbs. with Fittings all in sound and working condition. Apply D. ROYHARIYA and Co., opposite Round Temple, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 955

TO BE LET.

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder, Rooms facing Yacht Club, and Apollo Pier Road, Rents from Rs. 27 to Rs. 125. Apply to MANAGER. 410

SHOW ROOMS for motor cars and stone floored big godowns TO LET, Raval Building, Lamington Road. 601

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF MACHINERY including Engine, Boiler Shafting, Disentegrator, Pulverizer, Press, and Filter press, suitable for the manufacture of Porcelain Tiles is for sale. For full particulars appy to,—

THE OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR.
The Eureka Porcelain Works. Ld.,
(in liquidation),
Chamberlain Road, Lahore. 942

MACHINERY FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.

	Rs.
ONE ROLLER Flour Mill 10 sack, complete for	1,25,000
One Ice Plant 10 tons ether system, complete for	30,000
40 Cotton Gins Platt Brothers, complete for	25,000
One Cotton Opener Double, complete for	2,000
One Cotton Baling Press Wilson's Patent, complete for	70,000
Fifteen Engelburgh's Rice Hulling machines complete for	4,000
Five Atta Grinding Chakkies 3½ft. and 3¼ft. complete for	1,000
One Boiler 30ft. by 7½ft. Alex. Shanks 165 lb. pressure complete for	30,000
One Boiler 28ft. by 7ft. Tinker Shenton's 140 lb. pressure, complete for	25,000
One Engine Ruston Proctor's 200 H. P. complete for	25,000
One Engine Benj. Goodfellow's 300 H.P. complete for	30,000
One Green's Economiser complete for...	4,000

Please apply sharp to avoid disappointment.

GIRDHAR LAL,
680 Chattiwind Gate, Amritsar.

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

WAR PURPOSES BOARD.

THE following temporary establishment on consolidated pay is required:—

GENERAL DEPARTMENT:—3 SENIOR CLERKS, 1 Correspondence and 1 Dispatching Clerk, 1 Typist.

NATIONAL SERVICE BRANCH:—1 SHORTHAND-TYPIST, capable of doing general office work.

PUBLICITY BRANCH:—1 SHORTHAND-TYPIST, 1 CORRESPONDENCE and 1 DISPATCHING CLERK.

Application with copies of testimonials attached to be submitted, in writing only, to

THE DEPUTY SECRETARY
(Establishment,)
War Purposes Board, Secretariat,
BOMBAY. 889

NOTICE.

THE SIR WAGHJI WADHWAN CAMP MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 22nd ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 121, Medows Street, on MONDAY, 5th August, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1917.
2. To pass a Resolution in regard to the disposal of the profits made in the year 1917 as recommended by the Directors.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Karsondas Jamnadas Gandhi as a Director.
5. To appoint two Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Agents.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

MOTEE JETHA & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Bombay, 6th July, 1918.

N. B.—NOTICE is hereby given that, the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, will be CLOSED from 5th August 1918 to 19th August, 1918, both days inclusive. 928

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the members of the above-named Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 3-4, Medows Street, Fort, at 6-0 p.m. (S. T.), on SATURDAY, the 3rd August, 1918, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st December, 1917.
2. To confirm the appointment of the Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah (Chairman), Mr. M. S. Captain, Mr. Ratansi D. Morarji, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai, Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Mr. M. R. Jayakar and Mr. J. D. Mahluxmivala, as Directors of the Company.
3. To appoint Directors in place of Messrs. Ambalal Sarabhai and M. S. Captain who retire under Arts. 105 and 106 of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint auditors for a quarterly audit, at a remuneration to be fixed by the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOK of the Company will be CLOSED from 27th July, 1918, to 10th August, 1918, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
K. H. EDWARDS,
Manager.

Bombay, 24th July, 1918.

THE SYDENHAM COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & ECONOMICS, BOMBAY.

1. A course of six lectures on "The Economics of Indian Railways" will be given at the above College by Mr. Mohan Lal Tannan, B. Com. (Birm.), on FRIDAY at 6 p.m., beginning on August 9th.

FEE Rs. 3.

Applications for tickets of admission should be sent to the Principal at an early date.

2. A course of six lectures on "The conditions of industrial progress in India" will also be given IN GUJARATI on MONDAYS at 6-15 p.m., beginning on August 5th by Mr. Hiralal L. Kaji, M.A., B.Sc. Admission to this course, which is intended for the general public, will be free. 946

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NARAYAN BALAJI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, the sole Surviving Executor of the last Will and Testament of the late Mr. BALAJI PANDURANG deceased contracted to sell to our client Mr. GOVERDHANDAS PURSHOTAMDAS, also of the same place Hindu Inhabitant, the land hereditaments with the Bungalow out-houses and structures thereon situate at Mahableshwar known as the Victoria Cottage more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim or demand to or upon the said land hereditaments and premises or any part or parts thereof by way of inheritance, succession, gift, mortgage, charge, sale, use, trust, possession, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, situate at No. 89, Medows Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within (14) fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage tenement or bungalow known as Victoria Cottage with the out-houses built or standing thereon, situate on the Mahableshwar Hill, in the Registration Sub-District of Satara and assessed by the Malcompeth Committee under No. and containing by admeasurement five acres and thirty-three goonthas or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and described and particularly denoted as property No. 74 in a certain Map or Plan of the said Mahableshwar Hill deposited in the Office of the Collector of Satara and which said piece of land hereditaments and premises are bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by Survey Nos. 54 and 56, on or towards the West partly by the public Road and partly by Survey Nos. 134 and 36, on or towards the North partly by the Public Road and partly by Survey No. 134 and on or towards the South by Survey Nos. 36 and 67 and which said land hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Narayan Balaji as such sole surviving Executor as aforesaid.

Dated, this 26th day of July, 1918.

NANU HORMASJEE & Co.,
969 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RUTTONSHAW RUSTOMJI DARUWALLA and SORABJI RUSTOMJI DARUWALLA have contracted to sell to our client Dr. MAHOMED IBRAHIM KHATKHATAY, the undermentioned property. All persons therefore having any claim in or to the said property by way of inheritance, bequest, gift, charge, mortgage, lien, lease, sale, trust or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 2994¾ square yards or thereabouts which prior to the recent survey bore Survey No. 180 and Pot Nos. 7, 9, 4, 3, 8, 5, 2, 6, and 10 and Survey No. 181, Pot No. 1 and now bears Survey No. 240 of Danda together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bandra under No. 21 and 22, all which premises are situate at Palli Road, Danda, Bandra, in the Taluka of Salsette and Zilla Thana in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and are bounded, on or towards the East by a Dhurband the properties of D'Almeida and Doming DeCruz and also of the land lately of Jao Barges, on or towards the West by the land formerly of Adurji Bejonji Nalvala and now of Fardunji Cavasji Kapadia and the lands of Doming Abie and Antonie Barges, on or towards the South by the land lately of Gasper and now of Cursetji Cooverji Mody and on or towards the North by a Dhurband and land formerly of Antonie Borges then of Adurji Bejonji Nalvala and now of Fardunji Cavasji Kapadia.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1918.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
970

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NARAYAN BALAJI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, the sole Surviving Executor of the last Will and Testament of the late Mr. BALAJI PANDURANG deceased contracted to sell to our client Mr. GOVERDHANDAS PURSHOTAMDAS, also of the same place Hindu Inhabitant, the land hereditaments with the Bungalow out-houses and structures thereon situate at Mahableshwar known as the Victoria Cottage more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim or demand to or upon the said land hereditaments and premises or any part or parts thereof by way of inheritance, succession, gift, mortgage, charge, sale, use, trust, possession, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, situate at No. 89, Medows Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within (14) fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage tenement or bungalow known as Victoria Cottage with the out-houses built or standing thereon, situate on the Mahableshwar Hill, in the Registration Sub-District of Satara and assessed by the Malcompeth Committee under No. and containing by admeasurement five acres and thirty-three goonthas or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and described and particularly denoted as property No. 74 in a certain Map or Plan of the said Mahableshwar Hill deposited in the Office of the Collector of Satara and which said piece of land hereditaments and premises are bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by Survey Nos. 54 and 56, on or towards the West partly by the public Road and partly by Survey Nos. 134 and 36, on or towards the North partly by the Public Road and partly by Survey No. 134 and on or towards the South by Survey Nos. 36 and 67 and which said land hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Narayan Balaji as such sole surviving Executor as aforesaid.

Dated, this 26th day of July, 1918.

NANU HORMASJEE & Co.,
969 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DOSSABHAI HORMASJEE CONTRACTOR, of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant, has contracted to sell to our client Hurukchand Amulakh of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claims or demands upon or to the said land hereditaments and premises or any of them or any part thereof either by way of inheritance, gift, use, trust, sale, mortgage, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned as the Purchaser's Attorneys at their Office No. 89, Medows Street, Fort, or to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground, situate on the West side of Garden Lane, on the Sandhurst Road (West) Estate of the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, which piece of land has been computed to contain a total area of one thousand one hundred and seven square yards or thereabouts and which is bounded on the North by Plot No. 46 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Rustomji Fakerji Damania, on the East by Garden Lane aforesaid, on the South by Plot No. 44 of the said Estate and on the West by other land of the Board proposed to be laid out as a garden which said piece of land hereby demised is known as Plot No. 45 of the said Estate together with the building consisting of a ground and two upper floors and the stables and coach house now standing thereon and which said premises bear New Survey No. 7396 (part of) and are assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 1850 (6), 1850 (7), and 1850 (8) Street Nos. 3 E 3 F and 3 G.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1918.

NANU HORMASJEE & Co.,
966 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between FRAMROZE PESTONJI MADON and MANILAL GORDHANDAS carrying on business of Cinematograph at the Junction of Sandhurst Road and Khetwady Main Road without the Fort of Bombay, under the style or firm of THE GLOBE CINEMA and MADON AND SHA has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 25th day of July, 1918, so far as concerns the said Framroz Pestonji Madon, who retires from the said firm. All debts due to and owing by the said firm will be received and paid respectively by the said Manilal Gordhandas who will continue to carry on the said business alone as absolute owner under the style or firm of "The Globe Cinema."

Dated at Bombay this 25th day of July, 1918.

FORBES & CO.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Framroz Pestonji Madon and Manilal Gordhandas. 935

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1913.

and

In the matter of the MacDonald Hosiery Mills Ltd. (In Liquidation).

VICAJI N. TARAPOREWALLA ...Petitioner.

and

R. D. SETHNA .....Official Liquidator.

THE creditors of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 4th day of August, 1918, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Attorneys (if any) to R. D. Sethna, Official Liquidator of the said Company at his Office at Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay and if so required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidator, or in person or by their attorneys to come in and prove their said debts or claims, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

The 10th day of August, 1918, at 11-30 o'clock in the noon before the Honourable the Sitting Judge in Chambers, High Court, Bombay, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.

Dated this 23rd day of July, 1918.

R. D. SETHNA,
Official Liquidator.
893

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHAVAKSHAW BOMANJI RUMWALA and DARABSHAW BOMANJI RUMWALA, both of Ghatcoper Parsi Inhabitants, have contracted to sell to our client HUSSONALLY HAKIMJI VANKANERWALLA, of Bombay, Born Inhabitant the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any claims or demands upon or to the said land hereditaments and premises or any of them or any part thereof either by way of inheritance, gift, use, trust, sale, mortgage, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned as the Purchaser's Attorneys at their Office No. 89, Medows Street, Fort, or to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of land with the bungalow out-houses, a well and trees standing thereon, situate at Ghatcoper Turf Trombay, in the Taluka of Trombay in the Thana Collectorate, containing by admeasurement (17,600) seventeen thousand square yards or thereabouts and bearing the Survey Numbers and according to the particulars mentioned in the subjoined table.

Survey No.	Plot No.	Falni No.
Part of 1	1 and 3	..
126	2 to 4	2 to 7
127	1	,,

BOUNDARIES.

East by the private road belonging to the Vendors, West by the Government Land bearing Survey No. 136, North by the property of the Vendors and on or towards the South by the property of Mustafa bin Abdul Latiff.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1918.

NANU HORMASJEE & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

968

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai SAKUBAI, widow of Dhondoo Rama of Bombay, has contracted to sell to our client the property situate at Chandanwady, outside the Fort of Bombay, mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any claim against the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, easement or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 40, Medows Street, Fort, within fourteen days from the date hereof. Otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground, situate in the oart called Chandanwady, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (165 2/9) one hundred and sixty-five and two-ninth square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Hirjibhai Hormasji Sethna, on or towards the West by the private passage or lane belonging to the premises now being described, on or about the North by the property of Motibai widow and on or towards the South by the property of Rama Appaji and which said premises were formerly registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under No. 580 and New Survey No. 8226 and are now registered under Collector's Old No. 580 Collector's New No. 2770, Old Survey No. 69, and New Survey No. 8226 and were formerly assessed by the Municipality under No. 88 and are now assessed under Ward No. 3222 and Street No. 6 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the vendor and her tenants.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1918.

CHITNIS MOTILAL & KANGA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
960

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai LAXMIBAI, wife of Yeshwantrao Anandrao Shambhu has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having or claiming any estate, title, interest, claim or demand in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, charge, mortgage, sale, gift, lien, lease, trust, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office No. 1, Hamum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Rates and Taxes of the Municipality of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim or claims, if any, which shall then be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the building standing thereon situate, lying and being at Mahim Lady Jamshedji Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 3,262 square yards or thereabouts and entered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 162, 126 and 411, New No. 3659 and Old Survey Nos. 129-130 and New Survey No. 1/136 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 5699 (3) and 5700 and Street Nos. 175 B and 176 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on the East by the property of Bazina Lopes, on the West by the property of Kashinath Mangesh Hate and on the North by the property of Sorabji Vacha Ghandhy and on the South by the property of Mr. R. P. Lobo.

Dated the 26th day of July, 1918.

SOONDERDAS & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
963

DEPOSITORS OF
THE PEOPLE'S BANK
AND
THE AMRITSAR BANK
(*in Liquidation*)
desirous of selling their CLAIMS will please communicate with:—
TARACHAND GABA,
ICE FACTORY,
BHATINDA (Patiala State.

LEGAL NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of KANJI KALA alias KANJI KARA, broker, late of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, ... Deceased.

1. VANDRAVAN VALJI, 2. MORARJI DAMODAR, both of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, merchants, residing at Vithalwady, outside the Fort and 3. VASSANJI PURSHOTUM also of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Popatwady, outside the Fort and KASTURBAI, widow of Kanji Kala, the deceased abovenamed also of Bombay, Bhatia Inhabitant, residing at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty-second day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and eighteen and in the ninth year of our reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Acting Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 22nd day of July, 1918.

Messrs. JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS.
971 Petitioner's Attorneys.

SALE BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS TO INVEST IN MICA AND MINERALS.

AUCTION SALE of the Mining Right and Interest and Machinery, Tools, Plants and Stocks of the Rajputana Mica and Minerals Co., Ld. (in Voluntary Liquidation).

Under instructions from W. C. Morley, Esq., the Liquidator of the Rajputana, Mica and Minerals Co., Ld. (in Voluntary liquidation), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 6th day of August, 1918, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Auction Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard, Fort, Bombay, the Mining Right and interest and machinery, tools, plants and stocks of the Rajputana Mica and Minerals Co., Ld., (in Voluntary liquidation.)

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Undersigned.

On MONDAY, the 29th day of July, 1918, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite to the Government Dockyard, and next to the Great Western Hotel, Fort, horses, carriages and bicycles at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), and new designed furniture and sundry articles at 3 p.m. (S.T.):—

Furniture such as blackwood rich carved especially made-to-order drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, panel door almyrahs, cupboards, chairs, fancy teapoys, writing tables, glassware, etc.

The property of a European Lady:—

Diamond and ruby ring, 12 glass power binocular by Lawrence and Mayo, vest pocket automatic folding, detective "Kodak" camera, table cutlery, silver mounted fish knife and fork, complete set of spoons and forks by Treacher & Co., in case, silver barometer and wrist watch, plateware such as entry dish, fruit dish, napkin rings; also dinning table, English design arm chairs, iron and brass double cot with wire mattress, 2 large tents, carpenter's machine etc.

By order of the Office concerned:—

V. B. 38, 41, 43, 44-4 drums, Theonal Black C.

By order of B. N. Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Hassanbhoy Dattoo Thaner, Insolvent:—

Office furniture such as cupboard, Chairs, tables, teapoy, easy chair, bench etc.

AT 2-30 P.M.

1 rubber-tyred glass-fronted miniature office brougham and office shigram.

1 rubber-tyred handsome victoria.

1 Arab horse.

Second-hand bicycles.

The property of a gentleman.

1 16/20 H. P. "Berliet" Motor Car with dynamo, landaulette body, 6 seater, 4 cylinder in running order.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, July 27, 1918.

B. MANEKLAL & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 7 Green St., Fort.

TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE AND PRECIOUS JEWELLERY, IRON SAFE, CYCLES, PHONOS, ELECTRIC FANS, ETC., ETC.

TO-DAY, SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 2-30 p.m., B. MANEKLAL and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, situated at the entrance of the Medows Street, under the instructions of the separate parties concerned.

Very rich artistic household and office furniture of the leading makers in Bombay.

By the order of the concerned:—

One lot of precious jewellery consisting of Rings, Necklaces, bracelets, kudas, ear-rings, etc., etc., set with diamonds, Brilliants, Rubbins, emeralds, etc., also a lot of pearl and gold ornaments and gold watches.

The terms as usual.

B. MANEKLAL & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 27th July, 1918.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

SALE ON WEDNESDAY 31ST JULY AT 3 P. M. (S. T.)

AUCTION SALE OF 4 TONS LITHARGE FLAKE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 31st July, 1918, at 3 P. M. (S. T.) Messrs GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52 Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs J. Monie & Co., and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Popatlal P. Kandolia & Co.,

4 Tons Litharge Flake, packed in iron drums of 100lb each.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay 27th July, 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 25, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 BALES BLACK GINS OF STANDARD MILLS.

On MONDAY, the 29th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs MEHTA & Co. will sell by Pubblic Auction by order of Seth Girdhardas Jethabhai at his shop Ganesh Chowk Mulji Jetha Market and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Punjabi Lakhimchand Thakordas.

25 Bales each 40 pieces Black Gins of Standard Mills No. D. 1616.

METHA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 27th July, 1918.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR
Lesses: The Excelsior Theatres Co., Ld.
DIRECT FROM THE U. S. A.!
TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p.m.
By arrangement with MAURICE E. BANDMAN
T. DANIEL FRAWLEY
Presents the
Frawley Comedy Co.
In a series of "NEW" and "UP-TO-THE-MINUTE" plays
From the LEADING LONDON and NEW YORK THEATRES.
Saturday, 27th at 9-30, Sunday, 28th at 5-30
A SCREAM FROM CURTAIN TO CURTAIN
A Living Driving Business Truth, emphasized by timely exaggerations and "Peppered" with the jolliest combinations of comedy, romance and sound business principles.
'IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE'
Everybody knows "It Pays To Advertise" and everyone is bound to feel happier and better equipped for the day's work after seeing the Frawley's play.
Sunday, 28th, Matinee at 5-30
Monday, 29th at 9-30 p. m.
"THE HOUSE OF GLASS"
Tuesday, 30th & Wednesday, 31st at 9-30.
The bright and breezy sparkling comedy
"THE BOOMERANG"
Thursday, 1st and Friday, 2nd Aug. at 9 30
The Great Play of the Canadian North-West
"TIGER ROSE"
Plans as usual at ROSE & Co.

IMPERIAL
The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.
TO-NIGHT
LAST THREE EPISODES OF
"THE SEVEN PEARLS"
"THE SEVEN PEARLS"
"THE SEVEN PEARLS"
13th Episode "Over the Falls"
14th ,, "The Tower of Death"
15th ,, "The Seventh Pearl"
THE COURSE OF AULINE
Pathe-Colour Scenic
PATHE GAZETTE
LOOK OUT FOR
"THE HIDDEN HAND"
The greatest serial yet featuring
Doris Kenyon and Sheldon Lewis.
TIME—7, 8-45 and 10-30 p m. daily.
Matinee every Sat. & Sunday 5, p.m.
Extra show every Sunday 3-30 p.m.
Popular Prices.

THE SECOND INSTALMENT.
MOST ASTOUNDING EVENTS
Thrilling and Enthralling Scenes
Plot developing in
THE SECOND INSTALMENT OF
"THE BROKEN COIN"
from Saturday. 27th July.
Saturday and Sunday Prize Matinees at 3-30 and 5-15 and nightly at 7; 8-45 and 10-30 (S T.)
NEW ALAHMBRA
CINEMA
NEW SANDHURST ROAD
Telephone No. 2417.

AMUSEMENTS.

Under no Circumstances
NEGLECT
The Neglected Wife
SEE PAGE 11
of the issue of The "Bombay Chronicle"

THE EMPIRE
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.
FIRST OF THE MUTUAL-CHAPLIN COMEDIES
Charlie Chaplin
AS
"THE COUNT"
The Exclusive Bombay Rights for MUTUAL-CHAPLIN COMEDIES are held by the EXCELSIOR THEATRES Co., Ltd.
"The Count" featuring Chaplin whose income with this Company is now £4,000 a week.
Proclaimed by every one who has seen it
"THE BEST YET"
CHAPLIN'S LARGEST AND GREATEST COMEDY.
He is a real aristocrat a tattered Gent with a Lineage that reaches back to the Tailor Shop.
The British rights of 12 MUTUAL, CHAPLIN COMEDIES were sold for $500,000 and we have secured all twelve We leave it to you as how much we paid.
FIRST TIME ON THE EMPIRE SCREEN.
MARY MILES MINTER.
THE LATEST AND MOST DELIGHTFUL GIRL STAR IN A CHARMING COMEDY DRAMA
"ENVIRONMENT"
KEEP YOUR EYES OPEN FOR MORE OF THIS CHARMING ACTRESS' FILM.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Bombay's Most Central Theatre
HOME OF CELEBRITIES.
HOWITT-PHILLIPS Co.
TO-DAY'S ATTRACTIONS.
MATINEE AT 5 P. M.
"THE STORY OF THE ROSARY"
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30
The great "crook" play
"WITHIN THE LAW"
A story full of thrills with Miss Gertrude Godart in the intensely dramatic part of Mary Turner
NO CINEMA TO-DAY.
Monday, the 29th
"PEG O' MY HEART"
Tuesday, the 30th
"SEVEN DAYS' LEAVE"
Wednesday, the 31st
"YE GODS"
Thursday and Friday
For the first time in Bombay
"THE PRINCE AND THE BEGGAR MAID"
SATURDAY NIGHT
For the first time in Bombay
"OUT THERE"
BOOKING AT ROSE & Co.
Prices—Night: Stalls Rs. 5, Dress Circle Rs. 3, Balcony Rs. 2, and Gallery Re. 1.
Boxes from Rs. 15 and upwards.
MATINEE PRICES:—Stalls Rs. 3, Dress Circle and Balcony Rs. 2, and Gallery Re. 1.
Boxes from Rs. 10 and upwards.
CINEMA TO-MORROW AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
GREAT WEEK-END GATHERING
Another great DuCasse Bill The 5-part Metro Wonder-Play
"VANITY"
featuring the beautiful
MISS EMMY WEHLEN
A Comic and the Pathe Gazette.
Prices:—Re. 1, Ans. 8, 4 and 2.
Box seats Rs. 2, Family Boxes for 4 Rs. 5.

ELDORADO
CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD, NORTH
To-night
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
GAUMONT GRAPHIC
Chapter Ten of the Stirring Photoplay
A LASS OF THE LUMBERLANDS
featuring
HELEN HOLMES
In this chapter Helen performs one of the most daring stunts of her career. See her thrilling jump from the back of a horse on to the engine of a speeding train.
See also the great Football Match scenes, and the exciting fight between the Footballers and the Cowboys.
Sixth Instalment of the Supreme Mystery Serial
THE MYSTERIOUS BLACK CASE
Episode 11—"Desert Vengeance."
Episode 12—"Neath Iron Wheels."
See a desperate criminal on his way to prison for life overpower his keeper and leap from a speeding express train and escape.
This is only one of the several gripping scenes with which this serial abounds.
3 Shows nightly at 7. 8-45 and 10-15
PRIZE SHOWS
SATURDAY & SUNDAY AT 5 P. M.

DR. J. J. NAEGAMVALA,
M.B., B.S.,
SURGEON DENTIT,S
129, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT.
Next to Leach & Weborny.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT 6-30 ONLY TO-NIGHT ONLY AT 6-30
PALACE
OF VARIETIES
GAIETY THEATRE
THE GAIETY REVUE & COMEDY CO.
Presents
MISS EILEEN GRACE
In a Repertoire of latest Songs, and SPECIALITY DANCES
A Grand Triple Attraction
2 NEW LONDON STARS 2
BENTILLET
AND
TED CHARLICK
Finest Hebrew Comedians
ROARS OF LAUGHTER
from beginning to end.
By far the best Comedy Act ever seen this side of Suez.
MISS NORAH MOORE
Primedonna
C. MORRIS
GAIETY POPULAR COMEDIAN
In Addition following Cinema:
A Sensational 3-part French Drama
HANDS FROM THE SHADOW
THE HISTORY OF THE WAR
An authentic version of the doings since 1914
DON'T MISS OUR CARTOON
WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD
and
Lupin Comedy and a Dancing Film.
Full Two Hours of Solid Entertainment.
At 7-30 TO-MORROW At 10

THE EXCELSIOR
Lesses: The Excelsior Theatres Co., Ld.
EXCELSIOR PICTURES
TO-DAY at 6-30 p.m.
TO-MORROW AT 9-45
"NEMROD & CO."
"NEMROD & CO."
HOME WITH THE MILK
PATHE'S GAZETTE
Wiffles and the Compromising Sunshade

POONA ANNOUNCEMENTS.
"THE RED ACE" LAST WEEK
LED THE BIGGEST TRUMP
IN ALL THE SERIALS
Already Shown and now Being Shown.
SEE IT AT THE
APOLLO
POONA'S PEERLESS PICTURE PALACE
WHO WANTS MYSTERY PLAYS?
Everyone of the Picture Goers!
WHO WANTS PLAYS WITH.
Strong Dramatic Moments,
PLAYS OF PUNCH.
Thrills and Sprinkling of Romance?
OF COURSE EVERY PICTURE PATRON!
This is Why we have booked
THE UNIVERSAL SERIAL INCOMPARABLE
"THE RED ACE"
FEATURING
Marie Walcampe
The Dare-Devil Girl of the Screen
AND THAT'S THE REASON THAT YOU SHOULD SEE IT.
II INSTALMENT TO-NIGHT
Saturday 27th to Monday 29th.
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY at 6, 8 and 10.

BOMBAY WASHING Co.
MILITARY SQUARE
Opposite Watson's Hotel, Fort.
Pioneer Cleaners.
32 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
Beware of real dry cleaning without aid of water. Felt hats cleaned within two hours. Suits and Dresses within six hours, charges extra, except white flannels.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

We beg to intimate our kind constituents in general that, owing to the reconstruction of the building we have temporarily removed our office to the address mentioned below, which is located in the next street, behind our Hornby Road Office.

S. MAHADEO & SON,
295-99, Holichakla Street,
Fort, BOMBAY.

23rd July 1918.

AMUSEMENTS.

IF YOU LOVE

Swift action—Strong dramatic Climaxe—Mystery—Love—Romance

SEE THE THIRD INSTALMENT OF THE AMAZING PATRIOTIC SERIAL

THE RED ACE

NOW GOING ON AT

THE MAJESTIC

TRAM TERM. GIRGAUM

The Programme also includes **Dropped from the Clouds** a dramatic narration of the adventures of Cowboys in a Turkish harem.

THE UNIVERSAL SCREEN MAGAZINE—VERY AMUSING AND INSTRUCTIVE

Three Shows at 7, 8-45 and 10-30

TWO PRIZE MATINEES ON SATURDAY AND SUNDAY AT 3-30 & 5-15

ADMISSION FROM RS. 2 TO ANS. 2.

"Love is like life, it has no country for birth, no place for death, and it passes away you know not when....."

SEE

How Mario Valeri, the artist, forsook his home, his family and his daily source of inspiration for LOVE, in the intensely emotional drama

THE TORMENT

SHOWING TO-NIGHT AT

THE NEW ALEXANDRA

NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.

A TALE OF TWO POETIC SOULS

A story that touches the deepest currents of human feeling, vibrating with power and intensity. It depicts the passion of Love in all its complex phases as it has never been depicted before. Few pictures have gone deeper into the depths of human feeling than this.

— SPLENDID PHOTOGRAPHY —

Magnificent views of all the most beautiful and interesting places of Ancient and Modern Italy.

ROME, NAPLES, FLORENCE, PISA

At a Glance.

Also showing—

PICTORIAL NEWS — War Office Official.

NEVER AGAIN — Comedy Drama in Two Parts.

JERRY AT THE BAL MASQUE—Screaming Comic.

3 Shows Nightly at 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

PRIZE SHOWS—Saturday and Sunday at 5-15.

Special Music by Mr. SKINNER.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

Incorporated in England by ROYAL CHARTER 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE

38, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hongkong	Penang
Bangkok	Iloilo	Puket
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Karachi	Saigon
Calcutta	Klang	Seremban
Canton	Kobe	Shanghai
Cebu	Kwala Lumpor	Singapore
Colombo	Madras	Sourabaya
Delhi	Manila	Taiping (F.M.S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy
Haiphong	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Peking	Yokohama

The CORPORATION sell DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal commercial cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients also received for Safe Custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and for shorter periods at rates which may be ascertained on application.

J. KEENAN, Agent.

Nuzerally Khanbhoy

PIPES, HARDWARE AND MILL STORE SUPPLIERS AND CONTRACTORS

211-15, Nagdevi Street, BOMBAY No. 3.

Telephone No. 2458.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE—7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

	Rs.
Capital Fully Subscribed	10,00,000
Capital Paid Up	1,00,000
Invested Funds Over	30,00,000

THE ADVANTAGES OF A "NATIONAL" POLICY.

By paying your Premiums at the lowest possible rate available in India, you secure for yourself a Policy which will enable you to tide over the difficulties owing to the loss of income in your old age or provide for your family in case of an early death.

The "National" carries first class risks and offers unique advantages to the Policy holders.

Please write for Prospectus before deciding the question of insuring your life.

The first Indian Insurance Company to lead the way by investing the total sum of Rupees Six lakhs in the First and Second Indian War Loans.

RAE & CO., Managing Agents — P. BANERJEA, Secretary.

DHURANDHAR BROTHERS, Chief Agents: Bombay Presidency.

72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

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EVERY PAGE IMPROVES YOUR KNOWLEDGE AND LEARNING.

GEMS OF WISDOM.

Including Idiomatic Phrases, Witty and Pithy Anecdotes, Bits of Humour, Living Thoughts, Choice Thoughts in Choice Language and Riddles. Collected and selected by

The Rev. ABEDNEGO DAVID, W.M.S.

Neatly bound in full Calico. Highly spoken of by leading newspapers as "Hindu," "New India," etc., and also Principals of Colleges and Public Speakers. Price Rs. 2-0-0 per copy.

G. W. M. REYNOLDS BOLD TYPE EDITIONS.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
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Mary Price	5 0	Loves of the Harem	3 0
		Canonbury House	2 4

(Postage extra.)

THE SHANMUGA VILAS BOOK DEPOT, George Town, MADRAS.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 25.

The monsoon is causing a good deal of anxiety in North India. The rainfall is already twenty per cent. or more in defect in the United Provinces West, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-Western Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujrat, Central India East, the Central Provinces West, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad South, Mysore, Malabar, and the Madras Deccan; and differs from the normal by less than twenty per cent. elsewhere.

The important variations are United Provinces West 27, Punjab East and North 65. Punjab South-West 83, Kashmir 84, Baluchistan 100, North-Western Frontier Provinces 69, Sind 100, Rajputana West 93, Rajputana East 46, and Gujarat 38.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 25th July 1918.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.736 Inches
Temperature of Air	82.6 Degs
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.3 "
Dew Point	75.8 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.792 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	6.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air	87.1 "
Minimum do. do.	78.8 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW,W.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	157 Miles
Fall of Rain	0.21 Inch.
Total fall during month	3.95 "
Do. do. year	27.23 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 26th July 1918	0 01 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER, Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.		Day of Month.	LOW WATER, Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.	
	July		h.	m.	ft.	July		h.	m.	ft. in.
Frl.	26	m	0	27	27 10	26	m	6	26	15 1
			1	2a	19 8			7	12a	16 5
Sat.	27	m	1	13	28 0	27	m	7	8	15 8
			1	40a	29 5			7	52a	16 1
Sun.	28	m	2	1	27 10	28	m	7	52	16 7
			2	19a	28 9			8	36a	16 1
Mon.	29	m	2	52	27 4	29	m	8	40	17 10
			3	1a	27 11			9	28a	16 4
Tues.	30	m	3	51	26 8	30	m	9	38	19 2
			3	49a	26 11			10	21a	16 8
Wed.	31	m	4	2	26 1	31	m	10	58	20 6
	Aug.		4	46a	25 10	Aug.		11	32a	17 0
Thur	1	m	6	24	25 10	1				
			5	5a	25 1			0	30a	21 0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

	Sunrise.	Sunset
July 26 (Friday)	6h. 14m.	7h. 17m.
" 27 (Saturday)	6h. 14m.	7h. 17m.
" 28 (Sunday)	6h. 14m.	7h. 16m.
" 29 (Monday)	6h. 15m.	7h. 16m.
" 30 (Tuesday)	6h. 15m.	7h. 15m.
" 31 (Wednesday)	6h. 15m.	7h. 15m.
Aug. 1 (Thursday)	6h. 16m	7h. 14m.

Phases of the Moon:—

Last Quarter	1d.	8h.	12.9m.	p.m.
New Moon	8d.	1h.	52.1m.	p.m.
First Quarter	16d.	11h.	54.7m.	a.m.
Full Moon	24d.	2h.	4.8m.	a.m.
Last Quarter	30d.	6h.	48.9m.	p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 26th July 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Lahore reports 0.13 in. of rain. Skies have cleared in the east Punjab but continue moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is below normal at a few stations. Day temperature remains above the average in the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Mainpuri reports 0.21 in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is higher in the eastern districts but is still in considerable defect. Day temperature continues high the excess ranging from 12 degrees to 14 degrees; night temperature is also slightly above the average in the east.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded except at Karachi. In Rajputana humidity contiues below normal throughout, while day temperature remains above the average in eastern districts.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is generally below normal. Day temperature is slightly or moderately above the average in Central India West, north Gujarat and at a few stations in Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Saugor reports 0.32 in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity continues below normal and day temperature in moderate or considerable excess; night temperature is locally above the average in the south of the division.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 0.22 in, Ratnagiri 0.62 in. Mormugao 0.16in, and Karwar 0.65 in. Skies are heavily clouded. Day temperature is locally above the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nizamabad reports 0.26 in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is generally above the average. Day temperature continues moderately or considerably above the average; at Hyderabad night temperature is also in excess.

General Remarks.—The monsoon appears to be reviving in the south-east Arabian sea and it has given rain in south Malabar, Ceylon and the Konkan; in the last mentioned area rainfall has been nearly general. A few showers are also reported from the north Punjab, the west of the United Provinces, the north of the Central Provinces, Hyderabad, the Madras Deccan and south-east Madras. Day temperature continues high except in Sind and the western half of the Punjab and Rajputana.

Some extension of rain appears probable into Gujarat and the Bombay Deccan.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m., on FRIDAY, the 26th of July, 1918

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total, 1st June to date	Rainfall. Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (25th July)	94.6	80.9	73	..	..	..
Jask	93.4	82.5	73	..	..	—3.08
Do. (25th July)	94.6	85.0	78	..	..	—0.08
Muskat	95.4	85.3	80	..	..	—0.16
Do. (July)	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	102.8	80.6	61	..	1.13	—0.99
Rawalpindi	97.5	79.9	56	..	2.93	—5.38
Lahore	98.9	80.8	63	0.13	2.14	—4.66
Hissar	102.9	78.5	62	..	0.48	—4.00
Ambala	103.1	78.1	66	0.02	2.51	—6.98
Delhi	101.2	81.0	50	..	1.06	—7 03
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	104.7	82.0	50	..	2.60	—7.47
Mainpuri	105.4	78.5	64	0.51	2.63	—6.7
Jhansi	102.4	80.4	50	0.01	4.24	—9.68
Cawnpore	104.0	82.9	67	..	5.00	—6.89
Allahabad	104.7	84.3	62	..	8.78	—5.57
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	106.9	84.0	66	..	0	—1.05
Karachi	85.4	79.4	83	..	0.03	—3.46
Ajmer	98.8	79.4	58	..	1.83	—5.78
Jalpore	99.5	80.1	53	..	0.52	—8.15
Kotah	100.8	84.0	48	..	5.87	—4.68
Mount Abu	77.2	68.8	92	..	5.98	—17.10
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	92.0	78.7	71	..	0.14	—7.72
Dwarka	87.6	79.7	77	0.03	0.16	—1.76
Veraval	84.4	81.0	88	..	5.62	—4.92
Rajkot	93.6	71.8	67	..	5.92	—7.99
Bhavnagar Para	98.2	77.2	71	..	2.78	—7.49
Surat	88.7	77.9	75	..	11.48	—11 84
Ahmedabad	99.2	75.8	63	..	3.87	—12 15
Deesa	97.0	77.5	69	..	3.08	—6.70
Neemuch	92.7	75.8	58	..	11.50	+0 32
Indore	92.9	76.4	73	..	5.21	—8.71
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	92	77.8	74	..	8.45	—14.01
Saugor	93.6	74.2	72	0.32	9.90	—8.96
Hoshangabad	93.6	75.6	69	..	7.23	—11.68
Khandwa	99.4	75.9	66	..	7.04	—5.87
Akola	98.2	76.7	62	..	5.99	—7.71
Amraoti	96.8	76.8	56	..	9.68	—4.81
Nagpur	94.0	77.2	64	0.07	15.49	—5.45
Chanda	96.3	76.6	61	0.00	14.14	—7.79
Raipur	94.8	78.0	66	..	28.62	+8.14
KONKAN—						
Bombay	87.1	78.4	80	0.22	14.81	—26.52
Ratnagiri	87.5	75.8	91	0.62	28.10	—31.14
Marmugao	86.8	..	94	0.16	26.37	—31.32
Karwar	86.8	75.0	95	0.65	38.28	—33.43
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	96.8	72.9	63	..	2.10	—6.84
Ahmednagar	93.9	67.5	66	..	2.01	—6.38
Poona	89.0	71.5	71	..	1.58	—9.68
Sholapur	96.8	72.1	62	..	1.10	—7.49
Bijapur	93.2	70.0	67	..	1.03	—4.19
Belgaum	82.8	66.9	85	..	6.58	—16.15
Aurangabad	95.3	70.4	66	..	1.79	—9.57
Nizamabad (Indur)	18.3	73.9	75	0.26	7.35	—8.79
Hyderabad	95.9	77.8	69	..	3.33	—6.76
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	87	76.5	84	0.06	36.52	—33.22
Calicut	86.1	76.1	93	..	23.86	—37.40
Cochin	86.4	77.0	83	..	19.66	—29.14
Colombo	86.7	77.1	87	0.37	7.19	—5.32
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	86.2	79.1	85	0.05	4.88	—5.45
Bellary	98.3	74.0	62	..	0.26	—3 27
Cuddapah	103.0	81.3	57	0.21	1.67	—4.47
Madras	100.4	77.6	74	0.09	2.75	—2.60
Bangalore	89.2	67.8	72	0.08	3.26	—4.11
Coimbatore	93	70.7	86	0.04	0.1.	—1.85
Trichinopoly	99.4	76.1	72	..	8 82	+0 88
Negapatam	91.6	74.7	89	0.42	2.66	—0.72

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 26th July, 1918, was 29.675 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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Indian

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Financial & Monetary Situation

A WEEKLY REVIEW

The Second Indian War Loan.

The total subscription to the second Indian War Loan now stands at 21¾ crores of rupees, Bengal leading with about 9¾ crores of rupees, and Bombay coming second with a little over 5¾ crores.

The Reserve Treasuries.

The total amount in the Reserve Treasuries amounted on the 2nd instant, according to the latest return, to 113 lakhs of rupees, of which 63 and 40 lakhs were in the Bombay and Calcutta Reserve Treasuries respectively.

Gold Mohurs and Sovereigns.

The price of the newly minted gold mohurs, issued in the Punjab wheat districts in payment of purchases of wheat for the British Government at Rs. 15 per mohur, now stands in the market at Rs. 19-10 to 19-12, while that of the sovereign stands at Rs. 19-9. This clearly shows that the mohur has become so popular that it is at a premium in relation to the sovereign, whereas when it was first issued it was at a discount compared with the sovereign of at least 4 annas per coin.

Gold Coinage and the Indian Treasury.

Now that the Indian mint at Bombay has successfuly coined gold mohurs identical in weight, fineness, and value with the sovereign, and that the apparatus for the coinage of sovereigns at the Bombay branch of the British Royal Mint, has arrived and that it is in a position to issue sovereigns before the end of this month, the question arises whether mohurs and sovereigns should both be coined, and if so in what proportion, or whether sovereigns alone or mohurs only should be coined. As a matter of pure coinage it may at first sight seem immaterial whether the one or the other or both are coined. But the matter is full of vital aspects. In the first place, coinage of sovereigns at Bombay would mean a separate establishment under the control of the British Treasury. On grounds of economy, and on grounds of public policy that coinage of gold should be under the control of the Government of India without any connection with the British Treasury, the coinage of sovereigns is a *retrograde step*, and the *coinage of gold mohurs only should be our policy.*

The Export Corner at the Bank of England and English Money Market.

Then there are other weighty considerations. The import of sovereigns from England is a wasteful operation. The Bank of England shifts all the light weight coins and sends them to India. The result of coinage of sovereigns in India will not put a stop to this practice as the exchange banks here will try to export our full-weight locally coined pieces and still import from England light weight coins. Again the London money market is very sensitive regarding the export of gold from England even in settlement of trade balances; and past experience and present policy have clearly and unmistakably proved that the Bank of England and the London bullion interests will use all their influence fairly and unfairly by bringing pressure to bear on the Secretary of State for India. Curiously enough the prejudice is greater when sovereigns are to be exported than when other coins or bullion have to be sent abroad. Therefore if sovereigns are not coined in India and mohurs only or mohurs and ten rupee pieces are coined these coins will easily return as the result of ordinary bullion or banking operations without exciting any suspicion or prejudice.

Free Coinage and Indian Bullion Interests.

The coinage of gold should not be merely a government monopoly but should be *free and gratuitous* so that the public will have access to the mint to convert gold bullion into coin and vice versa without any charge Apart from the necessity for free and gratuitous coinage of gold in India to make the Indian currency system automatic, the open mint is also beneficial to Indian bullion interests and those engaged in the arts. India now does not import the gold bars of international commerce which weigh 400 ounces each, and which wear out little in spite of constant passage from country to country in settlement of trade balances, because there is no gold mint in India with free and gratuitous coinage facilitating the ready and easy conversion of these bars into coins when necessary. The gold bullion that India has been importing for the past several years has been in the shape of small bars which are unduly expensive costing more than the mint price of gold. The business of importing these bars has been exclusively in the hands of certain English exchange banks as a monopoly. To break down this monopoly and strengthen the Indian bullion interests and enable the people of India to get gold on as favourable terms as other countries do, the Indian mint should be speedily thrown open to the free and gratuitous coinage of gold mohurs and ten rupee pieces.

The Exchange Value of the Rupee

The clumsy and wasteful silver purchases of the Government of India (to be more correct, the India Office) and the maladroit handling of the sterling exchange question, have again brought the rate of exchange of the rupee to the front as a crucial matter. There are those who want the present 1s. 6d. rate to be perpetuated till the war conditions change. There are others who advocate the further raising of the sterling value of the rupee to 1s. 8d. There are others who urge the reversion to the old 1s. 4d. rate that has been declared as the permanent policy of the Government.

The idea of raising the sterling value of the rupee to 1s. 8d. is merely an act of *predatory finance* which has for its object the unfair and unjust profiteering of the importers, who are largely British, and the penalising of the exporters by the inevitable curtailment of India's trade balance. Such a step is nothing short of plunder and iniquity.

The retention of the present rate of 1sd. per rupee is also injurious to the interests of India. As the export trade is far more vital and important in the national sense, everything should be done to go back to the old 16d. rate as soon as possible by gradual stages. The exchange muddle should be heroically solved by the frank and definite abandonment of the present hybrid and unnatural system of the Gold Exchange Standard which has been *forced upon this country without authority, against the repeated pronouncements of the Government of India and the Secretary of State, and stealthily by the pressure of alien monetary and bullion interests through India Office autocracy.*

The Indian Paper Currency Reserve.

The Indian Paper Currency Reserve, according to the latest return issued by the Controller of Currency dated the 17th July, 1918, amounts to £79 millions; and its composition is as follows:—

	Million £
Gold Coin and Bullion in India	14
Silver Coin and Bullion in India	7
Silver Bullion Held in the United States and in transit therefrom	4½
Securities held in India	6½
Securities held in England	47

Metallic Portion Unsatisfactory.

The metallic portion of the Reserve amounts to only £25½ millions or 31 per cent. of the total reserve. This is scandalously low, and should be immediately increased. This policy of holding £47 millions of the Indian Paper Currency Reserve, invested in British Government securities is unjust, inequitable, and opposed to the interests of India. It has weakened the confidence of the people of this country and has led to the intensification of our currency troubles augmenting the shortage of currency to a dangerous extent. No other part of the British Empire is called upon to do such a thing and a Finance Minister who proposes such a thing as the investment of its Note Reserve in London, in any self-governing Dominion would be impeached. It should be borne in mind that the authorities who are to blame in this respect are the Secretary of State for India and his financial advisers at the India Office.

The Indian Gold Standard Reserve.

The Indian Gold Standard Reserve, on the 31st May 1918, amounted to £34½ millions, and its composition was as follows:—

In India	Nil
In England:—	
Cash placed at short notice	£6 millions
British and Colonial Government Securities	£28½ millions.

So it has come to pass that the Indian holding of this reserve is absolutely *nil*. As regards the English holding £28½ millions are in the shape of securities. The method of keeping 83 per cent. of a Reserve in documentary form in another country is quite a novel and original form of maintaining and managing a reserve. It is to be hoped that American, French and Japanese finance ministers would understand the wisdom of the Indian authorities and follow the wonderful Indian practice.

As regards the £6 millions of cash placed at short notice in London it may be contended that it is as good as gold. It is well known that such a view is not taken by any bank or government charged with the duty of keeping a gold reserve. So long as a reserve is not held in liquid gold it is no longer a reserve and is no better than documentary or other substitutes of money. It should be also remembered that the Secretary of State will have to go to the Bank of England ultimately for the conversion of this into gold if necessary as there is only one central reserve for the United Kingdom. The influence of the London money market and of the Bank of England on Indian finance is such, that whatever the justice of the question may be, we may rely upon it that this £6 millions of "Cash" will very soon be converted into securities, so that the entire £34½ millions will in name and in fact be wholly documentary as it is now in fact so.

India's Money in London.

The total amount of India's money now held in London is over £90 millions. There is no justification for the retention of such a large sum in London. Of this £90 millions £47 millions form the security holding of the Indian Paper Currency Reserve, £34½ millions constitute the entire holding of the Indian Gold Standard Reserve, and the rest represents the opening balance of the Secretary of State for the year 1918-19.

Indian Finance and the Reform Scheme.

The tests that should be applied to see whether the Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme of Indian Constitutional Reform is satisfactory from the Indian point of view are these:—

1. Does the scheme provide for the free framing of Indian economic policy, solely or mainly with reference to Indian conditions and Indian requirements, concerning the tariff, currency, banking, agricultural and industrial expansion and Allied problems, *without any kind of dictation* from the Secretary of State and the British Parliament?

2. Does the scheme provide for the transfer of the financial control from London to India, and the employment of India's money in India entirely?

3. Does the scheme allow the elected chamber in India containing India's representatives in the central government, the supreme voice, except army and foreign affairs, in taxation and expenditure?

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

July 26.

The closing quotations in New York on the 16th instant were 28.15 for July and 24.97 for October. Fluctuations have occurred during the interval the highest prices touched being 29.10 for July and 25.82 for October. Reuter's cables are much delayed, but from private sources we hear that there was a sharp drop in New York on the 23rd instant the closing quotations being 27.10 for July and 24.40 for October. The cause of the decline is not known, but it is probably due to favourable weather, and good reports of the American crop.

The local market has been chiefly engaged with the July settlement of Fine Broach, and the rate yesterday fixed in the rooms of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association was Rs. 755, while in the rooms of the Bombay Cotton Exchange it was Rs. 750. These were the rates for ready cotton.

For Fine Broach September a moderate business has been done during the week at from Rs. 761 to Rs. 781, the price last evening being Rs. 775. At present it is too early to say how the September settlement will go, but we certainly anticipate higher prices later on looking to the present state of the market.

Ready cotton has been firm with an upward tendency. Ready Broach Rs. 3 to Rs. 5 off fine in class has sold at Rs. 765 to Rs. 768. For extra staple Surat Rs. 860 is offered but buyers are not selling at this price. Bailhongal fetches Rs. 800 to Rs. 805. Muthia has been placed at Rs. 665 to Rs. 670. All Southern styles are firm and command high prices. There has been a fair enquiry for ready cotton, but holders are by no means anxious to unload their stocks. Even with favourable weather shortly the new crop will be late, and there are indications that there will be a scarcity of cotton here towards the close of the season.

As a mark of respect to the memory of the late Seth Khengar Thobhan who was for many years a partner in the firm of Messrs. Gill and Co., the market was entirely closed today.

A few scattered showers have fallen during the week which have in no way altered the situation as regards the new crop. Rain is urgently needed everywhere and the position is now critical.

No quotations have been given in the bazaar to-day.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay compared with the corresponding periods in the previous season:—

Growths	For week ending 25th July 1918*	Total to date since September 1st. *1917	1916
	Bales	Bales	Bales
Khandesh	100	173,001	292,581
Central India	19	68,840	178,370
Surat and Nuggar	224	66,563	86,151
Hyderabad Gaorani	Nil	28,025	43,311
Berar	Nil	249,851	398,432
Central Provinces	39	51,600	91,129
Total Oomras	382	637,780	1,090,974
Dholleras	16,364	340,909	479,415
Broach	812	212,331	302,180
Cambay and Dharwar	11 962	181,846	177,578
Western Northerns	7,296	154,328	114,177
Bengals { N.W. Province	1	136,583	277,946
Bengals { Rajputana	435	46,013	181,693
Sind, Punjab	539	288,920	331,727
Cocanada	790	27,277	22,119
Parolan	70	858	264
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	4,399	66,879	37,638
American	Nil	2	66
Egyptian	Nil	Nil	460
Other sorts	935	21,483	13,278
Total	43 785	2,117,201	2,960 734

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Total Arrivals of Produce, Seeds, Wheat and Food Grains in Bombay from 1st January to 25th July as compared with last year:—

	Since 1st Jan. 1918:	Same period 1917
Wheat	3,600,854	6,179,068
Linseed	1,262 437	1,561,095
Rape, & Co:	104,884	272,100
Gingellyseed	39,800	649,146
Poppyseed	38 091	63,536
Groundnuts	267,876	1,626,271
Castorseed	1,002,751	919,440
Rice	4,701,472	4,943 595
Myrabollams	360,426	288 744
Cottonseed	375,231	387,301
Mowraseed	2,561	6,673
Gram	1 146 319	663,705
Jowar	198,972	257,9/1
Maize	20 008	9,153
Barley	521,175	297,861

The above include arrivals by sea

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White Rose	..150°	" 9 13 0	"
Chester	.. 76° Abel	" 9 8 0	"
Devoe's	.. 76 "	" 9 8 0	"
Monkey	..125°	" 9 2 0	"
Tiger	..125°	" 9 2 0	"
White Camelia tins	..125°	" 7 6 0	per 2tins
Elephant tins	..125°	" 7 6 0	"
Elephant Bulk	..125°	" 6 10	per Simp Gallo

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay July 26th, 1918—6-0 p.m

	Basis Terms: Rs. a. p.	Ball Delivery Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 76-8	0 0 0	8 2 0
" " Cawapore 76-80	0 0 0	8 2 0
" Karachi Bamlin	0 0 0	8 0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	7 12 0	0 0 0
" Cawapore	7 12 0	0 0 0
" Yellow Cawapore	8 0 0	0 0 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	8 7 0	8 13 0
" Thin	8 0 0	8 6 0
Teaseed, White 85-15	8 0 0	---
" Gujar 75-25	---	---
" Gujar 50-50	---	---
" Black	---	---
Poppyseed, White	4 0 0	11 8 0
Groundnuts	5 0 0	---
Mowraseed	5 0 0	---
Barley	3 7 0	---
Castorseed	0 0 0	14 14 0

Forward:	Rs. a. p
Linseed Sept.	8 5 6
Linseed May	10 1 9
Wheat Aug.-Sept.	8 8 9
Wheat April-May	8 0 6

BOMBAY AND CHINA YARN MARKETS

Bombay, July 26th, 1918.

	Rate per lb Rs. a p
Davids No. 16	1—1—11
Shamrji No. 16	1—1—10
Simplex No. 10	1—1—8
Edward No. 10	1—1—7
Light Houses No. 6	0—15—12

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 26th 1918.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1 5 15/16
" Demand	1 6 1
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1 6 1
For. Demand	203
American Dollars	279
Hongkong	327½
Shanghai	316½
Japan	144
Singapore	155

Market steady.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BULLION.

Bar Gold has been steady to firm. Sovereigns moved between Rs. 19-5-0 and Rs. 19-11-0 and closed at Rs. 19-9-6.

Bar Gold Rs. 31-11-0.
Sovereigns Rs 19-9-6.
Silver Ready ex-duty Rs. 110-10-0.
Silver 1st Sett. Rs. 110-10-0

EXCHANGE

The conditions in the exchange market are easier.

T. T. on London 1/5 31/32.
D. D. on London 1/6 1/16
Credit 3Msd/a 1/6 7/16.
D. D. on France Fr. 203½.
Credit 3Msd/a Fr. 212
T. T. on Japan Rs. 143½.
60 D/st Japan Rs. 139.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 220½.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 315
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 155½.
D. D. on New York Rs. 279.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates.

5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 88.
5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920-22 98
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 78.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 93
3½ per cent. Paper 67
4½ per cent. Port Trust long dated due 1926. 88.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated 76½.
4 per cent. Municipal long dated 76.
4 per cent. Municipal short dated 76.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust long dated 75½.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 91½.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 91.

The following are the Bank rates.

Bank of Bombay 5 per cent
Bank of Bengal 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras 7 per cent.

SHARES.

The week has not presented any noteworthy feature of interest or importance, the market continuing in practically the same position as that witnessed during the foregoing period. The Bull coterie, which has been yielding such a powerful influence on the market for some time past, has so far tactfully managed to sustain the market in the face of the prolonged spell of drought; and the slightest favourable change in the atmospheric conditions is used by them as a weapon to bolster up the market. So far the weather gods have not been quite propitiously inclined to these Bulls, although forecasts give promise of a more hopeful state of affairs

The early part of the week was marked by somewhat quieter and easier conditions in the Share market; and the occasional unloading on the part of sundry Bulls led to a small break in prices. On Thursday, however, the report went round that the Directors of the Simplex Mills had decided on a dividend of Rs. 100 for the six months ended the 30th June. This rumour, although lacking confirmation, had the effect of lifting up the price, and good lots changed hands, resulting in an advance of fully fifty rupees. This stimulus to Simplexs naturally imparted a steadying influence to other mill scrips, with the result that the slight deflection in values discernible at the beginning of the week has been more than made up, and the market closes unquestionably steady.

The Directors of the Kohinoor Mills have it is rumoured sanctioned the distribution of Rs. 150 as the half-yearly dividend. This bespeaks a highly satisfactory achievement

(Continued on page 6.)

Telegrams:—"Chemicolor", BOMBAY. Telephone No. 3642

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BOMBAY MARKETS.

(Continued from page 5.)

and augurs well for the future of the Company. The news of this big dividend, however, has been already discounted, the scrip value having risen tremendously during the last few weeks in anticipation.

Both yarn and cloth have made rapid strides during the last two or three weeks. Owing to good local demand, supported by speculation, yarns have risen fully two annas per lb. Cloth has been even firmer. A huge speculation has been rampant and weaving mills are reaping a golden harvest. Some of the mills have, it has transpired, embarked on extensive contracts which will keep them engaged so far forward as April next.

The Bull party has no doubt had the backing of a combination of heartening factors. The booming character of yarn and cloth markets, cheering news from the war zone, the sanguine expectation of bumper dividends—all these elements seem to augur well for the Bull propaganda; but the all-absorbing factor is *weather*. If the rains begin to pour in earnest during the next few days, the bullish sentiment is bound to heighten; if however the present spell of dry weather prolongs, confidence would be rudely shaken and there is no knowing what may happen.

The sundry section of industries does not call for any special comment, the market being insert, with rates showing no appreciable change.

The following are the closing quotations of the Bombay Stock Exchange.

Swadeshi 2,312-8, Swan 920, Standard 2,097-8, Simplex 1,050, Shapurji 148-12, Pearls 750, New Greats 432-8, Morarji 3,750, M. Petit 2,720, Madhowji 2,925, Luxmi Cotton 1,875, Kohinoor 1,715, Kastoorchand 1,550, Ind. Bleaching 202-8, Ind. Malwa 377-8, Finlay 615, Fazulbhoy 952-8, David 632-8, Currimbhoy 442-8, Crescent 295, Colaba 1,670, Century 527-8, Cen. India 2,812-8, Bombay United 1,190, Bombay Dyeing 1,640, Advance 1,520, Tata Mill 860, Bundi 22-8, Cen. Mining 39, Ind. Cement 350, Katni ord. 255, Katni defd. 1,305, Shivarajpur 42, Alcocks 812-8, Bombay Burma 645, Bombay Tramway 387-8, Bombay Steam 355, Tata Hydro 1,255.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 2,315, Swan 920, Standard 2,092-8, Simplex 1,045, Shapurji 150, Pearls 755, New Greats 440, Morarji 3,800, M. Petit 2,705, Madhowji 2,930, Luxmi Cotton 1,925, Kohinoor 1,715, Kastoorchand 1,550, Ind. Bleaching 200, Ind. Malwa 380, Finlay 615, Fazulbhoy 952-8, David 635, Currimbhoy 445, Crescent 295, Century 530, Nagpur 2,810, Bombay United 1,185, Bombay Dyeing 1,650, Advance 1,530, Bundi 22, Cen. Mining 39, Ind. Cement 350, Katni ord. 255, Katni defd. 1,300, Bombay Burma 645, Bombay Telephone 195, Bombay Steam 357-8, Bombay Tramway 390, Tata Hydro 1,260¾.

FINANCE.

Money continues easy. Call Loans are available at between 3 and 3½ per cent. The Bank of Bombay Cash Balance has increased by Rs. 155-43 lakhs. The bank rates are unchanged.

PIECE-GOODS.

The Cloth Market has been very firm during the past week, and rupee rates of several standard cloths have reached very high level. There has been considerable activity in the bazaar owing to speculative demand amongst the dealers and brokers have been very busy fixing up transactions. Several lots have changed hands many times the profits of the sellers being added to the rates after each transaction. The immediate causes of this speculative demand have been, firstly the rise in prices in Karachi and Madras markets, news of which were received here by telegrams, and secondly the reappearance of the monsoon which lightened the hearts of the dealers to some extent during the beginning of the week and gave hopes of better enquiry in the near future. Bona-fide buying has been at a standstill, as consumers have not been able to follow the rapid advance. Rates have fluctuated thrice within an hour and the way in which the transactions were placed reminded one of the share bazaar. It is left to be seen whether such high-priced purchases will turn out profitable, but should adverse circumstances arise, the goods will be thrown in the market by weak holders who have no intention of taking delivery of such large lines. The dispute with the brokers has not been settled, and it is reported that they have sent a protest to the white piece-goods merchants' Association in this matter. As a result of the proceedings taken against some brokers and members, thirty-four new brokers and ten new members have been enrolled and a circular has been sent round in the bazaar informing their names to the dealers.

The manchester market has been firm and steady, and fresh business has been very difficult to mork.

GREYS.

In Grey Shirtings of manchester make the main attraction has been "Fari" cloth in 39 inches which have advanced further by eight annas per piece. But Japanese cloths have commanded a good deal of attention from dealers and heavy speculative purchases have resulted at prices which shew an advance of eight annas to a rupee per piece. Dealers have been blindly signing contracts on the assurance of brokers that the goods will be resold with good profits. The qualities, that have been in demand are Nos. 7200, 3800, 4100, and 5100. American Drills have been in better request and values have firmed up by two rupees per piece. In Grey Jaconets the sellers have put up the rates by a rupee per piece, although the demand for consumption has been absent. Grey Mulls have not shewn much change, but have remained firm in sympathy with other cloths.

WHITE.

White Goods have shewn considerable activity, especially in white mulls. 58 inches by 20 yards Red End Mulls have advanced further by twelve annas per piece. 39 inches by 20 yards Gold End Mulls have changed hands several times with the result that prices have gained one rupee five annas per piece. 36 inches styles have shewn an improvement of eight annas per piece. 40 inches by 18 yards Mulls have also advanced in sympathy with other cloths. In white Nainsooks the inquiry has been for tape bordered qualities as well as for superior makes in 34 and 38 inches, the former having improved in values by one rupee eight annas per piece and the latter by a rupee. Cloths in wider widths command a good sale. Liepman's No. 1500 white shirtings have registered a heavy advance and a record price has been reached. 26 and 27 inches ranges of Nainsooks have attracted fair attention of buyers and prices have advanced a good deal.

The quotations for the leading shops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

	Ins	Yds	Rs.	a.	p.
Grey Shirtings—					
Ralli's Fari No. 2000 ..	39	37½/8	19	0	0
,, ,, ,, 100000	45	37½/8	24	8	0
Fleming's No. 1905 ..	40	36		....	
Bates' No. 12828 ..	41	37½/7		....	
Dewhurst's Rupee" No.5	39	38½	21	8	0
,, "B.B.P." ..	38	38½	25	8	0
Grey Jaconets.—					
Ralli's No 18 ..	45	22	13	0	0
Grey Drills—					
Pepperell "Dragon" ..	29	40	28	0	0
Ralli's Mushid, No.428	20	30	17	8	0
White Shirtings—					
Liepman's No. 1500 ..	32	42	33	8	0
H. B. T. C. 40000 ..	36	40	32	0	0
White Nainsooks—					
Ralli's Nos. 7070/9090	27	12	4	11	0
,, No. 1900	27	12	4	3	0
,, No. 39620 T B	36	22	9	5	0
Graham's No. 88/8888	28	12	5	8	0
,, ,, 50000..	34	16	9	8	0
Greaves' No. 8000T.E	36	22		....	
Ritchie's 3500/4510-6520 ..	36	12		....	
White Mulls—					
Ralli's No. 6 ..	41	18	11	4	0
,, ,, 60 ..	48	18	12	0	0
,, ,, 600 ..	51	18	14	4	0
,, ,, 6000 ..	58	18	15	12	0
,, ,, 88 ..	58	20	11	12	0
,, ,, 818 ..	39	20	11	10	0
Ritchie's No. 975 ..	50	18	9	0	0
,, ,, 615 ..	50	18	9	0	0
,, ,, 66999 ..	40	18	7	4	0
,, ,, 1260 ..	27	18	4	5	0
Greaves' No. 6060 ..	27	15	4	4	0
Graham's No. 142 ..	34	18	10	4	0

JAPANESE CLOTHS.

The following are the prices ruling in the bazaar for well-known Japanese Cloths:—

	Ins	Yds	Rs.	a.	p.
GREY SHIRTINGS—					
No. 55000 ..	44	38	21	8	0
No. 100 ..	,,	,,	22	8	0
No. 200 ..	,,	,,	24	8	0
No. 2008 ..	,,	,,	24	12	0
No. 250 ..	,,	,,	21	0	0
Noa 2200/2300 ..	,,	,,	21	4	0
No 7200 ..	,,	,,	23	0	0
No. 3800 ..	,,	,,	32	0	0
No 4100 ..	,,	,,	29	12	0
No. 5100 ..	,,	,,	30	12	0
No. 3005 ..	38	38	19	0	0
No. 666 ..	,,	,,	18	8	0
No. 181 ..	33	28		....	
No. 191 ..	36	28		....	
GREY SHEETINGS—					
(Dragons ..	36	20	15	2	0
'C' Quality ..	36	30	14	14	0
"Boodh Dev." ..	36	30		....	
GREY DRILLS—					
Elephant ..	28	40	24	0	0

LANCASHIRE YARNS.

Nothing fresh has transpired in the Yarn Market, which has remained firm and steady. The demand has not been brisk and clearnaces have been moderate. Stocks of well-known Lancashire spinnings are light, but the advance has been checked by the competition of Japanese Yarns, which are selling at lower rates.

Lancashire Grey Yarns are quoted as under:—

30s. Yarns, Best, per lb. Rs. 2-1-0.
30s. Yarns, Ordinary, per lb. Rs. 1-14-0.
40s. Yarns, Best per lb. Rs. 2-6-0.
40s. Yarns, Ordinary, per lb. Rs. 2-4-0.

CURRENT BANK RATES.

England	5	per cent, Apr. 8, 1915
France	5	per cent, Aug. 29, 1914
Germany	5	per cent, Dec. 28, 1915
Russia	6	per cent, July 28, 1918
Italy	5	per cent, Nov. 11, 1918
Netherlands	4½	per cent, July 1, 1918
Belgium	5	per cent, Aug. 30, 1914
Austria-Hungary	5	per cent, April 10, 1914
Sweden	6½	per cent, Jan. 31, 1918
Spain	4½	per cent, Oct 28, 1914
In the Bombay	5	per cent. May 23, 1918
In the Bengal (Calcutta)	5	per cent, May 23, 1917
Madras	7	per cent, Jan 15, 1914

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, July 26.

Since our last report our markets ruled easier during the early part of the week with small demand and many sellers from Madras and improved later with good demand and prices remain two annas lower than last week. A fair quantity of Jawas is daily imported from Madras and there are about one hundred wagons to arrive shortly. There is good demand from Persian Gulf but the present stocks being damp and damaged fancy price is paid for sound goods. A good business is doing in China and Cossipore sugars at Rs. 26-8-0 to Rs. 27-8-0 and Rs. 24-0-0 to Rs. 25-0-0 respectively. Other Indian markets are quiet without any business. s. s. Toyo Maru has arrived from Mauritius with 24,000 bags of Syrups for one Native firm and 26,000 bags of Crystals as consignment by Government Some further consignments of Crystals are expected next month. There is no fresh news from Java.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 18-4-0 to Rs. 18-12-0 equal to 23s. 9d. F. B. H. stocks 60,000 bags.

Brown Rs. 14-8-0 to Rs. 18-12-0 equal to 18s. 4d. F. B. H. stocks 40,000 bags.

Soft Rs. 19-0-0 to Rs. 18-12-0 equal to 24s. F. B. H. stocks 7,000 bags.

Mauritius Crystals Rs. 18-8-0 to Rs. 19-0-0 stocks 52,000 bags.

TATA OIL MILLS.

The statutory meeting of the above Company was held yesterday, in the Navsari Building when report was submitted and passed:

The total number of Shares allotted is 61,293 of aggregage the nominal value of Rs. 61,29,300.

The Shares allotted are called up to the extent of Rs. 20 per share. No shares have been allotted as fully or partly paid up otherwise than in cash.

The total amount of cash received by the Company in respect of the said shares at Rs. 20 per share on application and allotment is Rs. 12,25,660. The estimated amount of Prospecting and Investigation and Preliminary expenses is Rs. 1,28,000.

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CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, 27TH OF JULY, 1918.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

4-6-18—Pursnotamrai & Co. Thacker Hansraj Pursnotam v. Thacker Gocuidas Mathurdas a firm, Menta D & L, Part heard.

LONG CAUSES.

20-18—Little & Co., Shantaram Balkrishna & anr v. Waman Gopal Wadekar & anr, Amin & D.

103-18—Payne & Co., Lakhmidas Kalidas & anr v. Framji Roreboi Wadia Menta D & L.

345-17—Crawford B & Co., Mahomed Ismail bin Mahomed Abdulla Bhaiji v. Ali Saheb Mahomed Essack & anr, Khambatta & Co.

1000-17—Craigie B & Co., The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China v. S Naran & Co. a firm, Payne & Co.

13-17—Amin & Desai, Shakrabhai Motilal Bapuji v. Framji Musha & ors, Mulla & M, Hiralal T. & Co.

698-17—Payne & Co., The Simplex Mills Co Ld. v. K H Kayani & Co. a firm, Surajmal & Co.

831-17—Jam R & D, Hemraj Jairam a firm v. Khoja Ali Mahomed Mulji, Merwanji K & Co.

772-17—Little & Co., The Continental Tyre & Rubber Co. Ld. v. The Madras Stable Co. a firm, Ragh N & Co.

588-17—Captain & V, Hinduji Krishnaji a firm v. Kasturchand Umaji & ors, Soonderdas & Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSES.

422-17—M B Chothia, Messrs Comer & Co. a firm v. Hormusji Bomanji Katrak & ors, Mulla & Mulla, Part heard.

125-17—Rustomji & Gin, Ananta Jaganath v. Balcrishna Ananta.

220-16—Judah & S, Joti Babaji v. Kesra Foosa & Co. a firm, Wadia G & Co.

921-17—Moti & Devi, Deokaran Mulji v. Panachand Bhagubai & ors, Bhimji & Co., Daph F & D.

90-17—Forbes & Co., Wadilal Hargowandas Shah v. Makubhai Kalubhai & ors, Jehangir G & B.

290-17—N C Dalal, Bhugwanlal Mulji v. Meghji Laxmidas, C P D'Cunha & Co.

291-17—N C Dalal, Bhugwanlal Mulji v. Mahomed Habibulla & ors, C P D'Cunha & Co.

726-12—Tyabji D & Co., Bhagwandas Parsharam a firm v. Kanayalal Jainarayen, Malvi M R & Co.

1337-14—Khambatta & Co., Purshotam Krishna Vete v. Pandurang Yeshwant Vete & ors, Khand L & M, Khambatta & Co.

833-17—Khand L & M, Anandrao Weshwanath Jaikar v. Tuljaram Goculdas Dalal & ors, Motichand & D.

88-17—Vachha & Co., Nanakji Raichand & Co, a firm v. Pandurang Gopal Nagwekar & ors, Jam R & D.

934-17—N C Dalal, Gordhandas Purshotamdas & ors v. Ebrahim Sulleman Sabehji & Co., a firm & ors, Forbes & Co.

1136-16—Pandia & Co., Edoo Rama Nimbalkar v. Messrs Trikemji Jiwandas a firm Kanga & Sayani.

227-17—Payne & Co., Kaikhusroo Hormusji Gheesta v. Kisanchand Jitmal & anr, Shroff & Din.

489-16—Payne & Co., The Indian & Peninsular Steam Navn. Co. Ld. v. Anandi Prasad Dube, Matu J & M.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN

In the Division Court No. 40.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL.

LIST A (ATTORNEYS.)

T & I J, In Re Petition for L/A of the Property and Credits of Gocuidas—Manekdal & K, Bai Gangavahu alias Hirabai widow, Petitioner For Order.

107-17—Edgelow G W & Co., Padamsingh Narsinghbhai v. Lalla Har Narain & anr, Madhowji K & Ch. Notice 24-7-18.

868-17—Shroff & Dinsha, Gulam Hoosein Mahomedally & Co. a firm v. Chaturbhuj Doongersey, Jamsetji R. & D, J Order 14-8-17.

In Re Indian Co.'s Act VII of 1913—Daphtary F & D, In Re the Gaekwar Sugar Works and Distillary Co., Ltd. v. The Gaekwar Sugar Works and Distillary Co. Ltd., Parties Concerned, 13-6-18.

1180-17—Wadia G & Co., Hooseinbhoy Mu'la Abdeally Amik v. J Padamraj, Madhowji K & Ch, 9-7-18

1180-17—Vachha & Co., Kastoor Moolaji & anr v. Bai Aaitoobai widow & ors 11-7-18.

In Re Indian Co.'s Act VI of 1882 and In Re Indian Specie Bank Ltd. in Liquidation—Manilal & Kher, Chandregawri widow, Petitioner v. J Sandars Slater, Applicant, In person, 12-7-18.

C C 986-18—Motichand & D, Messrs Jagjiwandas Anandji a firm v Messrs Jethabhai Kallianji a firm, Ardesir H D & Co., 18-7-18.

C C 992-18—Edgelow G W & Co., Nazar Abdulla Dharamsey v. Jinubhai B Mehta, 18-7-18.

936-18—Sunderdas & Co., Jethabhai Rupji v. Dr Dinsha Framji Commisariatwalla, Mirza M & M, J Order, 18-7-18.

1090-17—Malvi M R & Co., Umedram Jivabhai a firm v. Tarachand Savantram, Amin & Desai, 22-7-18.

1085-17—Malvi M R & Co., Umedram Jivabhai a firm v. Tarachand Savantram, Amin & Desai, 22-7-18.

In Re Indian Trusts Act II of 1882—Ardesir H D & Co., In Re Deed of Trust dated 28th January 1884 v. Bapuji Dadabhai Lana & ors, Petitioners. Petition for hearing.

C S 922-18—Merwanji K & Co., Merwanji Mancherji Cama & anr v. The Advocate-General of Bombay, 9-7-18.

LIST B (COUNSEL.)

29-13—Tyabji D & Co., Salleh Mahomed Ladha v. Esmail Virji & ors, Mancharshaw & N, Notice 14-3-18.

558-03—Mulji & Tha, Jamnabai widow v. Fazulbhai Heptulla & ors Messrs Mulji & Khambatta a firm, applicants, Parties Concerned, Notice 3-4-18, in Suit No. 775 of 1915.

In Re Indian Arbitration Act IX of 1899 and Re Agreement dated 26th March 1917 and Re Suit No. 648 of 1918—Jamsetji R & D, Tulsiram Karamchand & Co., a firm, Petitioners v. Maganlal Dulabhai Desai, Respondent, Daphtary F & D. Notice 22-7-18.

In Re G & Wards Act VIII of 1890—Jamsetji R & D, In Re Mariambai a minor v. Jenumbai widow, Petitioner, Notice 24-7-18.

CRICKET AT NASIK.

Two matches were played on the 20th and 21st instant between the Islami Cricket Club and the European Gymkhana, and resulted in wins for the former by 9 and 129 runs, respectively.

The scores:—

FIRST DAY.

NASIK ISLAMI C. C.

Abdul Rajak c Monk	10
R M Shaikh b Keder	1
G M Shaikh b Monk	8
Richard b Keder	27
S Usman "snad" (capt.) b Leak	26
Shamshudeen b Keder	11
Abdul Rasheed b Leak	10
Abdul Waheb b Leak	9
Kassim (not out)	5
S B Khatib (run out)	3
Fakir Mohamed b Keder	0
Extras	14
Total	120

NASIK GYMKHANA.

Kirk b Richard	10
Khanna b G M Shaikh	12
Finch b Richard	10
G A W Monk b G M Shaikh	4
Major c Richard	3
Legarus (Keder) b Richard	18
Fulandon c G M Shaikh	28
Fely Gerald b Richard	4
Leak b Richard	12
Millor (capt.) (not out)	0
Akaayd b Richard	0
Extras	10
Total	111

SECOND DAY.

NASIK ISLAMI C. C.

Abdul Rajak l-b-w b Keder	5
R M Shaikh c and b Keder	2
Richard b Keder	121
M R Ruchin (retired)	50
S Usman "snad" (capt.) (retired)	9
G M Shaikh, Abdul Rasheed, Abdul Waheb, Shamshudeen, Kassim and S B Khatib, did not bat.	
Extras	2
Total	189

NASIK GYMKHANA.

Finch c and b G M Shaikh	0
Legarus (Keder) b Richard	4
Middletien b Richard	0
Khanna b Richard	11
Southereitn b Richard	0
S A W Monk (capt.) b Richard	3
Toany b Richard	26
Fitzgeralds (retired)	
Millar b G M Shaikh	5
W M Tibell (retired)	4
Dea did not bat.	
Extras	7
Total	60

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

The fixture between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Poona Gymkhana, which was to have come off yesterday, will take place to-day and to-morrow, on the Esplanade "Maidan."

RECRUITMENT IN PUNJAB.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Fourteen thousand recruits were enlisted in the Punjab last month of whom 12,300 were combatants being 5,500 more than in May.

MOTOR CAR ON FIRE.

A motor car No. 4439 belonging to Mr. Tejmal Tulsiram was returning to the garage at Chandanwadi and the driver instructed the cleaner Govindram to put out the lamps. While the cleaner was doing so he observed the rear lamp ablaze, and also the petrol tank. He raised on alarm and Police Sepoy No. 21646C rang the street fire alarm and and fire engines from Babula Tank and Bhuleshwar came upon the scene, but the fire was put out before their arrival. Not much damage has been done to the car.

BOMBAY STUDENT'S BROTHERHOOD.

Dr. H. H. Mann will deliver a lecture on "Problems of Indian Villages" to-day, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the Prarthana Mandir Hall Girgaum, when the Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas C.I.E., will preside. The Senior Class will be conducted by Mr. B. K. Dhurandhar to-morrow at 9 a.m., (S.T.), at the Prarthana Mandir Hall when he will expound Milton's "Liberty." The Junior Class will be conducted by Dr. P. N. Daruwalla on the same day and at the same time at the Headquarters, Girgaum, when he will expound Tennyson's "Enoch Arden."

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Bombay, 24th July 1918

PLAGUE CASES	Attacks.	Deaths
Fort, Northern	1	Nil
SMALL-POX	1	1
CHOLERA	Nil	Nil
Total	2	1
	1918.	1917
Total Mortality ..	91	103

At the St. Joseph's Church Lucknow, on Thursday last Captain Elgwood was married to Miss Ethel Hunt. The Very Rev. Father Lewis officiated. The bride was given away by Colonel Dimond. All the officers of his regiment were present. A reception was held at the Chutter Munzil. The happy couple left by mail for Calcutta.

Stringency of cash and small change is now easing off in the Punjab where one rupee notes are being taken increasingly into circulation.

62-18—M V Gokhale Krishnadas Gordhandas v. Haridas Nanabhai & anr, Payne & Co., 18-7-18.

582-18—Matubhai J & M, Mistry Hirji Jairam v. Sheth Surajmal Harnandrai Purshotumrai & Co., 18-7-18.

1436-17—Daphtary F & D, Thakardas Ranchhodas Ghandi & Co., Bakubhai Ambalal a firm Lhai K & Gir, 22-7-18.

227-16—Tyabji D & Co., Bai Kesarbai alias Ramabai widow v. Kallianji Koreji Payne & Co., 22-7-18.

360-11—Jamsetji R & D, Chimabai widow v Dhulia Kuppa & ors, Payne & Co. 22-7-18

1368-17—N C Dalal, Nagindhand Kapurchand & Co. a firm v. Zoomalal Moonalal Payne & Co., 23-7-18.

S S 822-18—D J Mantri, Pardunji Nowroji Fordunji v. S R Harapanhali, Captain & Vaidya, For Application.

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A fine opportunity for the Poor.

CAMBAY STATE WAR LOAN LOTTERY.

FIRST PRIZE OF RS 20,0 0.

This lottery is started with the permission of the Administrator of the Cambay State. The amount realised will be distributed in prizes after deducting the expenses and the commission. It will be drawn in the presence of the State Officers and the gentry. All prizes except the last will be given in War Loan or Cash Certificates.

The Closing Day—9th Sept. 1918.

The Drawing Day—23rd Sept. 1918.

For particulars apply to the Secretaries, Cambay State War Loan Lottery, Cambay.

AMBALAL JOSHI,
B. N. SHAH,
Hon. Secretaries.

Cambay, 18th June, 1918. 959

urchase a WATERPROOF OVERCOAT from us at Rs. 7 each

stead of spending Rs. 40 or 50 for a new one.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana v. Poona Gymkhana, Esplanade "Maidan." Hindu Gymkhana v. Elphinstone College Gymkhana, Kennedy Sea Face.

SUNDAY, July 28.

Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana v. Poona Gymkhana, Esplanade "Maidan."

Cricket: Parsi Gymkhana v. Hindu Gymkhana, Kennedy Sea Face. Bombay Gymkhana "B" team v. Spencer Cup Eleven, Esplanade "Maidan."

Mails for Muscat, Charbar, Hanjam, Bandar Abbas, Linga Dubai, Pasni, Bahrein and Bushire will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 8-0 a.m.

TUESDAY, July 30.

Bombay Natural History Society. "At Home" of members and friends at 6, Apollo Street, at 6-15 p.m.

THURSDAY, Aug. 1.

Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Native General Library—6-15 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Royal Opera House: Cinema at 6.30, 9-30 Howitt Phillips Co.

Excelsior Framley Co., at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties: Gaiety Theatre 6-30 and 10-0.

West-End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0 8-45 and 10-15.

Empire Cinema: At 4-30: 6-30: 8-15 & 10 p.m.

Majestic Cinema: Girgaum, near Tram Terminus: 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30

Precious Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.).

New Alexandra Cinema: Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45, and 10-30 (S.T.)

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road. 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.).

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 30	14 25
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)...	15 30	21
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	9 15	13 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 30
Poona Mail	11 30	14 45
Poona Express	19 40	7 50

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M
Northern Express	12 30	16
Gujarat Mail	8 25	21
Kathiawar 3rd class Express ...	7 56	21 20

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By permission Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Ry. Battalion, will play a programme of music under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, to-day, commencing, at 6-15 p.m.

YAUNG KHOJA BROTHERHOOD.

A conversational meeting of the Brotherhood will be held to-day at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the hall of the Brotherhood.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY STUDENTS' FEDERATION.

The Constitution Revision Committee meets to-morrow at 4 p.m., in the premises of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood.

GHATKOPER STUDENTS' UNION.

The second annual gathering of the above Union will be held to-morrow in the Ramji Asar School at 8-30 a.m. (S T.), Mr. Gopalji Ramji presiding.

NEW SARASWAT UNION.

The fifth anniversary of the above Union will be celebrated at the Laxmi Bag, New Bhatwadi Road, to-morrow at 4 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. V. N. Naik, will preside.

ALL INDIA SARASWAT BRAHMAN SABHA

The first annual general meeting of the above institution will be held to-morrow, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Saraswat Cooperative Buildings, Gamdevi.

YOUNG DAVADNYA UNION.

The second annual general meeting of the Union will be held on Sunday next 5 p.m., (S.T.), in the hall of Shri Mangal Harichandralaye, when Mr. S. N. Hate, will preside.

GANESHA LODGE T. S.

At the weekly meeting of the above Society Mr. G. B. Vaidya, will give a discourse on "Harivijaya" to-morrow, at 5 p.m. at Vaidya Brothers' Hall, 6 Bhai Jivanji Lane, Thakurdwar Road.

JENABAI ORPHANAGE UNION.

The weekly meeting of the Jenabai Orphanage Young Boys' Union will be held to-morrow at 10-30 a.m., when Mr. Valimohomed Ismail will deliver a lecture on "Education" Mr. G. H. Kamar will preside.

MARATHI CLASS IN ECONOMICS.

The above class will, as usual meet under the auspices of the Indian Economic Society, to-morrow, at 9 a.m., (S.T.), at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, it will be conducted by Mr. C. S. Deole, of the Servants of India Society.

BOMBAY LADIES' BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

A discourse in English will be given by Professor Louis Peldier on "France, Frenchwomen and Frenchmen" to-day at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the residence of Mrs. Marten Harkness Road Malabar Hill.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE TEMPERANCE CLUB.

Under the auspices of the above club a public lecture in Marathi will be delivered by Mr. S. K. Bole, on "Millhands and Temperance" to-morrow, in the Free Library of the Temperance Club, New Foras Road Dongre's buildings.

DECCAN MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

A public lecture in Marathi will be delivered under the auspices of the above Association by Prof. N. N. Godbole of Dayalsingh College, Lahore on "The Commercial and Industrial facilities in Japan" to-morrow, at 9 a.m. (S. T.), in the Association Hall, at Girgaon Back Road.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay, Mr. L. R. Kulkarni will deliver a public lecture in Marathi on "Sages" to-morrow, at 9-30 p.m. in Petit's New Compound, Tardeo. Another public lecture will be delivered by Mr. G. V. Kulkarni, Editor, Udyan, on "Shri Krishna and his Mission" on the same day at 6-30 p.m. in Dorabji's Chawl, near Tram Terminus, Tardeo.

TELUGU BAL DNYANOTTEJAK SAMAJ.

The following are the successful winners of prizes in the Essay Competition 1918 held under the auspices of this Samaj:—

1. Among the under graduates 1st Mr. Sayajee B. Awar, 2nd Mr. K. B. Jakkal. prizes Rs. 15 and 5 respectively.

1. Among the undergraduates, 1st Mr. C. N. Megartol, 2nd Mr. Sopandeo R. Pupal, prizes Rs. 10 and 5 respectively.

3. Among the ladies and girls, 1st Miss Rajubai Keshaorao, 2nd Mrs. Tarabai Chitty. prizes Rs. 10 and 5 respectively.

The Essay Competition Committee tenders its thanks to the respective examiners of the three heads Messrs. K. V. Uplap, P. P. Battasu and S. S. Gangla.

A VICTIM OF DRINKING.

A European fireman, Charles Morris, aged about 39, was found lying dead near his bed in the Sailor's Home. There was a pool of blood near him. The deceased had been drinking hard for the past few days, and on the night of Thursday he was under the influence of liquor and fell down from his bed several times. He was breathing heavily in the morning and died soon after.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

To-day the Howitt-Phillips Company give two performances "The Story of the Rosary" at five o'clock matinee and "Within the Law" at 9-30. The former melodrama was seen for the first time this season at the Royal Opera House on Thursday evening. Next week the Company will pre ent two plays new to Bombay. On Thursday and Friday will be staged the Lyceum melodrama "The Prince and the Beggar Maid," which would have been staged earlier but for the ravages of Bombay fever among the cast. It should prove every bit as popular as "Seven Days' Leave," for it is from the pen of the same author, is on similar lines and created a great success when produced in London. At both shows next Saturday "Out There" is due. This is a topical play by the author of "Peg o' my Heart," and was specially written to assist recruiting in America. Its message does not apply to India as conditions are entirely different, but if the public treat it purely as an entertainment and not as a sermon it should be splendidly received. Miss Doris Phillips will be seen in the part of a patriotic little scrub-lady whose enthusiasm carries her into the realms of oratory. The early part of the week will be devoted to old successes.

There will be no cinema to-day, but an E. H. Du Casse bill will be shown at 6-30 and 10 o'clock to-morrow.

THE EMPIRE.

Bombay will see for the first time the great Charlie Chaplin latest comedy made by the new firm which pays him the enormous salary of £4,000 a week. This firm is the Mutual Chaplin and they have produced 12 comedies, this comedian whose English rights were sold for half a million dollars. The first of these to reach Bombay is "The Count" and it is claimed that this is the funniest film the famous mirth merchant has delivered. Charlie is really a tailor's assistant but somehow manages to find himself in high society as "A Court." The screaming adventures in the ballroom are unending and to see him doing the latest Fox Trots, Tangos, Bostons, etc., on a slippery floor is a continual yell. The film is in 2 parts and the Excelsior Theatres Co., Ld. who also run the Empire have exclusive rights for Bombay for the mutual Chaplin Comedies. In addition to the above a new star will appear on the Empire screen in the person of Miss Mary Miles Minter a young and lovely little actress who specialises in charming sentimental plays, several of which have been secured by the Empire. The first of the series will be "Environment" not a very fetching title but we are sure Empire patrons will at once fall in love with this daintiest of girl stars, no matter what the film is. It is in four acts.

IMPERIAL.

The last three episodes of the "Seven Pearls" will be shown at the Imperial from to-night. Besides some very exciting adventures and tremendous fights the conclusion of the story is as startling as it is unexpected. These last three chapters are indeed the best of the series and form quite a good entertainment by themselves. As six parts of the serial are being shown this week there is only the Gazette and a pretty little scenic besides on the programme.

The Imperial announce a new serial made by Pathe and entitled "The Hidden Hand" which will be commenced the week after next. This serial features Miss Doris Kenyon a Pathe Goldrocster Star and Mr. Sheldon Lewis who played the memorable part of the Clutching Hand in the "Exploits of Elaine" and the "Iron Claw" in the play of the same name.

NEW ALEXANDRA.

A handsome young Italian artist and a beautiful Russian Duchess traveling incognito are the chief characters in "The Torment," a dramatic production which is to be screened to-night at the new Alexandra. The scene is laid in sunny Italy, the warm climate of which is so suited to the birth of romance. The plot is both unusual and highly dramatic. The picture is worth seeing if only for its splendid scenic effects. In the course of the story the spectator has a chance enjoying splendid views of almost all the magnificent and interesting places of ancient and modern times for which Italy is famous The acting also is creditable.

There is also the usual Pictorial News, and a comedy drama in two parts, "Never Again," which makes up a thoroughly enjoyable programme.

THE MAJESTIC.

Two more episodes of the latest Universal Serial the Red Ace will be screened at this popular picture palace during this week. These are in keeping with the preceding ones in action. The heroine is seen struggling against immense odds to save the life of her lover and assumes a strange guise to divert the activities of her enemies in a wrong direction. Among the most thrilling moments provided in these four Chapters, is her single-handed fight against an infuriated mob—a scene which can better be seen than described. This week's programme also includes the amusing and instructive Universal Screen Magazine and a two-part comedy drama entitled "Dropped from the Clouds."

EDUCATION FOR MAHOMEDANS.

MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION IN PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

The following Press Note has been issued by the Government regarding the medium of instruction in primary schools for Muhammadans:—

In Government Resolution No. 1143, dated 30th April 1917, containing orders on a report of the committee specially appointed to submit recommendations for the furtherance of Muhammadan education in the Presidency proper, his Excellency the Governor in Council, for the reasons stated in paragraph 8 of the Government Resolution, decided that the local vernacular should be restored to its former position as the medium of instruction in primary schools for Muhammadans except in special cases and also that Urdu should be included as an optional second language in the curriculum of such schools.

This decision was not received with satisfaction by a considerable section of the Muhammadan community, and a number of influential representations were made from various quarters asking for its reconsideration. In response to these representations his Excellency the Governor in Council invited the leading Muhammadan gentlemen of the Presidency to meet together and discuss the question with him in all its aspects.

As a result of this discussion Government have now decided to cancel the aforesaid Government Resolution in so far as it relates to the medium of instruction and in its place to introduce a system of local option. Under this system the Muhammadan community throughout the Presidency proper will be given the opportunity to state whether they desire their boys to be taught in primary schools through the medium of Urdu or the local vernacular, and in those localities where boys are forthcoming in sufficient numbers to justify the opening of separate Muhammadan schools, Government are prepared to provide the necessary facilities for imparting instruction through the media desired. When the total number of Muhammadan boys in any school-going area is insufficient to justify the opening of more than one Muhammadan primary school, the medium through which instruction will be imparted at that school will be the medium preferred by the majority of parents on the date on which these orders come into operation. Members of the Muhammadan community desirous of availing themselves of these facilities should address their applications to the Divisional Educational Inspector.

The Governor in Council has further decided that in those schools in which Urdu is made the medium of instruction the local vernacular shall be included in the curriculum as a compulsory second language and, conversely, that Urdu shall be made a compulsory second language when the local vernacular is established as the medium of instruction.

Government have not considered it expedient to lay down hard and fast rules as to the minimum numbers required for opening new schools, but they have informed the Director of Public Instruction of their opinion that ordinarily there should be an assured average attendance of 25 boys before a new school is opened, while if the average attendance at a school for any length of time fell below 15 it should ordinarily be closed.

The Director of Public Instruction has also been requested to submit for the approval of Government such changes in the existing Urdu standards as may be necessitated by these orders.

MUNICIPAL FRANCHISE FOR TENANTS.

PROPOSED ASSOCIATION.

On Wednesday last a public meeting was held in the Servants of India Society's Home to consider the question of forming a Tenants' Association in Bombay. Mr. M. K. Thakore, presided. Mr. T. A. Kulkarni explained the purposes for which the meeting was called and mentioned that the chief object of forming a Tenants' Association was to secure Municipal franchise for tenants. Mr. N. M. Joshi who followed gave it as his opinion that tenants paying a monthly rent of Rs. 10 should be given in the Municipal franchise because the larger number of voters would make the city fathers more responsiblle to the people.

The President after a few concluding remarks proposed that a provisional Committee consisting of Mr. N. M. Joshi, Mr. M. K. Thakore, Mr. S. K. Naique, Mr. G R. Desai and Mr. T. A. Kulkarni be formed to prepare an admission form for membership and that people be invited to join as members in the Tenants' Association.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

MOUNTED SPORTS.

The following is the programme for Wednesday next commencing at 5-30 p.m. (weather permitting).

Tent Pegging.—Horses and Ponies (two runs).

Individual Jumping.—Horses and Ponies.

Duck Apple Stakes.—Competitors to ride a course to where buckets of water each containing an apple will be placed, dismount and holding their horses pick the apple out of the water with their teeth, remount and return to winning post with apple in mouth. The apple at no period in the race to be touched by hand.

Aunt Sally Stakes.—Men will ride course, hand their horses to syces, put on hats and kneel with their backs to their partners who will knock off the hats with tennis balls. As soon as a mans hat is knocked off he will mount and return over course to winning post.

Lloyd Lindsay.—In half sections. Competitors to ride a course and with polo balls knock cocoanuts off posts. Each competitor to knock down two cocoanuts while his partner remains mounted holding his horse.

"SUREST WAY TO SELF-GOVERNMENT."

MR. GANDHI AT KARMASED.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

Satyagraha Camp.
NADIAD, July 24.

As you know Mahatma Gandhiji is still preparing the ground for an active recruiting campaign. On the 14th instant he made his third recruiting speech in Kaira, in Karamsad, a village in Anand Taluka. He said at the outset that he was there to give them an unpalatable dose and he hoped that they would not turn away from it all at once bearing in mind that one of the principal characteristic of a self-governing and liberty-loving people was to give ear to all counsels and to choose the one that appealed to them most. What he asked them, is the meaning of Swarajya? "Our villages are no better than dunghills; we cannot depend on ourselves and our families against robbers or wild beasts; Mukhis and Rawanias coerce and oppress us as they will; we have no arms, and we do not know the use of arms. Is this Swarajya? And yet this is the natural order throughout India. Imagine the tidiness and the atmosphere of quiet and healthy independence of an English village and think how miserably an Indian village compares with it. It is because every Englishman can stand on his legs and can defend his home and his village against any invader that the English village appears so incomparably superior to ours.

The first essential of Swarajya is thus the power of self-protection. I am fit for Swarajya only when I am able to defend myself and to shed my blood for my country and India could be said to be living only if five lakhs of men lay down their lives for her. A seed must loose itself in earth in order that numerous seeds may spring up of it. Even so from the ashes of the thousands dying for India, will spring up a living India. We Indians visit temples every morning and evening and pay our obeisances to Gods, Gods who, we say, descend on earth to protect the weak and succor the oppressed, when virtue subrides and vice prevails. It then ill becomes us to go to these temples if we have not the spirit and the capacity of self-defence in us. And what would did our Ramchandra and Krishna do? They modelled heroes out of common clay and equipped them for self-defence. The golden opportunity for acquiring the power of self-defence has come to us and it behoves us to seize it and profit by it.

INDIA'S DUTY.

An Empire that has been defending India and of which India aspired to be the equal partner is in great peril and it ill befits India to stand aloof at the hour of its destiny. The argument that a Government that had behaved unsympathetically towards us does not deserve any help is idle because helping the Government meant nothing but helping ourselves. And India too is under grave stress. India would be nowhere without Englishmen. If the British do not win, whom shall we go to for claiming equal partnership? Shall we go to the victorious German, or the Turk or the Afghan for it? We shall have no right to do so; the victorious nation will set its mind on imposing taxes, on repressing, harassing and tyrannising over the vanquished. Only after making its position secure will it listen to our demands. Whereas the liberty loving English will surely yield when they have seen that we have laid down our lives for them. The thought that our hearts our homes, our fields and our cattle will go to rack and ruin if we all go to the war need not stop us. Our old men and women will take care of these as they naturally must, and it will be a great training for them. One feeling and one only should be uppermost in the minds of each of us: No one dare invade my country; if he does, he dare take nothing out of it, excepting my dead body fallen in defence thereof."

Towards the conclusion he reiterated that enlistment was the surest and straightest way to self-government and exhorted the brave people of Karamsad who had acquitted themselves so splendidly during the Kaira Campaign, to send at least a hundred men to the war.

It would appear that as a result of the appeal fourteen people gave in their names on the next day. A more enthusiastic response is expected.

PAY OF INDIAN SOLDIERS.'

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, July 26.

The "Pioneer" says: "The statement, attributed by Reuter to Mr. Montagu, respecting the increased pay of the Indian Army is entirely inaccurate. The question addressed to the Secretary of State refers to the British Officers of the Indian Army, and we understand that the proposals of the Government of India for increase in the emoluments of Indian soldiers have been accepted by the Home authorities."

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, July 26.

The conditions have again improved slightly. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Konkan and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Madras Deccan. A few falls also occurred in Assam, the United Provinces, the Punjab Kashmir, Central Provinces, east Hyderabad and south Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Table Island, Mergui and Tavoy three inches, Dinajpur and Lucknow one and half, Simla two, Ludhiana and Montgomery a half and Kodaikanal one.

Forecast:—Diminution of rain in the Punjab and increase in the north-east of the Peninsula.

THE REFORM SCHEME.

"LACKS LOGIC AND LIBERALTY."

A CALCUTTA MODERATE'S LIEW.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

CALCUTTA, July 26.

Mr. Prithvis Chunder Roy, a Moderate leader and the Secretary of the National Liberal League, writes to the press, saying that it is a great pity that the Reform Scheme should have lacked logic, liberality and breadth of view where Indian nationalists had a right to expect them from its distinguished authors.

OUGHT TO BE WELCOMED.

MIR ASAD ALI ON REFORMS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, July 26.

The Hon. Nawab Mir Asad Ali Khan Bahadur, writing to the press, while reserving criticism of certain features and details of the Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme, confesses that the proposals contain germs of responsible government and that the policy of the 20th August has been adhered to in framing the scheme. He says while practical suggestions may be made to improve the scheme and render it acceptable to representative Indian opinion, the scheme ought to be welcomed by all the sections of the Indian population, and deserves to adorn the Indian Statute Book. When the scheme is modified in the light of responsible criticism from responsible leaders and publicists, it is bound to prove a great blessing to the people of India.

PANDIT JAGAT NARAIN'S SUPPORT.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, July 26.

In a letter received here this morning the Hon. Pandit Jagat Narain, Chairman of the Reception Committee, Lucknow Congress, says:—"I have gone very carefully through the report and have come to the conclusion that an honest and genuine attempt has been made to solve a very difficult and complex problem. The changes proposed are a very great advance on the present conditions though they do not go far enough to fulfil the expectations raised in the public mind by the repeated declarations of British statesmen about their war aims. In spite of the defects, I am prepared to welcome the scheme as a first substantial instalment towards the fulfilment of the promise contained in the August declaration and its hasty rejection will be a misfortune for the country. It is our duty to press for modifications and expansion in several directions, but this should not prevent us from giving the scheme generally our whole-hearted support."

BERAR LEADERS' MANIFESTO

"NOT A WHIT REDUCING THE POWERS OF BUREAUERACY."

(From a Correspondent.)

YEOTMAL, July 26.

The Hon. Mr. Khaparde, the Hon. Mr. Tambe, Mr. Damlay of Amraoti, Rao Sahib Dighe, Messrs. Jatkar, Chiplunkar of Akola, Pimplikar of Malkapur, Chapekar of Ellichpur, Syed Abdul Ranf Shah of Pandharkawada, and Aney, Abhyankar, Bapat Damlay, Jatkar and Doctor Paranjpe of Yeotmal have issued the following manifesto regarding the Montagu-Chelmsford Reform Proposals:—

"We are of opinion while admitting that the Scheme discloses the honest and sincere attempt on the part of the Viceroy and the Secretary of State of India to grapple with the situation, the people of Berar view the Scheme as not a whit reducing the power of the bureaucracy, and that even as regards the Provincial autonomy, the Scheme falls short of even the humblest aspirations of the people and, that with regard to the Government of India, it is made more autocratic than at present and, that on the whole, the Scheme requires substantial and radical modifications, before it can become acceptable to the people."

SPECIAL BERAR PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE.

(From a Correspondent.)

AKOLA, July 26.

The special Berar Provincial Conference has been settled to meet at Akola on August 11, Mr. B. G. Horniman presiding. The Hon. Mr. Mahajani has been elected chairman of the Reception Committee.

PUBLIC MEETING AT KALYAN.

Under the joint auspices of the Indian Home Rule League, Thana District Branch; and the Thana Sub-Divisional Congress Committee, a Public Meeting will be held at Kalyan, to-morrow, at 5 p.m. in the Sant Tukaram Theatre to consider the Reform Scheme and to elect delegates for the coming Special Congress. Rao Bahadur C. V. Vaidya, will preside and Shet Mavji Govindji and Mr. S. V. Lalit will be among the speakers.

GERMAN BANKS IN BRAZIL.

OPERATIONS RESTRICTED TO LIQUIDATION OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 5-15 p.m., July 26.

Rio de Janeiro.—The Government has restricted the operations of the German banks in Brazil to the liquidation of current business. It is believed that this foreshadows the closing of the banks.

SECOND INDIAN WAR LOAN.

The following is the progressive total of subscriptions to the Second Indian War Loan (excluding subscriptions to Post Office), as known up to 6-30 p.m. 26th July, 1918. Important contributions from Native States are shown separately:—

Provinces:—

	Rs.
Bengal	9,74,05,200
Bombay	5,80,11,400
Madras	1,45,10,900
United Provinces	1,44,85,200
Punjab	1,25,80,200
Burma	63,37,400
Minor Administrations	63,18,800
Central Provinces	26,18,900
Bihar and Orissa	21,71,100
Assam	3,12,200
Native States:—	
Hyderabad	50,00,000
Total	Rs. 21,97,51,300

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, July 26th

			Total up-to-date.
War Bonds	Rs,	600	Rs. 1,09,950- 0
Cash Certificates	„	3,658	„ 1,59,688-12
Total ..		4,258 ..	2,69,638-12

A WARD COMMITTEE.

Attention is invited to the fact that the A Ward Committee have opened 3 offices, one at Messrs. Karanjia & Co., 207, Hornby Road, another at 144, Bazar Gate Street and the third in the Colaba Dispensary, where all information regarding the Indian War Loan is being given. Last year the Committee had been successful in securing subscriptions of over Rs. 10,00,000 to the War Loan and it is hoped that this year also the residents of the A Ward will come forward with their generous offers to subscribe to the Loan and thus help the Empire in prosecuting the war to a successful end. So far this year the Committee have been able to secure subscriptions amounting to Rs. 26,200 and also have replied many inquiries from the intending purchasers.

INTEREST ON WAR LOAN INVESTMENTS.

TO BE CREDITED TO LAND REVENUE ACCOUNT.

The Government of Bombay in *press note* state:—

The Government of India have acceded to the expressed de ire of many land-holders, particularly of the Mahomedan community, that interest due to them on investments in the Indian War Loan should be credited to their land revenue accounts instead of being paid direct. This concession will be granted to all holders of War Loan Scrip whether in the form of promissory notes, stock certificates or bearer bonds, no matter whether they are original applicants or their transferees. Those investors who desire to take advantage of this concession should apply to the treasury officer of the district in which they reside.

NEED FOR FOOD PARCELS.

NEVER MORE URGENT THAN NOW.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 26.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., July 26.

The Duke of Connaught and Lord Lansdowne on behalf of the Red Cross and St. John's organisations have sent a letter to the press suggesting that the offertories at religous services commemorating the anniversary of the war on August 4th be devoted to the care of the British war prisoners. They point out that the need of food parcels was never more urgent.

SATISFACTORY FOOD SITUATION.

ECONOMY NEEDED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 26.
Recd. 10-15 p.m., July 26.

At a dinner to the Allied Food Controllers, Mr. Clynes announced that rationing of bacon would be abolished as the supplies were so satisfactory that the consumer would be able to purchase any quantity.

Mr. Lloyd George, while joining in Mr. Hoover's paean of triumph and contrasting the bad food conditions in Enemy countries with those of the Allies uttered a warning as to the necessity of economy as supplies for the huge American army would absorb more tonnage than the transport of men. Every shipload we can save here or in France or Italy means adding, not merely to the numbers, but to the efficiency of the American army.

Mr. Hoover said that food supplies were assured for the period of war, and he did not think it necessary to estimate for more than two years.

ALL-INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

The report of the Indian Cotton Committee is to be sent Home for the signatures of Messrs. Wadia and Hodgkinson who are now in England.

Sir Harcourt Butler will address a recruiting and war loan meeting at the Mayo Hall on Monday afternoon, and receive address from the Allahabad Municipal Board, on Tuesday at noon.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, 27th July, 1918.

THE NEW RENT BILL.

The new Rent Bill now on the legislative anvil will be introduced in Council on Monday next. This supplementary measure was foreshadowed by the Hon. Mr. Carmichael at the passing of the principal Rent Act, the intention then being to legislate on different principles as regards small holdings. The Government had, at this juncture, a convenient opportuinty of amending some of the glaring defects in the principal Act to which our correspondents have drawn attention from time to time, but they do not seem to have thought the present time opportune for the purpose. The new Bill is meant to restrict the increase of rent of small premises only. The measure, in order to be sufficiently beneficent ought, we think, to have fixed the limit of all premises at Rs. 50 at least, if not more. In these days many a tenant from the middle class pays rent ranging from Rs. 30 to 50 and this class is entitled to as much consideration as tenants paying rent under Rs. 20. The relief afforded by the principal Act is, no doubt, always available to the higher class of tenants, but it would have been far more salutary if some of the drastic provisions of the new Act had also been made applicable in the case of tenancies of over Rs. 20. Chief among these we would suggest the penal clauses for knowingly demanding or receiving rent in excess of the maximum fixed under the Act and the placing of vacant premises at the disposal of the Governor-in-Council.

A *propos* of the latter contingency, it appears as if the procedure prescribed for acquiring possession of premises which are deliberately left empty is unnecessarily long and cumbersome. In the first instance the applicant for any vacant premises has to apply to the owner and ensure his refusal. Thereafter he is to apply to the Controller who will determine his suitability as a desirable tenant, and then call upon the owner by a written order to let the premises to the applicant at the maximum rent. If within one week of the service of such order the owner fails or refuses to let the place to the applicant the Controller will give yet another notice to place the premises, within a certain time, not at his disposal but at the disposal of the Governor in Council, who again "may dispose of and use such premises in such manner as he may deem fit." This long and dilatory procedure means waste of so much red tape which always spells unconscionable delay. Then, again, the Governor in Council shall pay to the owner the rent of such premises. How, if the tenant, in his turn, fails to pay the Governor in Council or Controller. In case the tenant suddenly died leaving arrears of rent and a load of debts behind, who would be the loser? In case it be necessary to sue the tenant for recovery of rent, who is to pay the Court Piper? Does the Secretary of State for India mean to convert himself into a general rent-farmer or bill-collector. It would be far simpler and more expeditious if, on the owner declining to give possession, the Controller were authorised to issue a certificate which would automatically create a statutory tenancy between the owner and the applicant. The owner could then recover the rent in the ordinary course as from any other tenant. The method laid down for recovery of excess rent paid to the landlord is also of doubtful efficacy. It has been proposed to invest magistrates with the power of recovering the excess in the same manner as a fine. Before making such order the magistrate would necessarily have to make some inquiry, howsoever summary, to satisfy himself as to the facts of the case. This would mean the filing of an application and two hearings. If the ignorant labourer is expected to move the police court of his own motion the provision may as well be dropped from the enactment. In recovering an excess of a couple of rupees illegally recovered, the tenant will have to spend as much in the shape of gharry hire and the executing officer's time-honoured tip. Out of the excess when recovered, the expenses of recovery are directed to be deducted and only the balance will be payable to the tenant. A civil court decree, would, under the circumstances, be more desirable as the tenant would at least get his costs. But, if the aid of the Criminal Courts must be invoked, the more equitable course would be to levy a distress, both for the excess to be refunded and costs, so that the right party may be punished and the injured tenant may not suffer. Another glaring defect in the Act is as to the extent of its applicability to a certain class of premises only, viz., buildings for human occupation, shops, and buffalo or milch cow stables. The solicitude of the framers of the Act for cows and buffaloes is based on economic grounds. Does the horse and bullock play no part in the economy of Bombay Town? The drudges who drive these animals are always worse off than owners of milch cattle who wax fat by retailing water at the price of milk. The Act requires the Controller in various positions to follow the rules framed under the Act. We sincerely trust there will be no undue delay in framing these rules so as not to make the Act a dead letter for months together. We are surprised to find that as yet the High Court has not framed any rules for the conduct of proceedings under the principal Act.

Having adverted upon the salient features of the Act, we are constrained to quarrel with its draftsmanship. In the case of the Act first passed, the draftsman had the advantage of having the skeleton form of the English Act before him, but the present Act being the first of its kind the phraseology of many of the clauses appears to be laboured, obscure and complicated. The Act itself is short enough, but the prolixity of its sections is in the inverse proportion. What might have been conveniently divided into half-a-dozen separate and short clauses, has been needlessly cramped into a single section with its clauses and sub-clauses, provisos and reservations. The general proposition in every section is encumbered with a proviso, which again is hedged in with a saving clause or further reservation. The result is one has to read and re-read the clauses to be able to catch their exact significance. Democratic legislation, if meant to be successful, ought always to be clad in such simple garb as will attract the man in the street to it. The following bears out the justice of our remark. The plain English of section 7, for instance, is that if any rent be paid in excess of the maximum fixed the same shall be recoverable by an application to the magistrate who shall recover it in the same manner as if it was a fine. The local draftsman has elaborated this simple statement into 31 lines of the "Government Gazette", which we reproduce for our readers' edification.

7. (1) Where any sum has, whether before or after the coming into operation of this Act in any area, been paid by a tenant to a landlord on account of the rent of any premises of which the maximum rent has been fixed, being a sum in excess of the maximum rent of such premises, such sum shall at any time within a period of six months after the date of payment, or, in the case of a payment made before the coming into operation of this Act in such area, be recoverable, (without prejudice to any other mode of recovery or the provisions of the principal Act) on application to a magistrate, from the landlord or his legal representative under the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, in like manner as if it were a fine, and the balance of any rent so recovered shall, after deducting the costs of recovery be paid to the tenant; provided that nothing in this section shall apply to any rent other than rent accruing due after the rent of such premises has been fixed.

In the concluding part the ringing of the changes on the different uses of the word "rent" are interesting though confusing.

Notes of the Day.

The Amazing Manifesto.

We shall deal with the memorandum on the Reform proposals published by Sir Dinshah Wacha and others in a future issue. It is important, perhaps, to say at once that it is certain that the views expressed, so far as the scheme for the Provinces is concerned, do not represent the opinions of anyone but the authors, among those who may be regarded as coming within the Congress fold. One of the most remarkable features of this astonishing manifesto is that its authors, who were the signatories of the telling document submitted to Mr. Montagu and Lord Chelmsford, in which the claim of the educated classes to represent and protect the interests of the masses is unanswerably set forth, have not a word to say in protest against the contemptuous manner in which that claim is brushed aside in the Montagu-Chelmsford report!

Novel Constitutional Doctrine.

An amazing proposition is laid down by the authors of the Memorandum at the outset,—so amazing that one wonders how many of the signatories troubled to read it before they appended their signatures. Referring to the announcement of August 20th, 1917,—the cautious phraseology of which is rolled round in the mouth as though it were a most succulent and refreshing delicacy for political reformers!—the Memorandum says:

That announcement is binding not only on the Secretary of State and the Viceroy, who have framed their proposals to give effect to it, but also on all other subjects of his Majesty, Indian as well as British.

We have never heard of a more novel and astonishing constitutional doctrine than this,—that every subject of his Majesty is to be bound by any announcement that the Government in power for the time being chooses to make in regard to a question of constitutional reform.

Reductio ad Absurdum.

Will Sir Dinshah Wacha, will Sir Narayen Chandravarkar, will Mr. Samarth,—the rest we may leave aside—tell us where they get their sanction for this astounding proposition? The announcement of August 20th has no more constitutional sanctity than any other announcement which Mr. Lloyd George, Lord Curzon, Lord Milner, etc., may care to evolve out of their grotesque association. It has never been ratified or submitted for the confirmation of Parliament,—which might have and probably would have amended its terms,—and it has not even the value of a Royal Proclamation which itself is not binding. Suppose Messrs. Lloyd George and Co. went out of office to-morrow and another Government came in which made an announcement going back on that of August 20th, should we then be bound by that? Are we at the mercy of any political device in words which the Government of the day may adopt?

Slave Psychology?

As a matter of fact the announcement of August 20th never had any special sanctity at all, and was never accepted by anyone in India in the sense that it satisfactorily met the Indian demand. Its terms were generally regarded as over-cautious, halting and timid. It was accepted by the Indian public only in the sense that it was a basis for discussion, and because it was held out in the shape of an olive branch and as an earnest of the desire of the Government to do something to meet and satisfy Indian aspirations. It was accepted as the basis of a truce in the hope that the discussion which was offered would bear good fruit. That hope may yet be satisfied, but not by proceeding along the lines laid down by people who are grateful for being snubbed!

Another Farrago of Falsehoods.

Our evening contemporary continues to draw upon its imagination in regard to matters of which it is grossly ignorant. Yesterday we described a paragraph which appeared in its issue of Thursday as a farrago of falsehoods. We can only repeat the description in application to the following which appeared in its issue of yesterday:—

Along with the presidentship of the Congress, the Chairmanship of the Reception Committee is also going a-begging. In addition to the Hon. Mr. Jinnah, certain local leaders have expressed their unwillingness to take up the job and court failure. With the Moderates now definitely out of it, the Extremist clique is finding itself in a tight corner. The election of the Chairman should have taken place at the meeting of the Reception Committee yesterday. But in spite of repeated entreaties nobody came forward to accept the post and the selection has been left to the Executive Committee principally composed of Extremists.

The chairmanship of the Reception Committee is not going a-begging. Neither the Hon. Mr. Jinnah nor any other local leader has refused to take it up. Nor is it true that "Nobody came forward to accept the post," since nobody has yet been asked, for the good reason that it has been decided to defer the election of the Chairman of the Reception Committee until the election of the President of the Congress has been finally ratified by the All-India Congress Committee.

The Fundamental Principle.

The following is from the Wayfarer's Diary in the "Nation" received by last mail:

A representative man writes to me from India:—

"What is happening in India is an intellectual mutiny. Like the old Mutiny, it is geographically a streak on the map. And its excesses drive the more conservative and safe-minded Indians on to the side of the Raj. But it is a very important movement, and can only be dealt with by sympathy, imagination, insight, and faith in our fundamental principle of freedom and moral self-determination The possibilities here—economic and emotional—are immense. The intellectual material is sensitive and affectionate. The next five years will be criticised. We need more men of the character of Henry Lawrence, more applied science and vision."

This analysis of the Indian problem is acute, though the writer does not seem adequately to have realised the universality of what he calls the "intellectual mutiny." His grasp of the remedy, however, is sure. It must be inspired, as he says, by "faith in our fundamental principle of freedom and moral self-determination."

The Failure of Submarinism.

Evidence has been daily accumulating to show that frightful submarinism, if not completely stopped, has now been almost effectively controlled. The figures regarding the losses of merchant tonnage cabled by Reuter yesterday, afford the most recent conclusive proof of the diminution of the U-boat menace. The total losses in the world's merchantmen during the month of June were 275,629 gross tons. This shows a monthly drop of 81,905 tons compared with May, of 37,786 compared with April, and of 125,834 with March. But a more vivid idea of the diminution may be gathered from the fact that the drop in the world's sinking is 437,092 compared with the month of June last year.

General Smuts.

General Smut's speech, a summary of which was cabled by Reuter yesterday, was marked by the clear and sound thinking and frank expression which are characteristic of him and which have won for him the hold he now exercises over the British democracy and in the Councils of the Empire. No part of his speech was more remarkable and worthy of earnest consideration at the hands of all who are anxious for the safety of democracy all over the world than that in which he warned the people against the danger of being "over-governed." This being the first great war which democracy has waged, it was perhaps inevitable that the soul of liberty should not have been jealously preserved.

The Octopus of Bureaucracy.

But if the war is not to be waged in vain, it is essential that democracy should be on guard and secure its release from the octopus of bureaucracy as soon as peace comes. The importance of "not submitting too much to Government control or Government agencies," which General Smuts brought home cannot be over-emphasised, if from the present struggle a new world is to emerge. The application of all this to conditions in India is brought into relief by General Smut's statement that "bureaucratic administration generally had been fatal to industry and commerce in the past and there was no reason to think it would be different in the future."

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdon were present at the Kirkee Gymkhana Races held in aid of War Charities on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. B. G. Horniman has been elected President of the Berar Special Provincial Conference to be held on August 11th. Mr. Horniman will address a public meeting at Poona on August 2nd on the Montagu-Chelmsford Reform proposals.

Mrs. Sarojoni Naidu who has been staying in Bombay for the past few days has left for Lucknow.

Colonel J. G. Foster and Captain E. D. Metcalfe arrived at Government House on Thursday last.

LATEST CABLES.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH ATTACK.

ENEMY REPULSED IN HEBUTERNE SECTOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 26, 1-15 p.m.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., July 27.

In this afternoon's communiqué Field-Marshal Haig says: The enemy in the evening attacked our new positions in the Hebuterne sector but was driven off with a severe loss, leaving thirty prisoners. The enemy in the morning launched a local attack against the line we recently gained near Meteren and was repulsed after sharp fighting.

A party of our troops during the night rushed a machine-gun post in the Merris sector.

RECRUITING SCHEME FOR IRELAND.

APPROVED BY WAR OFFICE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 26.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., July 27.

A "Daily News" telegram from Dublin states that the War Office and other departments have approved the recruiting scheme for Ireland, which it is hoped, will become operative on the 1st August. It is believed that the Government has completed the registration machinery for eventual conscription, if necessary.

IRELAND'S INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 26.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., July 27.

Lord French is seeking Treasury support for industrial development, including the building of railways to coalfields, and construction of harbours.

IMPERIAL MINERAL RESOURCES BUREAU.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 26.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., July 27.

The Press Bureau states that the Imperial Conference has ratified the scheme for an Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau which will be incorporated by a Royal Charter. The Governing Body will consist of Sir Richard Redmayne as Chairman, and the following nominated by the Governments and departments named:— Dr. W. G. Miller, Canada; Mr. W. S. Robinson, Australia; Mr. T. H. Hamer, New Zealand; Mr. W. P. Schreiner, South Africa; Lord Morris, Newfoundland; Mr. R. D. Oldham, India; Mr. J. M. Evans, the Colonial Office; Sir Lionel Phillips and others, the Ministry of Reconstruction.

MORE SUCCESS ON OURCQ FRONT.

SEVERAL VILLAGES CAPTURED.

HILLS 141 AND 240 TAKEN.

On Thursday fighting on the Ourcq front continued with undiminished success. Between the Ourcq and the Marne the enemy has been much pressed. His attacks, made in order to avert defeat have all failed. The Allies continue to progress on the Ourcq. They have occupied Oulchy-la-Ville.

In the Dormans region the French and the Americans made brilliant progress. They captured Hill 141, south of Armentieres and crossed the Nantuel-Stream. Further south, they have taken the village of Coincy, and bulk of the Tournelle Wood. In the forest of Fere the Allies have advanced as far as the general line of Benvardes-le-Charmel.

Between Soissons and Main-de-Mas iges half of enemy shock divisions have been shot to pieces.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 26, 2 a.m.
Recd. 10-15 p.m., July 26.

Last night's French communiqué said: Fighting on the Ourcq front continued with undiminished success. We occupied Oulchy-la-Ville, north of the river.

The French and the Americans in the south, advanced three kilometres at certain points in spite of severe resistance, especially in the Dormans region. We captured Hill 141, south-east of Armentieres, and crossed the Nanteuil stream. Farther south, we captured the village of Coincy and the bulk of the Tournelle wood and made progress in the forest of Fere as far as the general line of Benvardes-le-Charmel.

Our advance also continued favourably in the Riz forest and north of Dormans. The enemy, south-west of Rheims, after violent attacks on our positions between Vrigny and Ste. Euphraise gained a footing on Hill 240. We soon recaptured the Hill, taking a hundred prisoners.

French and British pilots on the 24th July felled nine German aeroplanes and set on fire three captive balloons. In spite of bad weather, bombers made numerous raids near the battlefield. The station and depots at Amifontaine and the stations and tracks at Bazoches, Courlandon, Fismes and Guignicourt were copiously bombed. Altogether thirty tons of projectiles were employed. Fires and explosions were observed at Courlandon and Fismes.

FRENCH WITHIN 3 MILES OF FORE-EN-TARDENOIS.

THE TOWN BEING HEAVILY SHELLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 26.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters wiring at midnight says the French are now within three miles of Fere-en-Tardenois, the meeting point of eight roads and the centre of German communications in this region. The town the whole day is being heavily shelled and bombed by air squadrons.

SUCCESSFUL FRENCH RAIDS OF MONTDIDIER.

VIOLENT ARTILLERY STRUGGLE IN PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25, 4-15 p.m.,
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 26.

A French communiqué says we took thirty prisoners in a raid south of Montdidier. On the north bank of the Marne the enemy during the night made a powerful counter-attack in the region of Dormans and occupied a small woodfifteen hundred metres north of Treloup and the village of Chassins both of which our counter-offensive speedily recovered. There was violent artillery fire south of the Ourcq and in the region west of Rheims.

AMERICAN ADVANCE AT JAULGONNE.

A FIGHT WITH RIFLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 26.

Reuter's correspondent at the American Headquarters wiring at four o'clock Wednesday afternoon gives a graphic description of the American advance at Jaulgonne. He says the enemy opposition was chiefly echeloned infantry admirably concealed in thick woods and necessitating the greatest precautions by the Americans against ambush. In dense undergrowth the machine-guns were at a discount and it virtually became a fight with rifle in which the Americans excelled. Neither side was able to obtain much help from the artillery. The Germans did not even attempt to put up a barrage, but in a higher and more open ground retired behind machine-gun nests. The captured orders showed that the Germans had been allotted fifteen machine-guns to each decimated company.

HOW THE AMERICANS OCCUPIED IT.

The Americans occupied Jaulgonne and pursued the enemy as far as Foret de Ris. Meanwhile the Franco-American advance progressed from the Oulchy-Chateau Thierry road when it was opposed by great masses of Germans. Indeed the presence of the masses of men, material and stores in this sector suggests that the Germans had been preparing for a great advance on Paris. Hitherto nine divisions of Prince Rupprecht's reserves have been thrown in at this point supplemented by another division from the Rheims-Dormans front.

"A MERE SIDE ISSUE."

Prisoners state that the enemy's 38 centimetre guns with which our back areas have been shelled were run out on to spurs with the light railways from Foret-de-Fere but doubtless these heavy guns have now beaten a retreat. Prisoners also state that in order to keep up their spirits a communiqué was widely circulated among their ranks stating that the Rheims advance was a mere side issue to distract attention from Prince Rupprecht's attack on the northern front which had begun three days before and was everywhere driving the English into the sea with enormous losses. The German rank and file, however, are beginning to be sceptical of such reports.

GERMAN ADVANCE STOPPED NEAR VRIGNY.

FRENCH & POLISH TROOPS TAKE 213 PRISONERS E. OF RHEIMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25, 11-15 p.m.,
Recd. 4-50 p.m., July 26.

Accordig to reliable reports this evening, the Germans gained a footing in a park east of Vrigny but their advance was stopped outside the village. They drove the French westward of the Plessier-Huleu station which the Germans occupy.

The most definite news regarding the fighting between the Ourcq and the Marne is that the French have advanced a mile and captured the southern half of the Foret de Fere and they now occupy a farm on the main road from Fere-en-Tardenois to Jaulgonne East of Rheims the Polish contingent with the French successfully attacked and took 213 prisoners.

ENEMY RAID S. OF METEREN FARM REPULSED.

EXTENSIVE BOMBING BY BRITISH AVIATORS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 10-50 p.m., July 25.
Recd. 4-50 p.m. July 26.

In to-night's communiqué Field-Marshal Haig says: The enemy attacked four posts southward of the Meteren Farm after heavy artillery and trench mortar preparation, but were repulsed suffering many casualties. We took a few prisoners. The London troops made a successful daylight raid southwestward of Albert, taking 17 prisoners and four machine-guns.

Towards the evening of the 24th the sky cleared, permitting air fighting. We brought down fifteen and drove down three machines out of control. Three British are missing. Twenty-four tons of bombs were dropped during the night on the railways at Valenoiennes, Seclin, Courtrai and Armentieres and on various billets. Two trains were hit. The aeroplanes fired a thousand machinegun rounds at the targets including active anti-aircraft guns, searchlights and transport. All returned. One German night-flying machine was brought down in our lines by anti-aircraft guns.

GERMANS MAKING FURTHER STAND.

FIGHTING MOST VIOLENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 7-50 p.m. July 25.
Recd. 5-15 p.m., July 26.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters telegraphing at two o'clock this afternoon says:—

The Germans have strengthened their line and are counter-attacking determinedly on the whole front of Tardenois salient, from Ourcq, to Vrigny, thus attacking towards the west, south and east. They have apparently decided to refuse to accept a defeat and are making a further stand for the salient and footing north of the Marne.

The Germans south of the Ourcq are attacking in southeasterly direction against Bois de

(Continued on page 10.)

THREE NEW V. C.'S.

ST. GEORGE GROGAN'S BRAVERY.

DISPLAY OF MAGNIFICENT LEADERSHIP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 26.

The award of three new Victorial Crosses is announced in the "Gazette."

The most conspicuous case is that of Brigadier-General St. George Grogan, of the Worcester Regiment. He throughout three days' intense fighting commanded the infantry remnants of the division and various attached troops and displayed magnificent leadership materially staying the onward thrust of the enemy masses. Throughout the most critical third day he spent his time under artillery, trench mortar, rifle and machine-gun fire riding up and down the front line, encouraging and reorganising troops leading back those who were beginning to retire. He had his horse shot under him, nevertheless he continued on foot to encourage the men until another was brought. His wonderful example inspired not only his own but the adjacent allied forces.

GENERAL GOURKO.

COMMANDING ALLIED TROOPS ON MURMAN COAST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., July 26.

A telegram from Berlin via Amsterdam says:—

General Gourko commands the Allied troops on the Murman coast.

EX-TSAR'S MEMORIAL SERVICE IN LONDON.

ROYALTY PRESENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 26.

The King and the Queen, Queen Alexandra, the Duke of Connaught and Grand-Duke George of Russia, attended the memorial service for the late Tsar at the Russian Church in London.

THE GREATEST GAMBLE IN HISTORY.

GERMANY'S DESTINY PITTED ON SUBMARINISM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 26.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., July 26.

Mr. Lloyd George, proposing the health of the Allied Food Controllers at the dinner in their honour said Germany's dependence on the success of submarinism was the greatest gamble in history. She had pitted her whole destiny upon this gamble and it had failed.

HONDURAS DECLARES WAR AGAINST GERMANY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., July 25.

WASHINGTON.—Honduras has declared war against Germany.

BARON HUSSAREK VON HEINLEIN.

APPOINTED PRIME MINISTER OF AUSTRIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 26.

AMSTERDAM.—Baron Hussarek von Heinlein, ex-Minister of Education, has been appointed Premier of Austria.

M. BRANTING ARRIVES IN ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 26.

The Swedish socialist leader, M. Branting has arrived in England from France.

PARIS ECONOMIC RESOLUTIONS.

GOVERNMENT'S ADHERENCE TO POLICY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 5-15 p.m., July 26.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law stated that Government still adhered to the policy of Paris economic resolutions. The Imperial War Conference and the War Cabinet were still discussing the policy.

SURAJMAL v. HORNIMAN

APPLICATION TO GO TO PRIVY COUNCIL.

LEAVE REFUSED.

SURAJMAL B. MEHTA, Appellant and Plaintiff
vs.
B. G. HORNIMAN AND OTHERS, Respondents and Defendants.

The hearing of the rule taken out by Mr. Surajmal B. Mehta, a Solicitor of the Bombay High Court, calling upon Mr. Horniman, Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle," and the Directors of the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., to show cause, why leave to appeal to his Majesty in Council, should not be granted was taken up before a Special Bench composed of the Hon. the Chief Justice, the Hon. Sir Frank Beaman and the Hon. Mr. Justice Marten.

APPELLANT'S PETITION.

The following is the appellant's petition to the Court.

1. That this suit was filed by your Petitioner, the plaintiff, in the court of first instance, who prayed that the defendants or any of them might be ordered to pay to the plaintiff as damages Rs. 25,000, or such other sum as to this Hon. Court might seem proper, that the defendants might be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon. Court from publishing any similar libel injuriously affecting the plaintiff in his profession as a solicitor, for costs and further and other relief.

2. That the said suit came on for hearing before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod on the 25th August 1916 and on the 23rd, 25th, 26th, 28th and 29th days of September 1916 and his Lordship on the 5th day of October 1916 passed a decree filed of record in this suit on the 9th day of November, 1916, whereby the defendants were ordered to pay to the plaintiff a sum of Rs. 3,000 as and by way of damages and his costs of the said suit.

3. That B. G. Horniman and the Indian Newspaper Coy. the 1st and 3rd defendants feeling themselves aggrieved by the said decree filed a Memorandum of Appeal against the same on the 30th day of October 1916. In pursuance of an order dated the 16th day of November 1916 the name of the Indian Newspaper Co. Ld. was on the 13th idem struck out from the Memo of Appeal.

4. That the said Appeal came on for argument before the Court of Appeal consisting of the Hon. the Chief Justice and the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton on the 1st, 2nd, 5th, and 27th, days of March 1917, and their Lordships on the 29th day of March 1917 passed a decree filed of record in this suit on the 9th day of July 1917, whereby the said suit was ordered to be and it was thereby dismissed.

5. That your petitioner feeling himself aggrieved by the said decree filed a Memorandum of Appeal against the same on the 12th April 1917 under clause 15 of the Amended Letters Patent of this Hon. Court.

6. That the said Appeal came on for argument before the Court of Appeal consisting of the Hon. the Acting Chief Justice and the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman and the Hon. Mr. Justice Marten on the 4th, 5th, and 8th days of October 1917 and their Lordships on the 5th day of November 1917 passed a decree filed of record in this suit on the 7th day of February 1918 dismissing the said appeal.

7. That your petitioner feeling himself aggrieved by the said decree is desirous of appealing to his Majesty in Council from the same on the grounds following:—

(i) That the learned Judges were in error in holding that the defence of fair comment has been made out in regard to the Articles complained of or either of them.

(ii) That the learned Judges should have held upon the grounds mentioned in the judgment of the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod that such defence had not been established in regard to either of the said Articles.

(iii) That the learned Judges should have held that the defence of fair comment could not apply to comment based upon anything save the proceedings, evidence and decree in suit No. 837 of 1915.

(iv) That the learned Judges should have held that the facts upon which the comment was based had been mis-stated and that consequently the defence of fair comment failed.

(v) That the learned Judges should have further held that the comment so far as it was based on legitimate materials was also unfair.

(vi) That the learned Judges should have held that the defence so far as it was a defence of truth had not been made out.

(vii) That the said decree is contrary to law, justice, equity and good conscience and is against the evidence recorded in the case.

(viii) That the said decree should be set aside and the decree of the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod should be restored with costs throughout.

8. That your petitioner is an Attorney of this Hon. Court of ten years' standing. The articles complained of impute criminal and unprofessional conduct to him. Two out of six of the learned Judges above referred to have held in his favour in regard to the matters complained of. Your petitioner accordingly submits that the case is a fit one for appeal to his Majesty in Council.

9. That your petitioner is ready and willing to comply with the rules and orders as to giving security for costs and otherwise regulating appeals to his Majesty in Council.

Your petitioner therefore prays that your Lordships will be pleased, (a) to grant him a Certificate that the case is a fit one for appeal to his Majesty in Council. and (b) to admit his petition and to transmit to his Majesty in Council under the Seal of this Honourable Court a correct copy of the re-

(Continued on page 10.)

Montagu-Chelmsford Proposals

THE MORLY-MINTO COUNCILS.

The following instalment of the Report of Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme of Reforms examines the working of the Morley-Minto reformed councils:—

Introductory.

We have already explained in some detail the changes effected in the legislative councils in Lord Minto's time. We now propose to examine the reformed councils in working and to attempt to gauge the extent to which they have fulfilled expectations. It was claimed for them that they would associate the people in a real and effective manner "in the work not only of occasional legislation but of actual every-day administration." Let us see how they have done so. In the first place we shall consider the extent to which the councils have been in any true sense representative of the people, and thereafter we shall see how far the people's representatives have been able to influence legislation and administration in the councils.

Defects of the Existing Electoral System: Restricted Nature of the Franchise.

No one can deny that as an embodiment of the representative principle the present electoral system has great defects. The chief of these are the very restricted nature of the present franchise, and, except in the constituencies composed of the members of some special class or community, the lack of any real connexion between the primary voter and the member who sits in the councils. In the Indian Legislative Council there are eighteen members who are elected to speak for sectional interests, and nine who may be said to represent, however remotely, the views of the people as a whole. So far as can be stated, the largest constituency which returns a member directly to the Indian Legislative Council does not exceed 650 persons; and most of the constituencies are decidedly smaller. The constituencies which return the nine representatives of the people at large are composed of the non-official members of the various provincial legislative councils, and the average number of voters in these electoral bodies is only twenty-two, while in one case the actual number is nine. In the case of the provincial councils themselves there is the same division of members between those who are directly elected to represent special interests and those who are elected indirectly as the representatives of the general population. For the latter the members of municipal and local boards either act as electors or else choose electoral delegates to make the election; but in neither case do the constituencies exceed a few hundred persons. If we ignore the small class constituencies, then local bodies, which in a limited sense may be taken as standing for the people at large, enjoy the best representation and return 7.4 members for every 1,000 electors. Then come the landholders with 3.6 representatives for every 1,000 electors, and then the Muhammadans with 1.3 members per 1,000 electors. But whereas election is direct in the two last cases, it is indirect and, in cases where delegates are chosen, doubly indirect in the case of local bodies; because the members of the municipal and local boards are themselves elected by constituencies, which cast their votes purely with reference to personal or local considerations and without any thought of contributing to determine the composition of the legislative councils. In such circumstances we are bound to hold that in the one case the non-official members of the provincial councils, and in the other case the members of the municipal and local boards are for practical purposes primary voters so far as their representatives in the Indian and provincial legislative councils are concerned. There is absolutely no connexion between the supposed primary voter and the man who sits as his representative on the legislative council, and the vote of the supposed primary voter has no effect upon the proceedings of the legislative council. In such circumstances there can be no responsibility upon, and no political education for, the people who nominally exercise a vote. The work of calling into existence an electorate capable of bearing the weight of responsible government is still to be done; and as we shall see, the difficulties are great and it is likely to be a work of time.

Large Proportion of Lawyers Returned.

A minor but still noteworthy result of the present electoral system is the large percentage of members of the legal profession who succeed at elections. If we look at the constitution of the Indian Legislative Council after the elections of 1909, 1912 and 1916, we see that the percentage of lawyers among all the non-official elected members was 37.26 and 33 respectively: and if we exclude members returned by constituencies of the landholding and commercial classes, and also the special Muhammadan representatives, regarding whom no figures have been compiled, and look only to the members returned by the non-official members of provincial legislative councils, we find that the legal profession gained between 40 per cent. and 45 per cent. of the seats in 1909 and 1912 and in the present council hold 54 per cent. This increase has been gained chiefly at the expense of the landholders, who have also lost ground to the representatives of commercial interests. Turning to the provincial councils we find much the same state of affairs. In most of these councils also there are seats specially reserved for landholders and commercial men, which are naturally filled by members of these classes. This reduces the legal element in the councils as a whole. Even so the proportion of lawyers among the elected members of all the councils together (excluding Burma) was 38 in 1909. 46 in 1912 and 48 in 1916. But if we take those constituencies only which are intended to represent the views of the people at large, as distinct from any special interests, that is to say the constituencies formed of members of local and district boards, we find that in 1916 out of 70 such constituencies no less than 49 or 70 per cent. returned lawyers as their members. The conclusion to be drawn from these figures is that in the only constituencies in which members of the general population are represented the chances are at least two to one that a lawyer will be returned. Now the predominance of the lawyer in politics is a feature of parliamentary institutions elsewhere: and it is obvious that the art of parliamentary government which is so largely concerned with the making of laws and so largely conducted through the medium of persuasive speech must in any case offer the lawyer a definite advantage. In India these conditions may be accentuated by the fact that the choice of occupations open to the educated classes has hitherto been narrowly limited. The class that is both leisured and educated is a small one. At the same time so great a political predominance of men of one calling is clearly not in the interests of the general community, and it is therefore out of no antagonism to the members of an honourable profession or failure to appreciate their value in the councils that we suggest that in framing our new constituencies an important object to be borne in mind is to ensure that men of other classes and occupations find a sufficient number of seats in council. It may be that this can be attained by prescribing certain definite qualifications for rural seats.

The official bloc. Its working.

On the other hand the arrangements for presenting and enforcing the Government's view are no less open to criticism. The old idea that the legislative councils are only the Governments in their legislative aspect still appears in the language of sections 63 and 73 of the Government of India Act, and as we shall see has quite recently been enforced by Secretaries of State. This is no doubt a main reason why the official *bloc* has been maintained with peculiar rigidity in the councils. Non-official members have long since enjoyed the right of introducing legislation; but the view that lawmaking was still primarily the prerogative of the executive Government which is amenable to Parliament has so far endured that it has been the exception and not the rule for Government to leave its official members free to speak and vote as they choose even on private members' business. On Government business their mandate has been stricter. The proceedings in council have been controlled by Government; generally speaking, Government officials are not expected to ask questions or move resolutions, or (in some councils) to intervene in debate or even to rise to points of order without Government's approval, and, though there is of late a tendency to treat more matters as open questions, when a division is taken the official members nearly always vote by order in support of Government.

Its effect on officials.

The effect upon the proceedings in council can be readily imagined. The Government mandate has been compared to the rigidity of party discipline in the House of Commons, but, as we think, to little purpose. The reason which induces a member to acquiesce in the whips' bidding is the perception that, as the defeat of the Government ordinarily means a change of ministry, it is his duty to sacrifice his personal opinions on a particular point for the greater principles for which his party stands. Moreover, there comes a time when individual judgment asserts itself and Governments fall because some of their supporters vote against them. The essence of the system is political responsibility. But the official obligation to vote with Government in an Indian legislative council is continuing, and is not made palatable by any necessity of securing an irremovable Government from demise; and as Mr. Gladstone saw many years ago the conflict between conscience and discipline may become acute.

Effect on Indian members.

Upon the Indian members of the legislative councils the effect is frankly irritating. It prejudices in their view the position of the official members who form the *bloc*. Indian members may share in a debate in which the majority of speakers, and in their eyes the weight of argument are arrayed against the Government. The Government having only one view to present often contents itself with doing so through a single mouthpiece. But when a decision is taken the silent official phalanx effectively carries the Government measure or votes down the private member's resolution. The Indian member's views are therefore rarely placed on record as the opinion of the council, because the council's decision is in a majority of cases the decision of the Government. We may add that most Governments dislike the use of the official *bloc*, and that most of the men who compose it dislike the position in which they find themselves. The fact that Indian officials in the councils are rare and that the few English non-official members as a rule vote with the Government helps not merely to exacerbate the cleavage but to give it an unamiable character. It tends to stimulate the discussion of racial questions and to give an edge to the debate. But above all the official solidarity naturally stifles any differences that exist between Indian elected members and drives them to a league against Government, into which the nominated Indian members also tend to enter.

Effect on Council proceedings.

These factors contribute to the unreality of the proceedings. Because the number of elected members is small and the issue is often known beforehand, the debates lack life unless feelings are aroused or interests are directly affected; and because the Government has to a great extent controlled the proceedings the councils have not felt the need of developing any corporate opinion which would have the effect of raising the standard of individual performance. Nevertheless the quality of speeches on both sides is improving; there is less reading than formerly of manuscripts prepared without reference to the debate; less repetition of points already dealt with and disposed of.

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SURAJMAL V. HORNIMAN.

(Continued from page 9.)

cord so far as is material to the questions in dispute herein.

Mr. J. B. Kanga with Mr. D. F. Mulla appeared for Mr. Surajmal, the appellant, in support of the rule.

Mr. C. H. Setalvad with Mr. B. J. Desai appeared to show cause on behalf of the respondents.

Briefly the facts which gave rise to the present petition for leave to appeal to Privy Council are these. Certain articles headed "A Solicitor and his Client" and "A matter for Investigation" appeared in the two issues of the "Bombay Chronicle" of 7th and 15th March, respectively, commenting on the professional conduct of Mr. Surajmal as a solicitor in a suit filed by one Bhagwandas against Haji Hasan Dada for recovery of Rs. 3,000 being the amount alleged to be due from Dada on a pro-note executed by him in favour of the plaintiff's brother Shambhuprasad. After the first day's hearing of that suit before Mr. Justice Davar on the 26th of February, 1916, the case was withdrawn next day, i.e., the 28th of February, 1916. Mr. Surajmal therefore filed a suit against the Editor, Manager and Directors of the "Bombay Chronicle" for damage for his defamation caused by the two articles that appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle." Mr. Justice Macleod, before whom the original suit was heard, awarded him Rs. 3,000 as damages. On appeal by Mr. Horniman and the Directors against the Lower Court's judgment, the two Judges sitting in appeal differed and the opinion of the senior Judge, Scott C. J., prevailed, viz., that the facts were true and comment was fair and there was no defamation. Appeal was therefore allowed. Against this an appeal was preferred by Mr. Surajmal under clause 15 of the Letters Patent and that appeal was heard by a Special Bench composed of Sir Stanley Batchelor, Acting C. J., Sir Frank Beaman and Mr. Justice Marten. The appeal was dismissed and the plaintiff's suit was also dismissed with costs throughout.

Dissatisfied with this decision against him, Mr. Surajmal took out a rule asking for leave to appeal to the Privy Council under section 109, clause (C) and O. 45, R. 3, of the Civil Procedure Code.

NOT A CASE OF RS. 10,000.

At the outset the Chief Justice asked Mr. Setalvad whether it was a case of Rs. 10,000.

Mr. Setalvad: No, my Lord, it is a case of Rs. 3,000. That was the amount in appeal also. The case is of Rs. 3,000. They do not come under section 110 of the C. P. C.. Under section 109, clause (C) they have to show that this is a fit case for appeal or that it is otherwise a fit one for appeal to his Majesty in Council. So what they have to show is that it is a fit one for appeal.

Marten J.: You say that section 110 does not apply?

Mr. Setalvad: Yes, my Lord. The condition of Rs. 10,000 is not satisfied. They must bring themselves under section 109, clause (C). The question which the Court had to decide, was whether the comments that were made were fair or not. It was entirely a case for the jury. What is there in this case which makes it a fit one for appeal? The whole point in the case was whether the facts were truly stated and the comments were fair. The law was never in dispute at any stage of the case between the parties or in the minds of the Court. The law was stated in the judgment and they had to find out whether the comments were fair or not.

Chief Justice: Do you remember that case of 25 Bom., Mody v. Queen Insurance Co.?

(The Chief Justice read out the last paragraph of the judgment at page 326.)

Mr. Setalvad: That, I submit, is a much stronger case, because there was a sum of Rs. 10,000 and also a substantial question of law.

Beaman J.: If it could be brought under 109, clause (C), it might be said that we wanted instructions from the Privy Council on all libel cases.

Chief Justice: There is a judgment of myself and my learned brother Beaman reported three or four years ago.

Mr. Setalvad: That is in XV, *Bombay Law Reporter*, page 1033. There is one case in 27 Bom., p. 477, in which Sir Lawrence Jenkins gave a certificate under section 109, clause (c). It was a case of the Bombay-Burma Trading Co. The ground put forward was this that he thought he could not assign any numerical expression to its value.

Marten J.: What was the point there?

Mr. Setalvad: That was as regards the question of voting by proxies. That was a question of general importance affecting companies and would create precedents as regards similar cases. Here it is a question of pure fact.

Chief Justice: There is a case of Dr. Sukhia reported three years ago.

Mr. Setalvad: In that case leave was refused here and Privy Council also refused leave. That was a case under Rs. 10,000. Beaman J. awarded Re 1 and the Appeal Court Rs. 200 as damages.

Marten J.: Has the Privy Council laid down anything about section 109, clause (c)?

Mr. Kanga: There is a Privy Council case in 34, I. A. Leave was granted by the Privy Council because it was a fit case for appeal.

Mr. Setalvad: 34, I. A. is no guide. What happened there was that the High Court refused leave. The Privy Council gave special leave to appeal, but it dismissed the appeal. There it said that in giving special leave it must be seen that it involved questions of law. There was a question of law affecting religious bodies.

Beaman J.: In effect it was a test case.

Mr. Setalvad: Yes, my Lord. I submit that up to now it is only cases which are test cases and from that point of view in cases of general importance that leave is granted. There is no case where they have gone beyond and said that although it is not a test case or of any general importance, yet because it is of importance to the individual leave should be granted.

(Mr. Setalvad then referred to certain passages in the judgments of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Beaman and Mr. Justice Marten to show that what they were deciding was whether the comment was fair or not.)

Here we have nothing more than a pure finding of fact, nothing more than what you find in any other case.

UNDER SECTION 109.

Mr. Kanga in support of the rule said:—We submit that certificate should be granted under section 109, clause c, and O. 45, R. 3. I admit section 110 has no application. We say that it is a fit case on the following grounds. If your Lordships turn to the petition for leave, para. 8 says:—"That your petitioner is an attorney of this Hon. Court of ten years' standing. The articles complained of impute criminal and unprofessional conduct to him. Two out of six of the learned Judges above referred to have held in his favour in regard to the matters complained of, your petitioner accordingly submits that the case is a fit one for appeal to his Majesty in Council."

Beaman J.: There was no criminal imputation.

Marten J.: It does not follow that because comments were fair, the facts were true.

Mr. Kanga then referred to 34 I. A., p. 65, the practitioner's appeal to the Privy Council from the Burma Court decision.

Beaman J.: That was not under section 109, clause (c), of the Civil Procedure Code. We have to see whether this is a case under section 109 (c). This case is quite outside that.

Mr. Kanga: Another submission of mine is that inference from fact is a question of law. The judgment of Beaman J. deals exhaustively with the law of libel.

Beaman J.: I discussed the cases for deciding the principle, whether when comment was fair, there was libel. It was actually admitted that this was a question of fair comment. Inference from fact cannot be a question of law as there is no legal inference.

Mr. Kanga: The case is left to the jury in England.

Marten J.: How then can you say that it is a question of law? You cannot say that where a judge sits alone to decide both questions of law and fact, all the points decided are questions of law.

"CASE OF GENERAL IMPORTANCE."

Mr. Kanga: We say that this is a case of general importance because of newspaper criticism and law of fair comment.

Chief Justice: Did you see 29 I. A., page 40 to 42. There they said that there must be a question of law.

CHIEF JUSTICE'S JUDGMENT.

The Chief Justice in discharging the rule with costs, said:

A rule has been obtained by the plaintiff that it is a fit case for appeal to his Majesty in Council. Cause is shown by the defendants, first, on the ground that the case is under the appealable value, inasmuch as the decision by the Trial Court which was in dispute in appeal from which the plaintiff seeks to appeal to the Privy Council, fixed the amount of damages suffered at Rs. 3,000. So that was the value for the purpose of the appeal, and on behalf of the plaintiff it is admitted that the case is under the appealable value. The second objection on behalf of the defendants is that the question at issue between the parties is a pure question of fact, whether on the facts in evidence, the articles in the paper which were complained of, were fair comment or not on the plaintiff's conduct. It is not disputed that such a question in England would be a question for the jury and we have in the case of Mody v. Queen Insurance Co., 25 Bom., page 336, a warning from the Judicial Committee that cases should not be certified for appeal to the Privy Council, where the question involved is one for the jury to be tried in England. The only ground upon which the grant of certificate is pressed on behalf of the plaintiff is that the case is one of such importance, that a certificate should be granted under section 109, clause (c) of the Civil Procedure Code, and an attempt has been made to treat it as one in which the final decision as to the plaintiff's professional career as solicitor is involved. Reference has been made to the case reported in 34, Indian Appeals page, in which the professional conduct of a practitioner in Burma came on appeal to the Privy Council from an order passed under the disciplinary jurisdiction of the Burma Court; but that is not the case here and nothing we say with reference to this appeal would prevent the plaintiff if he ever has the misfortune of an order passed against him under the disciplinary jurisdiction of this Court, from appealing against that order to the Privy Council. The only question we have here is a pure question of fact between two individuals. It is not a question of public importance nor is it a question of surpassing private importance. The corresponding section of the old Code to section 109 (c) was considered by the Privy Council in Banarsiprasad v. Kashi Krishna Narain, 28 I. A. at page 13, where it was stated that "it is true that by sections 595 and 600 an appeal may be granted if the High Court certifies that the case is fit for appeal 'otherwise', i.e., when not meeting the condition of section 596. That is clearly intended to meet special cases, such, for example, as those in which the point in dispute is not measurable by money, though it may be of great public or private importance. Here it may be observed with reference to those remarks that the case before us is a question measurable in money. It is simply a suit for damages for test. We therefore discharge the rule with costs.

JUSTICE BEAMAN CONCURS.

Justice Beaman in concurring said:—

I agree. I am very clearly of opinion that there is no ground here for certifying this to be a fit and proper case under section 109 (c) of the Civil Procedure Code. The principle upon which cases of that kind have been certified, has long since been well established and clearly recognised. It is true that it includes cases not measurable in money, but of great private importance. I do not consider that a libel action of that sort rightly falls under such a category. Where the defence is fair comment, then if the plaintiff fails, it does not necessarily follow. That the comment is true and here if Mr. Surajmal feels himself or ever has felt himself aggrieved, it is always open to him to ask for a departmental inquiry, and if the result of such an inquiry should be in his favour, I do not doubt that full publicity would be given to it. He has therefore no reason except by his own choice of lying under the implied stigma which might otherwise be inferred, in the result of this libel action. I entirely agree with every word that has fallen from my Lord, the Chief Justice.

JUSTICE MARTEN'S AGREEMENT.

Mr. Justice Marten agreed and in the course of the judgment said that it was admitted by the counsel for the Solicitor that section 110 of the C. P. C. did not apply to this case, and that the application could only be based as a special case under section 109 (c). Counsel admitted this because the amount involved is under Rs. 10,000, but in his Lordship's view there was no question of law involved. Treating the judgment of the Court as, first of all, a direction to itself like a jury on the question of law, counsel had not pointed out to him any point on which the directions which the Court gave to itself as a jury were wrong in point of law. Therefore in his Lordship's view the Court's decision was merely one like a jury whether or no there was fair comment. That was a question of fact which had been decided in a particular way by the four out of six Judges, who in the various Courts had heard this case, so that if any special leave to appeal was granted, it would in his Lordship's opinion be an appeal on a pure question of fact. His Lordship then referred to the practice of the Privy Council which did not give special leave to appeal unless some substantial question of law of general interest was involved. His Lordship referred to the speech of Lord Davy at p. 42 in 29 I. A. 40, and said that this was not a case of great public importance nor a special case of great private importance. In considering this, it must be borne in mind that the libel here was one where the defence was not justification, but fair comment. That was at any rate the main defence, and therefore the finding in favour of the Newspaper Co. did not involve the conclusion that the allegations, so far as they went, were true. Whether the allegations were true or not, would be a matter which should be decided in the ordinary disciplinary proceedings which could be taken in the matter of a solicitor and if the solicitor in that case objected to the findings, if they were adverse to him, then it would be open to him to appeal, if necessary to the Privy Council. But as far as his Lordship could see in this case, if there was a libel case where no point of law was involved, and in the exercise of his discretion, so far as his discretion was concerned, his Lordship exercised it in favour of the view that this was not a case where they ought to give leave to appeal to the Privy Council. His Lordship agreed in thinking that the rule must be discharged with costs.

MR. BHAIYALAL CHAUDHURI'S PROSECUTION.

C. P. GOVERNMENT EXPLAINS WITHDRAWAL.

(Associated Press.)

NAGPUR, July 26.

The Central Provinces Government informs the press that certain misapprehensions appear to have been entertained among the public as to the reasons why the prosecution instituted under the Defence of India Rules against Mr. Bhaiyalal Chaudhuri of Damoh was withdrawn. From an apology given by Mr. Bhaiyalal and accepted by the Deputy Commissioner with the approval of the local Government, it will be seen that the prosecution was withdrawn—not because the accused expressed his regret for his speech and promised to help actively in recruiting.

MADRAS MODERATES.

EXPECTED TO PARTICIPATE IN SPECIAL CONGRESS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, July 26.

The "Hindu" writes:—We have good grounds to state that the Moderate leaders in Madras have no intention of abstaining from taking part in the special Congress session at Bombay. They are taking part in the proceedings of the special Conference at Madras.

SOME BENGAL WAR CONTRIBUTIONS

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 26.

H. E. the Governor of Bengal has gratefully accepted the following contributions for the prosecution of the war:—Anonymous, Rs. 12,000 a year for the duration of the war; the Hon. the Maharajah of Kasimbazar, Rs. 10,000 a year for the duration of the war; the Raja of Hetampur and his brother Babu M. N. Chakrabarti, Rs. 10,000; Babu M. C. Sinha, M.B.E., Rs. 1,000 a year for the duration of the war.

AMRAOTI DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

(From a Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, July 26.

The Amraoti District Conference will be held on Sunday, the 4th August, to express opinion on the Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme under the presidentship of Mr. Madhao Shrihari Aney, High Court Pleader, Yeotmal. Mr. Mahadeo Gangadhar Damle, High Court Pleader, Amraoti, has been elected Chairman, Reception Committee. The Reception Committee membership fee is Rs. 4, delegates' fee Rs. 2 and visitors' Re. 1.

MONTAGU-CHELMSFORD PROPOSALS.

(Continued from page 9.)

Experience of the occasions when Government has withdrawn from the discussion and left the natural cleavages of opinion to declare themselves shows how much greater vitality may be infused into the council work in future if the official *bloc* be withdrawn.

Position of official members.

To illustrate the way in which official command over the councils was maintained we may notice two incidents in 1911 and 1912 which brought out clearly the Janus-like nature of the Morley-Minto constitution. It will be remembered that official members were first introduced into the Indian Legislative Council when that body was the only legislature in India, with the intention of ensuring that provincial interests were represented in it. Even when all the provinces had councils of their own this idea survived; and after the Indian budget was thrown open to discussion by Lord Dufferin's reforms, we find that it was still quite a common practice for provincial members in the central legislative council to express dissatisfaction with the terms granted to their provinces in the financial settlements. This usage continued after the Morley-Minto changes; but the Government of India no longer listened with equal tolerance to criticisms of their financial decisions, and members of the executive Government responded with a fervour which surprised and staggered the provincial critics. Two provincial Governments protested against this sudden change of attitude; but Lord Hardinge's Government ruled that the reforms of 1909 had entirely changed the position. Their official majority, they said, had been reduced to its lowest practicable limits; and provincial official members were now present not to speak for their provinces but to support the Government of India in the budget debate just as in legislation. So long as the official element was wholly predominant in the Indian Legislative Council no objection was felt to criticism by the official provincial members: but with the admission of a large elected contingent it was necessary to close the ranks, to exclude the freedom of expression which had hitherto been conceded, and discard the fiction that the Indian legislative chamber was the medium of discussion between the central and the subordinate governments. Now it is reasonable to conclude that in pleading for better financial terms for their presidencies the Madras and Bombay official representatives were expressing the views, not merely of the presidential Governments, but of the elected members of the provincial councils; and we have the dilemma that under the Morley-Minto scheme official indulgence of the popular view may easily find itself in conflict with official discipline.

Position of provincial Governments.

Precisely the same clash of principle occurred in another form a year later. The Bombay Government had been unsuccessful in their endeavours to persuade the Government of India to sanction certain changes affecting the educational staff. With the merits of their proposals we are not concerned. But the proposals were popular locally, and were again put forward for adoption in a resolution moved in the Bombay legislative council by an elected member. The Bombay Government thereupon accepted the resolution which was carried unanimously; and once more they put forward their proposals to the Government of India on the ground that they had the council's entire support. The Government of India and the Secretary of State held that these tactics were out of order. Lord Crewe's words are worth quoting:—

"The Government of India have no representation on a provincial council, and the defence of their policy and orders in matters of provincial administration, as well as that of any that may have been laid down by the Secretary of State, is wholly entrusted in these assemblies to the local Government. Therefore for reasons similar to those for which your Excellency's Government in the Imperial Council are careful to preserve your solidarity with the Secretary of State, it is incumbent on a provincial Government in the conduct of the business of its Legislative Council to avoid disclosing a difference of opinion in an administrative matter between the Imperial and the provincial Governments, and doing anything to foster the impression that there may be opposition between the constitutional responsibilities of those Governments, when no such opposition either does or can exist. There is for India one system of administration and one alone; and it is only by bearing steadily in mind this fundamental principle that the solidarity of the administration can be kept unimpaired and those disruptive tendencies controlled which must always form the chief risk of decentralization of authority. It was, therefore, in my view the duty of the local Government in dealing with the resolution to uphold with all their authority the decision of the Government of India."

Once more we find the principles of official subordination and official unity of view successfully opposed to the principle of meeting the popular wishes. The moral is a plain one. Deference to non-official wishes in India is not always consistent with the official discipline which is necessary to the supremacy of the Secretary of State and Parliament. So long as the latter remain un-altered there can be no reality about the powers of the councils; and if we are to give the provincial councils power. Parliament and the Secretary of State and the Government of India also must realise this.

Work of the Councils.

Turning now to the work actually done in the council chamber, we must distinguish the work of the Indian Legislative Council from that of the provincial councils. Not only is the business coming before the former of greater importance but the character of the assembly is different. It is less homogeneous than a provincial council: its members generally have less immediate knowledge of many of the subjects with which it is concerned; and discussion is relatively more concerned with principles than details. Moreover, unlike the provincial councils the Indian Legislative Council has an official majority.

The Indian Legislative Council Influence o non-official members on Legislation.

A casual observer turning over the proceedings of the Indian Legislative Council from 1910 onwards might be struck by the Council's apparent lack of interest in what he would probably regard as its most important function, namely, legislation. In the eight years 1910-17 the council passed 131 laws, of which no fewer than 77 or 59 per cent. were passed without any discussion whatsoever. But examination of the proceedings shows that a very large proportion of these were financial or petty amending Acts, while many others, especially since the outbreak of war in 1914, were measures of a more or less technical nature which the council rightly felt that it was not competent to discuss. Moreover the policy of the Government of India has been to avoid contentious legislation during the war, and some measures which might arouse controversy, such as the Bill to amend the Criminal Procedure Code, have for this reason been deliberately postponed. We must also remember that the central council contains representatives of the more backward as well as of the more advanced provinces, for which reason the general level of ability and power of expression among the non-official members is perhaps higher in the councils of the more advanced provinces. Nor indeed can it be said that the provincial Governments have always been at pains to send up their best official representatives to the central council. They have sometimes naturally preferred to retain their services for the provincial councils. But perhaps the most important reason why so many Bills have met with small opposition lies in the Government's policy of avoiding opposition as far as possible. With this end in view every effort is made before a Bill is introduced to ascertain as far as possible non-official opinion. It is probably true that the council exercises a greater influence on the shape of Bills before they are introduced, than when they are actually under discussion. The tendency is for the Departments to prune a Bill beforehand of all features expected to arouse controversy, and thereafter to oppose all material amendments. It may thus happen that amendments proposed in council are less frequently adopted than suggestions submitted before the introduction of Bills. The constructive work of legislation is in fact still largely done by correspondence: and this can hardly be otherwise so long as the official majority is maintained. At the same time there is no reason for supposing that the non-official members are unable to influence the shape of Bills after introduction. On the contrary we find that in spite of the official majority they have in many cases been able to make their weight felt. Much of the most solid and useful work in the sphere of legislation is done in the seclusion of the committee room and not in the publicity of the council chamber. The presence of the official *bloc* may to some extent give an air unreality to criticism in the council hall, but to the committee rooms its influence does not extend. The non-official member who is really interested in a particular measure or anxious to have a Bill altered generally arranges to be put on the select committee on the Bill, or to approach the official member in charge and to discuss the question with him in private. The reported debates thus afford no measure of the real influence of non-official members. Since 1909 only eight bills can be said to have encountered really serious opposition. We have already seen that 77 provoked no discussion at all; of the remaining 56, the majority received little public attention but when the Indian members did take up a decided attitude they were often able to carry their point. We need only cite the Indian Court Fees (Amendment) Bill (1910), the Indian Factories Bill (1911), the Indian Patents and Designs Bill (1911), the Criminal Tribes Bill (1911), the Life Assurance Companies Bill (1912), the Indian Companies Bill (1912, and the Indian (Bogus Degrees) Medical Bill (1916) as measures which were modified to a greater or less degree, and generally improved, at the instance of non-official members. The White Phosphorus Matches Bill was a very minor piece of legislation but its career illustrates the Government's readiness to defer to public opinion. On its first introduction the Bill was severely attacked on the ground that it would cause hardship to poor consumers and the Government withdrew it for further inquiry. When it was reintroduced the following year the opposition had died down and the Bill was passed. The Patna University Bill, however, was probably the most striking instance in which a measure underwent change in consequence of non-official criticism. It appears that whenever the Government has met with anything approaching solid opposition on the part of the Indian members it has, except on matters touching the peace and security of the country, generally preferred to give way.

Private members' Legislation.

Only five private Bills have been passed by the Imperial Legislative Council since 1910. The most important of these were the Musalman Waqf Validating Bill (1913), the passage of which was facilitated by the Government, and the Hindu and Musalman Disposition of Property Bill (1916), At least four other private Bills were introduced: Mr. Gokhale's Elementary Education Bill, Mr. Basu's Special Marriage Bill, and Messrs. Madge and Dadabhoy's Bills regarding prostitution. Of these the first two were rejected. The Government declined to support the former for financial and technical reasons, and the latter because of the practical difficulties which it was feared that its passge into law would raise. But a factor in deciding the Government's attitude was the knowledge that both Bills encountered not a little non-official opposition. The other two Bills were not pressed as the Government itself undertook to proceed with legislation on the subject: but in the event the Government's own measure for the protection of girl minors was postponed during the war because it was evident that non-official opinion was not agreed upon the proposals embodied in it. As must perhaps be expected in the face of an official majority the tale of private legislation is not imposing, but it shows a certain tendency to increase.

In a public meeting held at the Town Hall, the citizens of Wun rejected the Montagu-Chelmsford Reform Scheme. The meeting also elected delegates to the special District Conference at Yeotmal and passed a resolution against the order of the C. P. Educational Department increasing the secondary schools fees from Re. 1 to Rs. 2 and prohibiting boys above 20 from admission into High School.

MORE SUCCESS ON OURCQ FRONT.

(Continued from page 9.)

la Tournelle and the line of Beuvardes-le-Charmel. Further south, attack and counter-attack are alternating in rapid succession. Fighting is most violent.

The enemy on the eastern limb of the salient attacked the new British salient enclosing the woods west of Vrigny in strong force. We are counter-attacking vigorously.

GERMAN STRENGTH ON THE MARNE BATTLE.

ENEMY REACHING DOWNWARD CURVE OF MAN-POWER.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 25.

Recd. 8-30 a.m., July 26.

Hitherto sixty-four German divisions have been engaged on the Marne battle representing nearly one-third of the available German army. All groups of the German armies from the Flanders to Alsace Lorraine have been drawn upon but Prince Rupprecht still has plenty of reserve divisions. The enemy, however, seems to have reached what might be called the downward curve of his man-power. His units are much below the strength and this applies also to Prince Rupprecht's army and possibly explains why Prince Rupprecht does not seem inclined to take the offensive. The German battalions are likely to remain at this low level until September unless boys, who have not yet been used, are previously utilised.

ENEMY FURTHER PRESSED.

AMERICANS TAKE SOUTHERN HALF OF FERE FOREST.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 26th, 3-20 a.m.

Recd. 7-30 p.m., July 26.

An American communiqué says:—

We continue to press the enemy between the Ourcq and the Marne. We have taken the southern half of the Fere forest.

NARROWING OF SALIENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 26.

Recd. 10-35 p.m., July 26.

Reuter's correspondent at the American Headquarters, telegraphing on Thursday afternoon, says: Fires and explosions at Oulchy-le-Chateau and Fere-en-Tardenois, where there are immense German supplies, are an excellent augury, foreshadowing the narrowing of the salient from the west. When the French advance south of the Ourcq reaches the high ground above the Tournelle wood, all further enemy retirement through Fere must be abandoned. Such a success in the next twenty-four hours would not be surprising.

GERMANY'S MAN-POWER GROWING WEAKER.

EACH DIVISION ENGAGED TWICE IN SEVEN MONTHS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 25.

Recd. 7-45 p.m., July 26.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters wiring to-day, mentions that last year there were 160 to 170 German divisions in France and Belgium and 370 divisional engagements. Many of these divisions were engaged several times. The average number of engagements per division for the year was a fraction over two. This year, the enemy engaged 430 divisions, including 67 between 15th and 24th July. He had between 205 and 210 divisions in France and Belgium, so, on an average each division had been engaged twice in seven months, thus his divisions are being used up twice as fast as last year. A division once engaged in a battle sector is rarely relieved until casualties are one-fifth or one-fourth of the combatant effectives.

GERMANS DELUDED.

ENEMY MISCALCULATION OF ALLIES' STRENGTH.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, July 26.

Recd. 10-35 p.m., July 26.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters, telegraphing at eleven on the evening of the 25th instant, says: Since the 15th July, 25,000 prisoners, 400 guns and several thousand machine-guns have been captured from the enemy, whose loss in munitions and material are incalculable. Nightly fires indicate where depots and stores, which he is unable to remove, are burning.

It is now clearly proved that the Germans at the beginning of the offensive were again deluded with the idea that the French army was at length exhausted and they left the possibility of a counter-offensive on their right flank out of calculation. They failed to reckon with the Americans, whose presence enabled French commanders to take measures which they might have hesitated to take with their own resources alone.

His Excellency the Chancellor of the University of Bombay is pleased to renominate Mr. Edalji Darabji Talati, B.A., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University with effect from the date of expiry of his present term of office and to appoint Mr. Narayan Mahadev Samarth, B.A., LL.B., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University *vice* Mr. Cecil L. Burns whose office of Ordinary Fellow has become vacant under section III of the Act of Incorporation.

WHAT HO!

Commencing this Evening — **Saturday, 27th July.**

COME TO-NIGHT

WEST-END CINEMA

START TO-DAY SATURDAY.

NEW CHURNEY ROAD — OPPOSITE CAMA BAUG:

COME POSITIVELY

READ THIS !

A Charming Society Drama of Love and Passion, Faith and Frailty—Valour and Vanity!

The Story of a loyal wife drooping daily to find her husband cold towards herself and—!!!

Miss Ruth Roland as "The Other Woman" simply excels her own self in this Serial!

FEATURING

RUTH ROLAND

and Star Company.

The Glorious Pathe Serial!

"THE NEGLECTED WIFE"

(in 15 Episodes 30,000 feet)

SUPPORTED BY

ROLAND BOTTOMLEY

and all-Star Cast.

Mr. Bottomley as the cold husband is absolutely a psychological treat in this story.

ON SATURDAY (TO-DAY)
5 Shows.
3-30 p.m. & 5-30 p.m.
PRIZE SHOWS
then 7; 8-45; 10-15
(S. T

ON SUNDAY (TO-MORROW)
5 Shows.
3-30 & 5-30 Prize Shows,
7 p.m. War Loan Matinee,
then 8-45 & 10-15
(S. T.)

Let every man, woman and child flock to see this Soul-Stirring Drama, and we guarantee they will want to see each part at last thrice in the course of one week! The Plot is so melodious and heart-piercing! The film is so exquisitely rich in scenario and action!

Gaumont Graphic in the Programme

A Vital Photo-Drama of Life's Problems

The Great Heart-Interest Serial.

3 EPISODES—6,000 FEET—THIS WEEK!

A Lovely Comic Film in the Programme

TO-MORROW!
OUR GRAND PRIZE
WAR-LOAN
Matinee Show at 7 p.m. (S.T.)
The Special War Loan Film 1,000 feet will be flashed on our screen.
Rs. 100 PRIZE
(Drawn in Tickets collected from every Class) given in shape of War Bond.

The most Central Picture Abode in Bombay!

Mark You!:—

This in not an ordinary style of "Serials" that make you wish you get to the end soon! No—"The Neglected Wife" keeps you on the hook every minute of its run.

Four Shows Daily
AT
5-30; 7-0; 8-45; 10-15.
(S. T.)

Remember!:—

It is at the repeated and urgent request of numerous families that this delighttul screen story has been booked by the
West-End Cinema.

The most Popular Cinema House in this City!

BANK OF BURMA IN LIQUIDATION.

OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR'S REMUNERATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, July 25.

Justice Young to-day passed final orders in the matter of the Bank of Burma in liquidation which has been heard in chambers from time to time before his honour on the question of the official liquidator Mr. E. R. Holdsworth's remuneration and advisory committee's costs, and also as to what final dividend should be declared on the sum of Rs. 635,708 available for that purpose. From that sum has to be deducted Rs. 6,000 being the remuneration of legal advisers of the advisory committee in Bombay for their legal advice and for attendance before the Court. His Honour thought the costs of the committee's representation in Rangoon was a legitimate charge and allowed Rs. 6,000. His Honour also sanctioned a sum of Rs. 850 incurred by Mr. J. E. Noble. He had taken considerable interest in the liquidation and paid out of his own pocket for expenses during various visits to Rangoon.

In regard to the liquidator's remuneration his Honour thought that it would be fairer to accept Mr. Holdsworth's estimate and remunerate him for the remainder of his work in accordance with the Bombay scale of rates, according to that he should receive for collecting and distributing Rs. 635,708 and a sum of Rs. 6,357 i.e., a dividend of ten and one-fifth pies should then be paid and still have a small balance of Rs. 1,500 for unforeseen contingencies. His Honour ordered accordingly.

NEWS FROM MESOPOTAMIA.

NO MILITARY OPERATION TO REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 25.

A Mesopotamia communiqué says there is no military operation to report. Great heat prevails throughout the country but the heart of the troops remains good.

ABNORMAL RISE IN CALCUTTA MORTALITY.

HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 25.

At to-day's meeting of the General Committee of the Calcutta Corporation the Health Officer made the following statement:—I regret to have to report that the epidemic of Influenza has caused a marked rise in the death rate which has suddenly risen from 31-3 per mille during the week ending July 13th to 52.9 per mille during the week ending July 20th. The actual number of deaths recorded were 541 and 913 respectively. Nothing approaching these figures has been recorded since 1915, when 819 deaths occurred during the week ending March 28th equivalent to a death rate of 45.5 per mille. At that time both Small-pox and Cholera were epidemics. Careful scrutiny of the medical reports show that the epidemic appears to have caused directly and indirectly between 300 and 400 deaths. The epidemic is still continuing in all parts of the city but there are indications that it has reached its height and is now subsiding.

HORSE THIEF'S RED WIG.

A thief dressed like a horsewoman, with what seemed to be a red wig, is wanted by the police for stealing a dark bay mare from Haines' riding school, 70, Seymour-place, Bryanston-square, W. It may be "she" was a man.

On Monday afternoon she telephoned to the riding school, said her name was "Lady Hermione Stuart" (a false name), and asked for a horse to go to Richmond Park. The reply was that owing to fodder restrictions the distance was too great. In the evening she again telephoned and it was arranged that she should have a horse for an hour and a half in the park on Tuesday morning.

At the appointed time a person who spoke like a woman called at the school. She was dressed in a short tweed riding coat, khaki breeches, brown leggings, and gaiters. She mounted a bay mare like an experienced rider, rode astride a man's saddle, and departed. Neither rider nor horse has since been seen.—The "Daily Mail."

SIR JONAS' ALLEGED TREASON.

HAHN FOUND NOT GUILTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 4-50 p.m., July 24.

Hahn, who was arrested in connection with Sir Joseph Jonas' treason case, has been found not guilty. The defence of Sir Joseph Jonas is that he obtained the information merely for business purposes.

ANGLO-GERMAN WAR PRISONERS' AGREEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 25.
Recd. 5-15 p.m., July 26.

Sir George Cave stated that the Anglo-German War Prisoners' agreement provided for the exchange of all combatants who have been prisoners for 18 months and also for the return of additional British combatants in order to compensate for the exchange of the German civilians interned in Britain for much smaller number of the British interned in Germany. The exchange is also included of men interned in Holland and Switzerland.

REGISTRATION OF AMERICAN CITIZENS IN BURMA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, July 25

Mr. L. P. Briggs, American Consul, Rangoon, has just completed the registration of American citizens in Burma from January 29th 1917 to July 1st 1918. Four hundred and fifteen adult American citizens have forwarded aplications through the Consulate in the meantme, 63 of them left Burma and two died; 158 notices of approval have been received out of 415 applications forwarded by Consulate's office.

The Karachi Metal and Hardware Merchants' Association have strongly protested to the Munitions Board against the notification of June 24 as interfering with he legitimate business and causing its stoppage to the ruin of many merchants.

THE MOTOR-BOAT IN WARFARE.

KEEPING THE SEAS IN ALL WEATHERS.

Instances continue to multiply of the gallant and valuable work which is being accomplished by the trawlers and motor launches of the Navy's Auxiliary Patrol. The motor launches, says the "Daily News," as has already been made clear, were well in evidence in the operations against Zeebrugge and Ostend. They are not the little pleasure craft of 1914, but launches specially constructed for their work and built according to Admiralty designs. They have kept the seas in the worst weather, when other craft have had to go run for sheler; and their duties have included the searching of mined areas, estuary defence work, and occasional fights with submarines.

As an example of the trawlers' achievements, the following may be given: After one of his Majesty's ships had been mined the commanding officer of a trawler lashed his vessel alongside the disabled ship and succeded in removing all the wounded to his own vessel. This happened in a dangerous area where the trawler might have been mined at any moment. The same lieutenant R.N.R. who accomplished this had also been instrumental in bringing in 256 survivors from eight ships torpedoed in his area.

Another trawler rescued the exhausted pilot and observer of wrecked seaplane, and despite a rough sea managed to pass a wire round the machine and hoist it on to the ship's rail, in which fashion they brought it into port. The body of the overturned seaplane was 4ft. under water when the trawler arrived and the airmen were clinging to the floats.

A BOY'S BRAVERY.

Great gallantry was exhibited by a trawler boy when his vessel was mined. He had no lifebelt and was struggling in the water with the remainder of the crew. But he never lost his presence of mind, and did his best to help those near him by assisting them to keep their heads above water. Then he saw a man floating face downwards and tried to turn him over so that he could breathe; unfortunately the poor fellow was already dead. Seeing this, the gallant lad turned his attention to a deck hand who could not swim and was in a state of collapse.

"He was most certainly the means of saving this man from drowning," writes his commanding officer in his report of the occurrence.

TRAVANCORE BUDGET FOR 1918-19.

TWENTY-FOUR LAKHS FOR EDUCATION.

(From a Correspondent.)

TRIVANDRUM, July 26.

The "Gazette Extraordinary" of Travancore Government issued to-day contains the budget with the financial statement for the year 1094 corresponding August 1918 to August 1919. The chief features of the budget are noted below:—

Revised estimate for 1093, 1917 to 1918 is Revenue, 16,100,000; Expenditure, Rs. 16,200,000, resulting in a deficit of Rs. 83,000. The revised estimate of Capital Expenditure not charged to Revenue is Rs. 1,163,000. Budget estimate for 1094 provides Revenue Rs. 16,365,000; expenditure Rs. 16,000,000, nearly yielding a surplus of Rs. 400,000. The budget provides for Rs. 2,400,000, expenditure for Education, the highest on record.

Adequate provision is made for keeping up the steady progress of the various departments and lump provisions are also made to meet the special needs of several departments. Neverthless the ordinary transactions of the year 1094 are expected to result in a surplus of Rs. 407,900, which is highly gratifying, indicating as it does the soundness of the financial position of the Darbar.

ARCHBISHOP AND KAISER.

DR. LANG ON HUN CRIMES,

Dr. Lang, Archbishop of York, speaking at Hull in mail week, said:

"It was disappointing on my return from the United States to find the minds of some of my fellow-countrymen being perverted by most bitter and unjust attacks delivered through letters to certain of our journals. No man resents being attacked for the opinions which he holds—it puts him on his mettle to defend them—but I would not be human if I did not resent being attacked for opinions I have never held and cannot hold, for opinions which contradict everything that for four years of somewhat strenuous service, which perhaps may even be said to have turned my head grey, I have endeavoured to impress on my fellow-countrymen in all the great towns of the north of England, in the Grand Fleet, in the Army at the front, and now upon our Allies in the United States of America.

"It is almost an absurdity that I should have to say it, but, once for all, I should be ashamed alike of my religion and of my patriotism if I did not burn with indignation at the crimes against humanity which have been committed by the Emperor and by the rulers, both civil and ecclesiastical of Germany, and which have been, alas! not only condoned but also praised by multitudes of its people. It seems to me ridiculous that a man in my position should be expected to say such words as these, but they have been said, and I hope it may never be necessary for me to repeat them.—The "Daily Mail."

DEATH OF RANGOON RICE MERCHANT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, July 25.

Baboo Pokurmull, Manager of the estate of late Bhugwan Dass, who had been for over 30 years in Burma died yesterday. He was a leading Indian rice merchant in Rangoon and as a mark of respect to his memory the Rangoon Rice Brokers' Association suspended business for this day.

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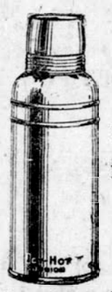
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FATAL AFFRAY AMONGST TURKISH PRISONERS-OF-WAR.

COUNTER-ACCUSATION BY SUSPECTED MAN.

The Coroner, Dr. W. Nunan, held an inquest at the Camballa Hill War Hospital on the body of Haji Mahomed, a Turkish prisoner of war. Fukhri Hoosein the suspected man, who it was alleged had stabbed the deceased on board a vessel in the dock was present at the enquiry.

Sidick Mustafa, a prisoner of war stated on Wednesday evening last the deceased had his bed made down in the hold of the ship, and there was a vessel of water near it. There was an altercation with the deceased when Fukri began drinking from it. Some men interfered and they were separated and each man went to his bed. Fakri then told the deceased that his object was to destroy him (the deceased) altogether. And he got up with a knife in his hand and threw himself upon the deceased. The deceased had a piece of iron in his hand. Fakri was held by Mahomed Ismail, and the deceased was held by Mahomed Ali. Mahomed Ismail was stabbed as he intervened, also Mahomed, by Fakri, and Fakri caught a grip of the deceased and stabbed him in the neck. Assistance was called for by the witness. Fakri was arrested by the Commandant, who arrived on the scene. The deceased and Fakri were like brothers before the quarrel and were on very good terms, and they had requested a transfer so that they might be together.

Similar evidence was given by Mahomed Ismail and Mahomed Ali.

Fakri made a statement, after he had been warned by the Coroner. He said the two witnesses Mahomed Ismail and Mahomed Ali were great friends of the deceased. He had heard that they had many quarrels with the deceased and the quarrel on the ship began about the distribution of sugar. The quarrel was between the deceased and the two witnesses, he (the deponent) having joined their camp only lately was outside it. He went to separate the deceased and the two former witnesses, and he saw the deceased being struck by one of the witnesses with a knife. The deceased first attacked Mahomed Ali and then Ismail. Sidick dealt the deceased a mortal blow and he fell. The deponent was also attacked with the same knife.

The jury returned a verdict of death due to hoemorrhage from a severed carotid artery; they were of opinion that the injury was inflicted in the course of an affray amongst Turkish prisoners of war, but in the face of a counter-accusation against witnesses by the suspected man, the case was a matter for further enquiry.

THE INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I must sincerely thank you for the two editorial notes which have appeared in your to-day's issue, appreciating the services rendered to the country by the Indian Industrial Conference during the last thirteen years and pointing out the necessity of substantial financial help to enable the Hon. Joint Secretaries to give a practical shape to at least some of the suggestions, which have been made to it. The idea of starting a school of minor industries suggested by you, is indeed an excellent one and appears to me to be both feasible and highly useful. Such a school will make up the deficiency in the present system of education and will enable young men to earn an independent and honourable living instead of pursuing clerical and other unproductive professions, which are already overcrowded.

I had distinctly anticipated this suggestion, and at the meeting of the managing committee of a certain association which aims at the development of small industries, I had submitted a list of about fifty small crafts and industries, which could be taught through the media of special schools or classes. These classes should give instructions at various hours during the day and, if possible, a few hours in the night also to suit the needs and convenience of different grades and classes of students. There can be no doubt that Bombay is the most suitable place for starting a school of this type. The scheme, of course, requires proper backing.

Thanking you again for your constructive suggestion and genuine sympathy with the work of the Conference.—Yours, etc.,

M. B. SANT,
Assistant Secretary,
Indian Industrial Conference.
7, Green Street, Fort,
Bombay, July 25.

URDU TRAINING CLASSES.

A Press Note states that at the meeting of the Legislative Council held in March last, a resolution moved by the Hon. Khan Bahadur Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer regarding the Urdu Training Class at Ahmedabad was carried in the following modified form suggested by the Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola on behalf of Government:—

"This Council recommends to his Excellency the Governor in Council (1) that a second year's course be added to the Urdu Training Class at Ahmedabad with a view to develop it in time into an Urdu Training College and (2) to consider the desirability of removing the class to Poona."

After careful consideration, the Governor in Council has come to the conclusions (i) that a second year's course should be added to the Ahmedabad Urdu Training Class and (2) that another Urdu Training Class should be opened at Poona. The Director of public Instruction has accordingly been requested to submit proposals for giving effect to these conclusions.

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AMERICAN EFFORT.

WHAT IT MEANS.

The influential American periodical "The New Republic," in an article on America's contribution, points out how vital it is that the greatest efforts should now be made to hold the Allies. It says: "The time has come for President Wilson to demand of the American people for the successful prosecution of the war a greater measure of individual sacrifice and collective effort than that which he is now obtaining, and to re-enforce this demand with a very much enlarged programme of industrial and military preparation. Unless he does so Prussianism has a good chance of winning a more or less disguised victory, the treaty of peace is likely to be stamped with specifications for future wars, and the American people will not win for themselves or other people the boon of increased security which is so indispensable to the future of democracy.

"During the past six months new facts have been introduced into the political and military situation which condemn the existing programme as inadequate. The American Government, as a result of these new facts, must either moderate its ambitious political purposes or increase and accelerate its contribution to the military and economic power of the Allies.

"Americans who hitherto have been demanding of the Administration a larger volume of military preparations have been thinking exclusively in terms of a military victory over Germany. The demand should be sustained by Americans to whom a military victory seems futile, unless it be used in the interest of definite international and conciliatory political objects. For the American nation, under President Wilson's leadership, is more irrevocably committed to a programme of conciliation without compromise than is any of its European associates; and under the conditions of popular opinion which are likely to supervene after the present fighting slows down, the ability of the American Army to carry through an offensive and the clear intention of the American Government not to consent to a peace based on territorial compromises, may prove to be the salutary facts. They may be indispensable to a continuation of the fighting until the obstacles which prevent the achievement of an essentially democratic and international settlement are overcome.

CONSCRIPTION IN IRELAND.

MR. H. BOTTOMLEY ON GOVERNMENT'S POLICY.

According to Mr. Bottomley, there was some doubt as to whether his meeting at the Albert Hall was to be allowed by the authorities. They had, he said, considered the advisability of proclaiming it, but they had finally decided to take no action—they knew, whatever they did, it would be held just the same.

Sir Edward Marshall Hall presided over the meetng, which filled the hall in all parts. The platform was entirely occupied by convalescent soldiers. The Chairman referred to Ireland in his opening speech, and he refused to believe that Irishmen would, in the end, refuse to take their place in the fight for freedom.

The great meeting, said Mr. Bottomley, reflected the mighty undercurrent of distrust and suspicion of which everybody—outside the Government—knew. The time had come when docility ceased to be patriotism and degenerated into puerility.

Summing up "the terrible position in which we stand," Mr. Bottomley said: "After three and a half years of war we have lost 250,000 lives; 1,500,000 more are maimed and wounded. We have spent £6,000,000,000. We have increased our Army from 250,000 to seven millions. We have France, Italy, Japan, America on our side. And—we are in a worse position than we were in 1914.

"Who is responsible?" asked Mr. Bottomley. "Not the soldier nor the sailor! It is the politician! If Ministers had listened to the voice of the soldiers and the sailors, this ghastly business would have been over a year ago. Now they have plunged into panic-stricken legislation. They are engaged in an insincere attempt to apply conscription to Ireland; they are resorting to methods of getting more men which must have a disastrous effect on our national life.

"Except in the case of the skulkers and the shirkers, the man-power of Britain," said Mr. Bottomley, "has reached its limits. I am glad to say, however, that America is realising at last her responsibilities; every day and night, since the serious events of the last fortnight, she is pouring in men."—The "Daily Chronicle."

THE CUTE LUNATIC.

MADMAN WHO WAS "NOT SUCH A FOOL."

Nursing mad people is not an enviable job, according to Dr. Charles Mercier.

He told the Asylum Workers' Association, at their annual meeting on May 29, that he would rather go to school again and be caned once more than take up such work. He had been a cabin boy on a coasting brigantine at 1s. a month, and had worked as a City warehouseman, starting at 2-45 in the morning, and he would prefer either of these occupations to the other.

At an asylum at which he was once employed he had to deal with a lunatic who had a mania for posting letters. One day the man succeeded in posting some. Questioned as to how he had managed it, the lunatic explained that he left them on a seat, and placed a pouch of tobacco on them, with the note stating that whoever posted them could have the pouch. Asked if he thought it was worth the pouch, the man replied:—

"Do you think I was such a fool as to leave my own pouch?" (Laughter.)

Dr. Mercier added that when he revisited the asylum one of the inmates exclaimed "Hullo! Have they let you out on bail?"—The "Daily Chronicle."

TEN MILLION BABIES
have been born in the British Empire since the commencement of the War.
Ten million little souls, knowing not a jot of the trouble and turmoil, born at one of the most momentous epochs in the history of the world. Ten million little souls who are going to help to turn the balance in favour of freedom and justice, who will grow up fearless, free citizens under the Flag which stands for justice and freedom in all the corners of the earth.
They are born to a mighty heritage, these millions of little Britons. Their fathers are making history to-day by laying down their lives that these babies may grow up to be free citizens of the world. May they be worthy of their fathers!
In these times the citizenship of the British Empire has taken on a new and mighty meaning, and it should be the pride of the mothers of the Empire that their children shall grow up worthy of their heritage.
For it is the love of a mother and the knowledge of baby's needs that shield baby from the perils that surround him in infancy.
The wise mother knows that without physical health and vigour her baby will be seriously handicapped throughout his life, and she knows that the foundation of baby's whole health and happiness is laid during the first few months of his life, and depends not only upon her loving watchfulness and care, but also largely upon his food.
If baby can have the food Nature has provided, he will have the best possible chance of growing strong and healthy. That is why we strongly urge every mother who can to feed her baby herself, and that is why we particularly recommend a mother to take Glaxo herself, should she find her own milk is insufficient in quantity or quality, or unsatisfying to baby. Glaxo will help her to increase and enrich her own milk, so that baby may be able to have all the breast milk possible.
If the mother's milk is still inadequate, baby's other feeds can be made up with Glaxo, which can safely be given to baby in turn with mother's milk without the slightest fear of upsetting baby's weak delicate digestion.
But if baby cannot have his mother's milk at all. Glaxo should be his sole food from birth. As a sole food from birth Glaxo has built thousands of strong, sturdy, happy babies.
This is because Glaxo is milk, cream and milk-sugar—nothing else. By the Glaxo process this milk, cream and milk-sugar is made so that even a young and frail baby can easily and quickly obtain its nutriment—the nutriment of pure milk solids—next to healthy breast milk—Glaxo milk is the best because it is pure clean milk made dry and germ free at the source of supply.
What better proof can you have that Glaxo does build bonnie babies than the fact that it has been persistently used in the Milk Depots under Municipal Health Authorities throughout the United Kingdom for more than seven years—the Corporation of Sheffield alone having purchased over 170,000 lbs.
Glaxo is an economy in these times when every mother wants to make her money go the furthest, because it is a complete food in itself, instantly prepared by adding boiling water only. No added milk or cream is required.
In the words of a mother who had reared her baby solely on Glaxo:—"If only more mothers would give their babies Glaxo and stick to it I am sure there would be many more beautiful babies than there are to take the place later of those who have so nobly fallen, and to become useful and prominent citizens.
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Inflates naturally to the shape of the inside of the cover.
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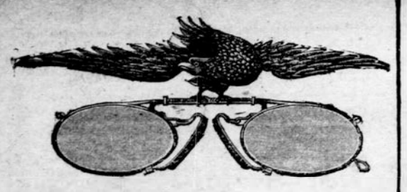

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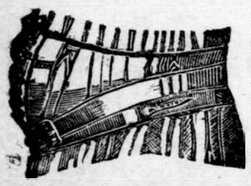

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SANITARY NOTES

The 20th century man does not really believe in miracles. But we would advise the readers to give their hearing to a few sincere remarks about HEALTH and REMEDY. On the basis of a physiological truth, one medicine could be produced to cure and prevent nearly all ailments to which human or animal being are subject. For many years, with continuous efforts and experiments, with unremitting energies, one could really find one remedy that will cure almost all diseases. Science proves that there is in reality one disease, different names are given on account of different shapes and different localities. Of course you may, upon first thought not believe it. It may call forth your doubt and criticism. But the fact is that if you put your faith in a simple scientific and rational way, you will agree that an "Elixir of Life" is possible of existence on earth to cure diseases in general. We have read of DESCARTES wishing for a prolongation of his life and that he had found means to preserve life, etc. We have read Ponce de Leon making long journeys to discover the fountain of youth. And we have read in stories of miraculous medicines. There are theories and falls. But would you believe that NOW TO-DAY, you can have a medicine in your pocket to start you in wondering imagination? This is that Kavi Vinod Vaidya Bhushan Pandit Thakur Datta Sharma Vaidya of "Amritdhara," Lahore, has FOUND OUT A REAL PANACEA to make you believe in its wonderful healing properties.

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(July 28th, 9th Sunday after Trinity.)

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral, St. Thomas the Apostle, Church Gate Street.—Clergy, Rev. H. E. Arnould, Senior Presidency Chaplain; Rev. W. F. M. Hammerton, Garrison Chaplain, 7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion, Choral Turs, in F. Hymns, 164, 34 187, 324; 5-30 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles, Woodward in A. Hymns 12, 193, 254; Collections for Church Expenses. Daily Matins a: 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m., On Wednesdays Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m. War Litany 7 p.m.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain Rev. R. L. Wormald. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass, 8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum—Clergy: English.—Rev. C. W. Thorne, M.A., Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, M.A., Marathi—Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A. Gujarati—Rev. L. Hari. English Services: 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service. 9 a.m., Gujarati Service, 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's, Kamatipura (S.P.G.), Foras Road.—7 a.m., Matins; 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Christ Church, Byculla.—7-0 a.m., Holy Communion (Plain); 7-30 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-0 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon.

St. Nicholas' Church (opposite Prince's Dock) —Chaplain J. W. Bilby. 10 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road.—Clergy Rev. A. L. Bradbury. 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe. 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Marathi); 8 p.m., Matins (Gujarati); 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Peter's, Mazagon.—6-30 a.m., Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany, 8-0 a.m., Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Stephen's Church, Bandra Hill.—Clergy: Rev. J. S. Payne. Matins and Sermon at 11 a.m.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort.—Senior Chaplain Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B. D. 9-30 a.m., Joint Service with United Free Church of Scotland; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road,—9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes: 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher John Maekey.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service, Preacher Mr. T. H. Sheriff. 5 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Preacher, Rev. A. Garland.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla—10 a.m., Morning Service, Preacher, Rev. I. 10 a.m., Morning Service Preacher, Rev. A. Garland. 5 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 Sheriff, Subject "Cloak or Sword?" Anthem: "The Radiant Moon."

Wesleyan Marathi Mission.—8-15 a.m., Morning Service, Byculla; 9-30 a.m., Sunday School, Parel; 4-30 p.m., Evening Service, Parel. Preacher: Rev. S Rahator.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Minister: Rev. M. B. Nicambe, English Service, 9-30 a.m.; Evening Service in Marathi, 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla.—Pastor: Rev. W. E. Bancroft. 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; 8-30 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor Rev. H. Ingham. 9-45 a.m., Sunday School; 11 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church, Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor: Rev. John Malelu. 9 a.m., Sunday School: 10 a.m., Sunday School Teachers' Class; 3-45 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 5 p.m. Afternoon Service. Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m. Agripada: 9 a.m., Sunday School; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Bantist Church (opp. Post Office), Middle Colaba.—Minister Rev. E. P. Blackaby, 9 a.m., and 6-30 p.m., Sermon; Sunday School from 5 to 6 p.m.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh Day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (opposite Watson's Annexe).—Service: Sunday 6-30 p.m., Saturday 6-30 p.m., 5-15 Sabbath School. Wednesday 6-30 p.m. Bible Study and Prayer Meeting. Pastors: G. W. Petit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral (Our Lady of Hope), Kalbadevi.—Vicar Rev. Dr. B. de Monte 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. Masses 6 a.m., 8 a.m. and 9 a.m., Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers, Masses 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., and 8-30 a.m., Evening Service, 6-30 p.m.

Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Mazagon. —Masses 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., and 8-30 a.m. Evening Service 6 p.m.

Carvel Church (Our Lady of Health).—Vicar, Rev. M. DeSa. Masses 7 and 8-30.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul, (Burrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho, 5-30, 6-30 7-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses: 6 p.m., Evening Service.

St. Theresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus—Chaplain: Rev. D. Remedios, 6-30 a.m. Mass; 5-0 p.m., Evening Service.

Chapel of Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—Chaplain: Rev. Daniel X. Fernandes. Masses at 6 and 8 a.m.; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Acting Vicar Rev. J. J. Dias. Sunday Service: Masses at 5-30 and 6-30 a.m. Evening Service 4-30 p.m. Daily Masses 6-30 and 8 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra. —9-30 a.m., Mass.

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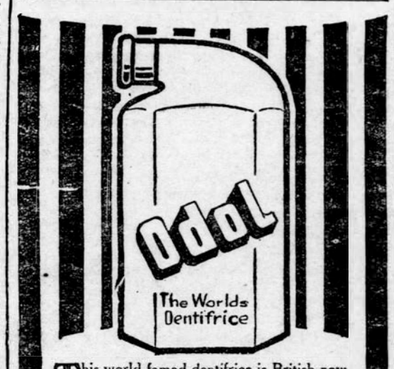

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INDIA'S NATIONAL CURE FOR FEVERS.

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SAVE THE MAN-POWER OF THE COUNTRY!

INDUSTRY CALLS FOR IT!—THE WAR DEMANDS IT!

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ALLIES' ATTITUDE TO RUSSIA.

MESSAGE FROM KERENSKY'S FOREIGN SECRETARY.

BOLSHEVIKS' BLACK TREACHERY.

The "Daily Chronicle" published in mail week an important message from Mr. Tereshchenko, Kerensky's Foreign Minister, on the situation in Russia and the attitude the Allies should adopt to that country.

Mr. Tereshchenko was Minister of Finance in the first Russian Provisional Government, and after Miliukoff's retirement was appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs, and held this post until the Bolshevik Revolution. His age is 33. He is a wealthy sugar manufacturer from Kieff, and during the war he did Red Cross work in Galicia, and was later president of the War Industries' Committee in Kieff, where he established good relations with the workmen.

As Minister of Foreign Affairs he tried to steer a middle line between the claims of the Soirets and the interests of Russia as he conceived them. Arrested on November 8 with the other members of the Provisional Government, he was kept in the Peter and Paul Fortress until after the conclusion of the peace of Brest. He is a good sportsman, and after his release he made his way by adventurous paths to Scandinavia. Burtseff was a fellow-prisoner in the fortress.

Tereshchenko has just broken silence in letters to Vladimir Burtseff, writes the special correspondent from Christiania. Burtseff describes Tereshchenko as a competent witness of Russian public life during the first year of the revolution, since most important events passed before his eyes.

I secure from Burtseff Tereshchenko's letter for first publication in Allied countries, and am giving meanwhile the following characteristic extracts:—

BOLSHEVIKS GERMANY'S TOOLS.

"Work with the Bolshevik leaders is futile. They will create no army. The regeneration of Russia is impossible while Internationalists are in power. Russia and the world have two enemies—the Bolsheviks and the Germans. Both these are allied; neither may be trusted nor helped.

"Only Germany gains by what is happening in Russia to-day. By the hands of the Bolsheviks the Germans destroyer in a twelvemonth the once valiant Russian army, disgraced the country, took the power from the Provisional Government and its head. The Bolsheviks and their hangers-on treacherously led the Russian State under the German knife at Brest-Litovsk and crushed all that moved by hatred for Russia.

"Proconsul Mirbach (German Ambassador to Russia) is ruling in Moscow, waves of Bolshevik eloquence still ripple, but grow calm as soon as the new ruler frowns. Lenin and Trotsky are in power in Moscow only because this is in Germany's interests. One division would suffice to overthrow them, but the Germans know what they are doing. The Bolsheviks are more useful to them than the rule of their own general.

"Is it not paradoxical? In friendly Ukraine, under the German military dictatorship, the Germans and Austrians are compelled to keep 300,000 armed men, while in Russia thanks to the Bolsheviks, Germany needs no army; others are doing her work better than she herself could do it. Germany does not want to permit Russia to organise herself before the general peace, even with Germany's aid, for Russia's future is too enigmatic.

"DON'T HELP THEM."

"During the first days of their rule, the Bolsheviks destroyed the traces of their betrayal, the documents concerning their work in neutral countries, and the relations of their foreign representatives with enemy diplomats. They sold Russia, some for money, others for their mad ambitions. All were moved by hatred for Russia.

"I wish my voice would sound as a warning to those who believe in saving Russia through the Bolsheviks. Don't help them. Don't strengthen their power. Every telegram addressed by a Government to these pretenders and traitors, every attempt at co-operation with them, is doomed to failure, because the Bolsheviks are false, their work is theatrical scene-shifting. They know only capitulation, betrayal, unquenchable thirst for power, greed and pleasure.

"Every aid given to Lenin and his associates of madmen and traitors will be discounted in future and will weaken the sympathy and faith of the Russian people in the Allies. The Bolsheviks are not Russians, and the Federal Republic of Soviets is not Russia.

"Russia will revive. Let the Germans not dream of peace and friendship in the East, but it is vain to call only Allies to help us while we remain inactive. Our disgrace is not only that a band of traitors with the enemy's aid seized power, but that we tolerate it.

"As Russians, we knew two enemies, Bolshevik traitors and Germans. The power of the Bolsheviks is a Trojan horse, painted brightly, draped with flags and loud phrases. But the German soldier is sitting within ruling and calmly smiling."

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STRAPPED TO BURNING AEROPLANE.

HEROIC RESCUE EFFORTS BY TWO SERGEANTS.

FOUR ALBERT MEDALS

Stories of heroism displayed in saving or endeavouring to save life are revealed in the announcement of the "Gazette" of April 26, of the award of the Albert Medal to the undermentioned officer and men:—

Lt. Fred Kelly, 6th Duke of Wellington's (West Riding) Regt.

On January 30 last, at a camp in England where rifle grenade practice was being carried out, one of the men struck the loophole with his bayonet and caused the fuse of the grenade to ignite. Lieut. Kelly, who was in charge, shouted to the man to drop his rifle and get clear, but he lost his nerve and remained in the trench gripping the rifle. Lieut. Kelly then seized the rifle, and with much difficulty got it out of the man's hands and threw it away. He then tried to push the man out of the emplacement but before he could get him clear the bomb exploded, and they were both slightly wounded. But for Lieut. Kelly's courage and resource the soldier would probably have been killed.

Flight-Sergt. Albert E. Warne, 24th Wing Aeroplane Repair Section, and Flight-Sergt. Horace Cannon, No. 50 Training Squadron.

While flying in England, a pilot lost control of his machine, which crashed to the ground from a height of about 150 feet, and burst into flames. Warne and Cannon went to the rescue of the pilot at great personal risk as one tank of petrol blew up and another was on fire; moreover, the machine was equipped with a belt of live cartridges, which they dragged out of the flames. They managed to extricate the pilot, who was strapped to the burning plane, but he died shortly afterwards.

Trooper Walter G. Gunner, 1st Dragoon Guards.

A tramcar full of passangers was descending a hill at Dover, and got out of control. The driver, finding that the brakes would not act, jumped off the front platform, and Private Gunner promptly took the driver's place on the platform and made every effort to stop the car by the application of the brakes. Unfortunately, in spite of Gunner's courage and presence of mind, he was unsuccessful in stopping the car, which ran to the bottom of the hill at great speed and overturned. Gunner lost both his feet as a result of the accident.

TORTURE AND MURDER OF BRITISH PRISONERS.

FROZEN LIKE BLOCKS OF ICE.

The torture and murder of 40 British prisoners by Germans is described by a member of the Royal Naval Division who was captured at Antwerp in October 1914 and has recently escaped and arrived in England, says the "Daily Mail."

In February last year, he says, 200 prisoners, of whom he was one, were marched 22 miles from Libau to work near the German firing line. They were surrounded by an Uhlan guard, who prodded them forward with lances through snow-drifts sometimes waist-deep. They had to go on without food or halt. One man—A. Sawyer, R.N.D.—was charged by an Uhlan, whose lance struck his head. Ninety of the prisoners collapsed, and many others were bleeding from lance wounds.

They were told that they had been brought under fire because the English had German prisoners working in their trenches. As retaliation for the alleged murder of 36 German prisoners it had been decided that 36 out of 500 prisoners there should be killed.

"Groups of three prisoners were formed, so that for the misdeeds of one of them all three were taken from the working parties at the end of the day and made to mount on a brick. They were tied to a pole, and the brick was kicked away, leaving their feet a little way from the ground. In this position they were kept for 2½ hours each night for 14 nights in intense cold. Forty men died under this treatment, for when they were released they were like blocks of ice.

"A man named Skit, Grenadier Guards, collapsed in the snow, and the Hun guard, saying, 'You are no good any longer,' shot him dead through the head.

"It was not until these 40 men had died that the others got better treatment. During that time some men were found frozen in their beds."

A PECKSNIFF FILM.

The same man describes how at Libau the Germans dressed 10 British prisoners like sailors, put, them in a boat, and told them to row from a wrecked ship to a German destroyer. They were hauled on board the destroyer by the German sailors, given coffee and cigarettes, and new clothing. A kinema picture was taken and a photograph appeared in the German papers head I "Our Navy's kindness to the enemy sailors when they sink their ships. In return they starve our women and children."

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ENGRAVERS &
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Have State Management of Railways or Pauperize the Nation.

"YOUNG INDIA" says:

"The public have much to gain from State management of railways, and it is no use playing into the hand of 'European' exploiters by supporting interested schemes for reserving the railway control to the management of companies."

MRS. BESANT says:

"Public opinion makes no impression on railway companies. . . If, therefore, the problems of staff and public comfort, besides other knotty problems of efficient administration are to be solved efficiently, nothing short of State management could meet the ends of popular demands."

"THE TIMES OF INDIA" says:

(I) "Complaint has been made, and we think it is justified, that the railways are administered too exclusively in the interest of the railways, and with insufficient regard for the interests of the country as a whole. This is a policy which cannot be justified when the State is the owner of an enormous preponderance of the capital sunk in the Indian railways." (1912.)

(II) "For our own part we believe that the true line of development of Indian railway policy is the gradual assumption by the State of the duty of working all its lines. There is no room to-day for the expensive division of authority which is involved in company management." (1915.)

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SILK
CHEAPER THAN
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The recent extraordinary increase in the demand for their Silk of all descriptions was a MATTER OF GREAT SURPRISE to Messrs. Karanjia & Co., themselves. They could not understand why Silk should be so much in demand in spite of somewhat increased prices owing to the difficulties caused by the War, but their Customers frankly told them that they had substituted Silk for wool and cotton even for their ordinary requirements as they FOUND SILK CHEAPER THAN COTTON, not to speak of the great difference in comfort and elegance.

To avoid disappointment it may be noted, however, that this miracle is due not so much to the disturbance of the cloth market during the War as to the UNRIVALLED EXPERIENCE AND RESOURCES of

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in silk business. The truth of this remarkable war discovery can therefore be tested ONLY AT THEIR SHOP.
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8-DAY Silver CALENDAR Watch with Centre-Seconds Hand

This Gent's Very Handsome 8-Day "Calendar" Watch not only tells the time, but it also shows the correct date and day of the week. Every twenty-four hours at midnight the two date hands automatically move to the next day. The mechanism is no more complicated than in an ordinary watch, and it is a reliable timekeeper. Every minute the Centre-Seconds Hand goes once round the dial. Visible escapement with artistically tinted enamel dial as illustrated. Superior quality 7 JEWEL Swiss Keyless Non-Magnetic Lever Movement which goes 8-DAYS with only ONE WINDING; it is accurately timed and adjusted in positions and suitable for all climates. Strong well made SOLID SILVER Case, British Government Stamped and beautifully hand engraved as shown. Every Watch is carefully examined and tested in our own workshops, and Fully Guaranteed for FIVE years against all defects in material and workmanship. If not perfectly satisfactory, Watch can be returned at our expense, and your money will be promptly refunded, including ALL postage charges.

In Open Face Engraved Case, Price.....19/6 (Rs. 14-10).
In Full Hunting Engraved Case. Price.....22/6 (Rs. 16-14).
LUMINOUS DIAL. Time can be easily seen on darkest night, guaranteed satisfactory 5/- (Rs.3-12) extra
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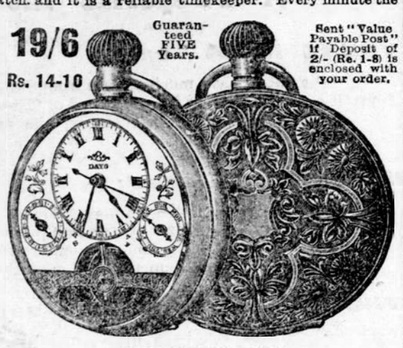

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They guarantee cure of

I. Leprosy Leucoderma, Gangrenes all incurable types of Sores, Ulcers, and Irruptions, also Sinus and Fistula;
II. Hydrocele, and Orchitis ;
III. Obstruction of Urine; due to glut, gravels or any other urinary causes.
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[Cure effected by medicines alone, no catheter necessary.]
V. (a) Diabetes ; (b) Pulmonary Phthisis up to the stage when the Patient has not been bed-ridden and reduced to skeleton but has vitality enough to digest our medicines

Cure is effected by a regular and scientific treatment with these unique medicines under the founder, assisted by an able Medical Board who help the founder so far as the Diagnosis of any critical case is concerned. Our present Medical Board consists of Dr. B. Bose, L.M.S. (late Health Officer, Lucknow), Dr. R. Tagore, L. M. S., of Mayo Hospital, Calcutta, Kaviraj S. N. Goswami, B.A., L.M.S., and Kaviraj Dinanath Kaviratna Shashtri.

For an experiment we request the sufferer to try one of the following cheap but wonderful medicines—for serious Malaria, obstinate Dysentery of all stages, Scorpion Bites, Asthma, Price As. 12 for each ; Urinary troubles of all kinds, Gastric Colic and obstinate Eczema, Price Re. 1-8. for each ; and for extreme Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and all Eye complaints, except cataract, as well as long pending Rheumatism of all its stages, Price Rs. 2 for each.

Medicines are free from Mercury, or any injurious substance.

Apply with history of your ailment to :

J. Mukerji, Manager, Himalayan Chemical Works,
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INSECTS AND WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

THE SECRET OF COMMUNICATION.

One of the many mysteries of insect life is the manner in which the sexes of certain species contrive to communicate with one another at long distances, writes Mr. H. Knight Horsfield in the "Daily Mail."

The story of the Oak Eggar moth has all the qualities of a fairy-tale. When the maiden emerges from the cocoon she may find herself imprisoned in the chip box of the naturalist, it may be, in the heart of a smoky town, many miles from the haunts of her kin. Nevertheless, she at once announces her advent to her possible swains, then hovering over the far-away moorland.

How is the communication made? By what manner of wireless telegraphy is the imperious message sent which is responded to instantly by the Eggar gallants, who desert their fragrant habitat, brave every obstacle, ignore adverse winds, shape their course through a strange and dusky wilderness of bricks and mortar, find the identical house, and, at length, laughing at lock-smiths, cluster in masses around the tiny prison wherein the young princess is interned?

The facts are unquestioned, experiments designed to bring about these "assemblings" and to test the distances the males will travel are well known to all entomologists. But the main question, the manner of communication, remains to be answered. Darwin, Wallace, Ray Lankester, all the great ones, indeed, are silent, or at best inconclusive.

Fabre, the insects' Homer, with his infinite capacity for taking pains, devoted long periods to devising tests that should at least wring their secret from the breasts of the knightly Oak Eggars. He abandoned, of course, any hypotheses based on the faculties of sight and hearing; the sense of smell appeared to be the only line of correspondence open. But is the sense of smell tenable as a theory? We know that odoriferous particles are carried on the wind; they do not fly against it for any great distance. We know that very powerful odours will conflict with and overpower any weaker ones; a fox may destroy his own fatal taint by mingling with a flock of sheep. On these lines Fabre worked.

He tells us he made his study a very charnel house of horrible stenches; still the Oak Eggars came to gather passionately about their idol's gaol. Nevertheless Fabre himself seems finally to lean to the scent theory, but he plainly does so for want of a better. At the risk of stepping in where the angels of science fear to tread, or, at any rate, tread gingerly, I should like a word here. By what right do we restrict insects to our own five senses, and especially to the obviously limited range in which these act? Five is an arbitrary number; in other realms of nature there may be fifty or fifty thousand.

Recently I received from an officer serving on the South American coast the following letter:—

"One bright, clear day last week (March of this year) we were lying close inshore and sending out intermittently on the low-power wireless when the air seemed to become full of butterflies and other winged insects. The majority of the butterflies were white with black spots or tortoise-shell. When the wireless stopped they all dispersed. Was this sudden attraction to the ship due to the wireless? There was no wind at the time and the season now corresponds to early autumn at home."

It would appear from this that some insects, at any rate, including certain butterflies, possess organs capable of response to the vibrations of the wireless, vibrations to which our own coarser organisations are altogether insensible, and by marity of reasoning it is fair to infer that the acle Oake Eggar may own a receiver by which it actually takes in the love message despatched by the imprisoned maiden in the chip box miles away.

AN AIRMAN'S WORLD RECORD.

SIX ENEMY MACHINES BROUGHT DOWN IN ONE DAY.

News has been received at his home at Banstead, Surrey, that Vice-Commander and Captain John L. Trollope, M.C., Royal Air Force, the young airman who created a world's record by bringing down six enemy machines in one day, is a prisoner and wounded. His family had previously been informed that he was missing.

Captain Trollope's air record in the "Daily Chronicle" is a wonderful one. His outstanding exploit was the destruction of six enemy machines in the course of Sunday, March 24. For this achievement the young hero of the air was awarded a bar to his Military Cross, previously awarded for general good work between January last and the day he was posted as missing. At the time of his capture Captain Trollope was not aware of either award.

Captain Trollope, who is now only 20 years of age, has been at the front since June 1915. He joined the Flying Corps in June 1916, and at the time of his capture had brought down 18 enemy machines. His time table, when he broke the world's record was:—

Morning:—
Shot to pieces a two-seater.
Brought down in flames a two-seater.
Brought down in a spin and crashed a single-seater.

Afternoon:—
Exploded in mid-air a two-seater.
Crashed a two-seater very low down.
Crashed another two-seater, also at a low altitude.

Evening:—
Assisted a fellow-airman in difficulty with 12 enemy machines, and enabled him to get away.

The war record of Captain Trollope's family is a remarkable one. His brother, Captain J. C. Trollope is at present on service in Palestine with the Queen's Westminsters. A brother-in-law, Lieut.-Colonel J. D. Crosthwaite, M.C., has seen three years' continuous service in France, and was posted missing the day before Captain Trollope, but later the welcome news was received that he also is a prisoner in Germany. Captain S. T. Hill, another brother-in-law, who is at present fighting in France, has also been awarded the M.C.

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DR, ADDISON'S REBUKE.

Referring to the Old Gang snipers of the Government, to the Maurice incident, and attacks by officers the Government had had to remove, Dr. Addison, at Shoreditch in mail week, said:—

"I cannot see an alternative Government in this country being made out of the wreckage of insubordination like this. Lately, as a part of this general campaign, we have had articles in the newspapers condemnatory of the Government which appear to have been inserted and paid for at advertisement rates. That is not a free expression of public opinion, and I am glad to say the Press whole-heartedly has condemned that kind of thing.

"We look to our papers for criticism, friendly or adverse, and it is always useful if it is honest, and no one wants to escape it less than the Prime Minister. But opinions paid for at advertisement rates are not criticisms; they are not the expression of unbiased opinion. It is a degradation of our public life that this kind of thing should have found its way into our public affairs in time of war, and I take this opportunity of protesting vigorously against it.

"I hope we shall see no further manifestation of these divisions among Liberals. It is treacherous to the best interests of our future.—The "Daily Mail."

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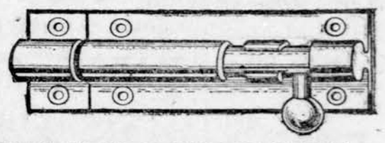
BOLT  BRAND

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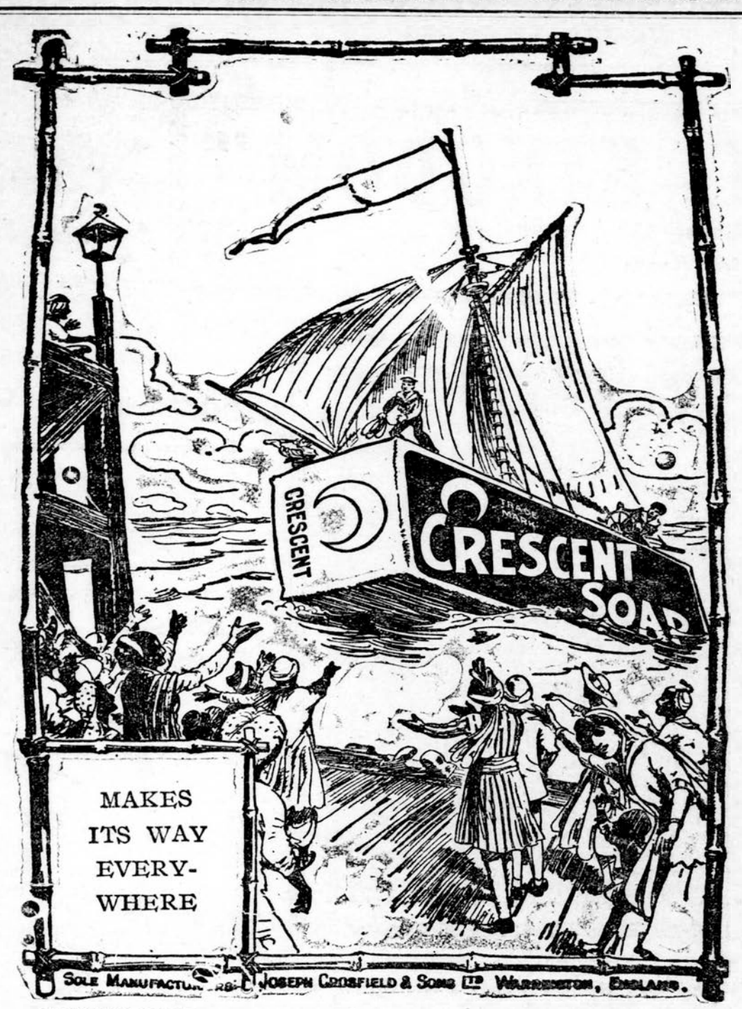

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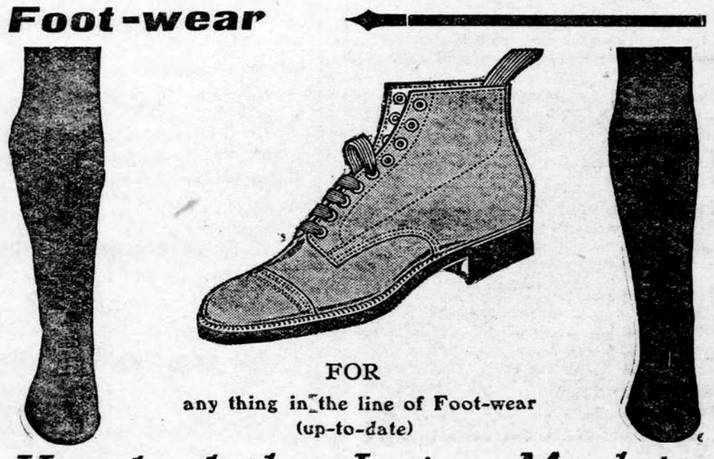

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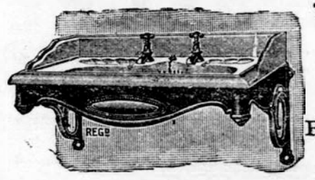

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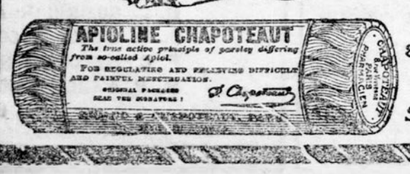

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